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Foreword

Praise be to Allah, the King worthy of worship, the Merciful and Caring Lord. He keeps His Gates open for seekers, and He encourages, in His manifest Book, people to supplicate Him [for help]. I do exalt and thank Him for His generous blessings. I testify that there is no God but Allah, alone without partners or assistants, and I testify that Muhammad ﷺ is His slave and faithful, trustworthy Messenger. May Allah's prayers and peace be upon him, his family and his *sahaabah* (companions).

I have read *Comprehensive Du'aa'* by Khaled Abdul-Rahman Al-Jeraisy, who is known for his righteousness and scholarly research. May Allah ﷻ grant him support and success in his endeavors.

Comprehensive Du'aa' contains beneficial supplications, selected from the Qur'an and sound Hadiths. It includes a section on the etiquette of supplicating and the most

opportune times and conditions of answering supplications.

May Allah ﷻ grant Khaled success, make firm his steps and help him in his affairs in this world and the Hereafter.

May Allah's prayers and peace be upon His Prophet Muhammad, his kin and his *sahaabah* (companions).

Abdullah Ibn-Abdurrahman Al-Jibreen
1/9/1421 H.

Introduction

Praise be to Allah for being generous to those who are faithful and grateful to Him. They pray to Him, and in response, He grants them more of His bounty; He saves them from the Hellfire, and grants them an eternal abode in Paradise.

I thank Him. He suffices us at all times. I testify that there is no God but Allah. This is a testimony to declare no partners with Him, and to admit He is the One and only God. I also testify that Muhammad ﷺ is His slave and Messenger, the most honorable of all. May Allah's prayers and peace be upon him, his kin, his faithful Companions and his followers.

Since *Du'aa'* (supplication) is the best provision for the Appointed Day, the greatest activity of believers, and the essence of worship, I have - by Allah's Grace - selected from the Qur'an and the Sunnah a collection of supplications that are beneficial at all

times, and that can be easily learnt and used by all. This selection, named *Comprehensive Du'aa'*, represents *Book 2* in the *The Believer's Provision Series* - may Allah ﷻ make it beneficial to Muslims.

Comprehensive Du'aa' consists of five chapters:

Chapter 1: *Du'aa'*: Essence and Value

Chapter 2: *Du'aa'*: Conditions and
Etiquette

Chapter 3: Opportune Situations for
Answering *Du'aa'*

Chapter 4: *Du'aa'* from the Glorious
Qur'an

Chapter 5: *Du'aa'* from the Sunnah.

The selected Qur'anic supplications are arranged according to the order of Suras. The supplications from the Sunnah are taken from *Sahih AL-Bukhari* and *Sahih Muslim*.

The effort put into this work is intended to please Allah ﷻ through promoting the Sunnah of His Prophet ﷺ. May His blessings be upon those involved in its promotion by means of writing, reading, memorizing and dissemination. Allah ﷻ is

the One capable of answering this prayer. There is no power or might except with Him, the Most High, the Magnificent.

**Khaled Al-Jeraisy
Riyadh, 1/8/1421 H.**

Translator's Note

Bismil-laahir-rahmaanir-raheem.

Praise be to Allah.

May Allah's prayers and blessings be upon His Prophet Muhammad, his kin, his Companions and his followers.

The translator would like to acknowledge that the meanings of the Qur'anic verses in this booklet are taken from Picthall's translation, and that the *Alim for Windows* has been a great help. May Allah reward Picthall and all of those involved in *Alim*.

In this text, each supplication appears in this format: an English transliteration (in italics) of the Arabic original, followed by a translation of the meaning in English (in parentheses), then by the Arabic original.

Next is a pronunciation guide for reading the transliteration in English. It is mainly concerned with expected difficulties.

Pronunciation Guide

This Pronunciation Guide aims to facilitate reading the transliteration of the Arabic original. It avoids technical terms and provides a simplified approximation of Arabic pronunciation. At the bottom of each two pages, there are words representing, to a great extent, the pronunciation symbols.

Symbol	Arabic Letters	Examples
/th/	ث	<i>Thick, health</i>
/ḏ/	ذ	<i>That, with</i> - the tongue tip is between the teeth.
/ħ/	ح	<i>hamada</i> (praised), <i>fataha</i> (opened); it sounds like the 'h' in 'hat', but the air scrapes through the throat.
/h/	هـ	<i>Home</i>
/s/	س	<i>see, miss</i> [the tip of the tongue is closer to the upper and lower teeth as in S].

/S/	ص	Sounds like the letter 's', as in 'sun' and 'son', but fuller; the front of the tongue touches the front of the roof of the mouth.
/z/	ز	Z ero, please
/Ž/	ظ	Sounds like the letters 'th', as in 'thus', but fuller. The tongue tip touches the upper teeth from inside.
/sh/	ش	Sh out, push
/d/	د	dad [the tip of the tongue is closer to the teeth ridge as in D].
/D/	ض	Sounds like the letter 'd', as in 'dug' and 'mud', but the front of the tongue, rather than the tip itself, touches the front of the roof of the mouth. It sounds fuller than /d/.
/gh/	غ	Paris (as pronounced by the French), gh aadara (Arabic 'left'). The back of the tongue touches the roof of the mouth.
/w/	و	W eek, cow
/kh/	خ	Loughness , Khalid (name) - the back of the tongue touches the roof of the mouth, with air passing through them causing a friction.

/ʕ/	ع	' <i>ar</i> afat (name), ' <i>u</i> d (come back), ' <i>if</i> reet (ghost)
/ŋ/		Ring, tank, monk - it sounds like the letter 'n', but less obvious, and air is diverted towards the nose.
/T/	ط	Sounds like the letter 't', but fuller, as in ' <i>butter</i> ' and ' <i>Qatar</i> '. The front of the tongue, rather than the tip, touches the front of the roof of the mouth.
/u/		Should, could, put
/uu/		Moon, group, fruit
/i/		in, sin.
/ee/		Deal, feel.
/a/		Admire, happy
/aa/		dam, mad - Arabic words: maata (died); aaba (returned).
/aa/		star, car - Arabic words: qaala (said); Saama (fasted)
/ay/		ice, find
-		Do NOT pause. Read on.
()		Pronounce the symbols inside the brackets if you read on. Do not read them if you pause or stop.

سَلَامٌ		It means: May Allah's prayers and peace be upon him. Read it as: <i>/Sallal-laahu ṣalayhi wa-sallam/</i> .
جَلِيلٌ		It means: Honor and majesty be to Allah. Read it as: <i>/Ḥazza wa jalla/</i> .

Chapter 1***Du'aa'*
Essence and Value**

Du'aa' (supplication) embodies the essence of worship, for it is an expression of how one cannot do without Allah ﷻ. Careful investigation of relevant Shar'i statements will show how they collectively call for insight into the essence and value of supplication; for every truth, there must be a source, and for valuable deeds, there must be rewards. In what follows, we will try to demonstrate the essence and value of *Du'aa'* as manifested by statements from the Qur'an and the Sunnah.

1.1 Supplication is the Essence of Worship

In Surat Luqman, Ayah (30), Allah ﷻ says, “(30) That (is so) because Allah, He is the True, and that which they invoke beside Him is the False, and because Allah, He is the Sublime, the Great.” Also, in Ayah (32), He says, “(32) And if a wave enshrouds them like awnings, they cry unto Allah, making their faith pure for Him only. But when He brings them safe to land, some of them compromise. None denies Our signs save every traitor ingrate.”

In Surat As-Sajdah, He says, “(16) Who forsake their beds to cry unto their Lord in fear and hope, and spend of what we have bestowed on them.”

In Surat Ghafir, He says, “(60) And your Lord has said: Pray unto me and I will hear your prayer. Lo! Those who scorn My service, they will enter hell, disgraced.”

In Surat Al-Baqarah, Ayah 186, Allah says, “(186) And when My servants question you concerning Me, then surely I am nigh. I

answer the prayer of the supplicant when he cries unto Me. So let them bear My call and let them trust in Me, in order that they may be led aright.”

In Surat Noah, Ayahs (10-12), Allah ﷻ says, “(10) And I have said: Seek pardon of your Lord. Lo! He is ever Forgiving. (11) He will let loose the sky for you in plenteous rain, (12) And will help you with wealth and sons, and will assign unto you Gardens and will assign unto you rivers.”

Prophet Muhammad ﷺ says, “Supplication is worship.”⁽¹⁾

1.2 The Prophet ﷺ has Kept his *Du'aa'* for Intercession in the Hereafter

The Prophet ﷺ says, “Every prophet had a special supplication, but I have stored mine for intercession in favor of my *ummah* (nation/followers) on the Resurrection Day.”⁽²⁾

1.3 *Du'aa'* is Prayer

In Surat Al-Isra', Allah ﷻ says, “(110) ... And

you (Muhammad), be not loud voiced in your *salaah* nor yet silent therein, but follow a way between.” ‘*Salaah*’ in this Ayah refers to *du'aa'*, According to Aisha, “The Ayah was revealed in connection with *du'aa'*.”⁽³⁾

In Surat Al-Ahzab, He says, “(56) Lo! Allah and His angels shower blessings on the Prophet. O you who believe! Ask blessings on him and salute him with a worthy salutation.”

In Surat At-Tawbah, He says, “(99)...and also the prayers of the messenger as acceptable offerings in the sight of Allah. Lo! Verily it is an acceptable offering for them.” He also says, “(103) ... and pray for them. Lo! Your prayer is an assuagement for them.....”

According to the Hadith, “Whenever the Prophet ﷺ received people coming with their *sadaqah* (*zakaah*; voluntary charity), he prayed for them: *|allaahumma, Sallee ζalayhim|* (literally meaning ‘O Allah, pray for them’,⁽⁴⁾ but actually asking Allah to have mercy on them.)⁽⁵⁾

1.4 *Du'aa'* is *Tawbah* (Repentance)

In Surat Al-Baqarah, Allah ﷻ says, “(37) Then Adam received from his Lord words (of revelation), and He relented toward him. Lo! He is the Relenting, the Merciful.” The ‘words’ are said to be this supplication: “(23)... Our Lord! We have wronged ourselves. If Thou forgive us not and have not mercy on us, surely we are of the lost!”

[Surat Al-A'raaf, Ayah 23].

1.5 If Accepted, *Du'aa'* is Beneficial Now and in the Hereafter

In Surat Al-Baqarah, Allah ﷻ says, “(201) And of them (also) is he who says: "Our Lord! Give unto us in the world that which is good and in the Hereafter that which is good, and guard us from the doom of Fire."

According to the Hadith, “When asked by Um-Sulaim to pray for Anas, the Prophet ﷺ said: O Allah, increase his wealth and children, and bless what you bestow on him.”⁽⁶⁾ In his prayers, the Prophet ﷺ used to ‘seek refuge in Allah from torture in the

grave, the affliction of Al-Maseeh Ad-Dajjal, the affliction of life and death, sins and debt.”⁽⁷⁾

1.6 *Du'aa'* is Typical of Good People

In Surat Al-A'raaf, Allah ﷻ says, “(56) Work not confusion in the earth after the fair ordering (thereof), and call on Him in fear and hope. Lo! The mercy of Allah is nigh unto the good.”

1.7 *Du'aa'* is Dearest to Allah

The Prophet ﷺ says, “Nothing is dearer to Allah than *du'aa'*.”⁽⁸⁾

He also says, “Your Lord, the Blessed, the Exalted, is so shy and generous that He does not turn away a supplicant empty-handed if he puts up his hands asking Him (for something).”⁽⁹⁾

1.8 *Du'aa'* Can Avert Divine Decree

The Prophet ﷺ says, “Nothing can avert Divine Decree except supplication, and nothing can prolong life except good

deeds.”⁽¹⁰⁾ He also says, “*Du’aa’* is good for what has happened and for what has not happened yet. O slaves of Allah, you, therefore, must keep supplicating.”⁽¹¹⁾

1.9 The Believer’s *Du’aa’* is Answerable and Beneficial Sooner or Later

The Prophet ﷺ said: “If a Muslim supplicates for something, Allah answers him: He may answer him immediately or store it up for him, or He may protect him from an equal amount of harm, provided that he does not pray for something sinful or for divisiveness among relatives.” One of the audience said, “Well, then we will increase supplication.” The Prophet ﷺ replied, “Allah is ready to grant more.”⁽¹²⁾

Let us conclude this chapter with this prayer: O Allah, as we supplicate more, answer our prayers by more of Your favors: immediate answers, stored-up ones and harm averters.



Chapter 2***Du'aa'*
Conditions and Etiquette****2.1 *Du'aa'* Conditions****1. Purity of Intention**

In Surat Az-Zumar, Allah ﷻ says, “(14) Say: Allah I worship, making my religion pure for Him (only). (15) Then worship what ye will beside Him....”

In Surat Ar-Ra'd, He also says, “(14) Unto Him is the real prayer. Those unto whom they pray beside Allah respond to them not at all, save as (if the response to) one who stretches forth his hands toward water (asking) that it may come unto his mouth, and it will never reach it. The prayer of disbelievers goes (far) astray.”

2. Supplicant's Earnings Must Be from *Halaal* Sources

According to one Hadith⁽¹³⁾, the Prophet ﷺ

wonders how a person whose food, drink and clothing are from *haram* (Islamically unlawful) sources can expect his supplication to be answered! In other words, one's earnings have to be *halaal* (Islamically lawful) so that one's prayers can be answered.

2.2 *Du'aa'* Etiquette

1. Start And End Prayers with Praising Allah and Invoking His Blessings on His Prophet ﷺ

Having heard one Muslim supplicate without praying for the Prophet ﷺ, the Prophet ﷺ said, "That was too hasty." Then, he said, "Once one completes *salaah*, one is to praise and glorify Allah first, then invoke His blessings on the Prophet, and then supplicate Allah as one likes."

As for the one who praised Allah and prayed for His Prophet ﷺ, the Prophet ﷺ said to him, "You can supplicate (now), and your supplication will be answered."⁽¹⁴⁾

2. Be Resolute in Asking Allah

The Prophet ﷺ says: "When one supplicates,

he should be resolved; he should not say, ‘O Allah, give me if you wish,’ for nothing can compel Him.’”(15)

3. Do Not Be Impatient

The Prophet ﷺ says, “One’s supplications are to be answered so long as he does not become impatient saying, ‘I have supplicated, but my supplication has not been answered.’ ””(16)
One should not expect a hasty response.

4. Avoid Shouting and Excessive Rhyming

The deliberate use of unnecessary excessive rhyming in *Du’aa’* is considered aggressive. In Surat Al-A’raaf, Allah says, “(55) O mankind!) Call upon your Lord humbly and in secret. Lo! He loves not aggressors.” ‘Aggressors’ in this Ayah is assumed to be referring to those supplicants who unnecessarily use excessive rhyming and details or shout.

Ibn-Abbas said to Ikrimah: “Avoid (manufactured) rhyming in supplication; the Prophet ﷺ and his Companions always avoided it.””(17)

On hearing his son supplicate, "O Allah! I ask You for a white palace on the right side of Heaven," Abdullah Ibn Mughaffal said, "O my son, ask Allah for Heaven and for protection from Hell. I heard Allah's Messenger say: 'There will be those who transgress in *Du'aa'*'. "⁽¹⁸⁾

Hearing a Muslim on a trip shouting, "Allah is the greatest," the Prophet said, "O people, be comfortable; the One you are supplicating is not deaf or absent. You are supplicating the all-Hearing and all Seeing One." ⁽¹⁹⁾

It is also considered transgression to supplicate contradictorily. For example, it is contradictory to ask Allah ﷻ for forgiveness and mercy by saying, "O Allah, the One Severe in punishing..." Similarly, it is an act of transgression to pray, "O Allah, the Most Merciful, punish the wrongdoers amongst disbelievers!"

Thus, one is not to shout when supplicating. One's voice should be clear enough, i.e. neither loud nor incomprehensibly faint. Also, to avoid transgression, one should use established prayers, particularly

comprehensive ones. This is good for those who lack mastery of *du'aa'*.

5. Face the Qiblah and Raise Your Hands, Particularly When Praying for Rain

According to the Hadith, “Allah’s Messenger ﷺ supplicated for rainfall, then faced Al-Qiblah and turned his cloak inside out.”⁽²⁰⁾

However, it is true that while delivering a Friday *khutbah* (speech), the Prophet ﷺ prayed for rain without facing Al-Qiblah.⁽²¹⁾

Once, when supplicating for rain, the Prophet ﷺ raised his hands high, revealing white armpits.⁽²²⁾

6. Show Submission and Attentiveness of Heart

In Surat Al-Anbiya’, Allah ﷻ says, “(19)... Lo! They used to vie one with the other in good deeds, and they cried unto Us in longing and in fear, and were submissive unto Us.”

Prophet Muhammad ﷺ says, "When supplicating Allah, you must be confident that He will answer your payers. Be aware that Allah does not answer the *du'aa'* of a

negligent, disinterested heart."⁽²³⁾

7. Persist in Supplication

According to Aisha, "On day, or one night, Allah's Messenger ﷺ supplicated, then supplicated, then supplicated,...."⁽²⁴⁾

8. Call on Allah by His Fairest Names

In Surat Al-A'raaf, He says, "(180) Allah's are the fairest names. Invoke Him by them. And leave the company of those who blaspheme His names. They will be requited what they do."

9. Invoke Allah's Blessings Through Your Good Deeds

One can pray for help through his good deeds. This is clearly reflected in the well-known Hadith about the three fellows who went into a cave to stay the night. A big rock fell down and blocked the cave entrance, so they were unable to get out. They had to invoke Allah's blessings with their good deeds: one mentioned how good he was to his parents; another mentioned how he averted an act of

adultery in spite of temptations; and the third mentioned how he looked after someone's trust so faithfully that it made a great deal of profit, which he returned (equity plus profit) to the original owner. With each of their invocations, a part of the rock broke off, and eventually, they were able to get out of the cave.⁽²⁵⁾

10. Use Comprehensive *Du'aa'*

Comprehensive *du'aa'* refers to the supplications seeking the good of this world and the Hereafter. It is typically brief, but carries loads of meanings.⁽²⁶⁾ “Allah's Messenger ﷺ loved to use comprehensive supplications, not lesser ones.”⁽²⁷⁾

The aforementioned represents the most important elements of *Du'aa'* etiquette. May the whole effort involved be acceptable and pleasing to Allah.



Chapter 3**Opportune Situations
For
Answering *Du'aa'***

Knowledge of Allah's response to supplications belongs only to Him. However, the Sunnah literature points to opportune or favorable situations, times and places for answering prayers. Therefore, it is recommended that one identify them and increase supplication therein. The following are some of them.

1. During Prostration

Evidence from the Qur'an: "Nay! Obey not him. But prostrate yourself, and draw near (unto Allah)." [Surat Al-Alaq, Ayah 19].

Evidence from the Hadith: "One is nearest to Allah during prostration. Therefore, supplicate more in prostration."⁽²⁸⁾

2. While Fasting

Evidence from the Qur'an: "(185)... you should complete the period, and that you should magnify Allah for having guided you, and that peradventure you may be thankful. (186) And when My servants question you concerning Me, then surely I am nigh. I answer the prayer of the supplicant when he cries unto Me. So let them bear My call and let them trust in Me, in order that they may be led aright." In these two Ayahs from Surat Al-Baqarah, Allah mentions answering prayers in juxtaposition with fasting, the fourth pillar of Islam.

Evidence from the Hadith: "Three people whose supplications will not go unanswered are: a fasting person (till he breaks his fast), a just ruler and a person suffering an injustice...."⁽²⁹⁾

3. On the Arafah Day

The Prophet ﷺ says, "The best supplication is that said on the Day of Arafah, and the best we Prophets have ever said is: There is no God but Allah, alone without partners. To Him

belongs the dominion, to Him all praise is due, and He is over all things competent.”⁽³⁰⁾

The Arafah Day, when Allah ﷻ saves a lot of people from the Hellfire,⁽³¹⁾ is a most opportune time for answering prayers. [Muslim pilgrims are advised on the one hand to keep Allah’s remembrance that Day and supplicate a lot. On the other hand, they should not waste the opportunity of the Day, as it does not avail itself on other days.]⁽³²⁾

It is common knowledge that during pilgrimage, the Prophet ﷺ delivered a short speech on the Mount of Arafah⁽³³⁾ and combined the noon and the afternoon prayers.⁽³⁴⁾ This may imply how careful he was to be free for supplication during the Arafah Day - *wallaahu-a’lam* (Only Allah knows the truth).

4. Invoking Allah ﷻ by His Greatest Name:

Supplicating Allah ﷻ by invoking His greatest Name is considered the most effective way of seeking a favorable answer. According to the Hadeeth, the Prophet heard

a Muslim say these prayers: "O Allah, I am supplicating You, for I testify that You are Allah, and that there is no God but You. You are the One, the eternally besought of all, Who begets not, and Who is not begotten, and unto Who none is comparable." On hearing this *du'aa'*, the Prophet said, "By the One, in Whose Hand my soul is, this man has supplicated Allah by His greatest Name; if supplicated by it, Allah answers and gives the supplicant what he / she is praying for."⁽³⁵⁾

5. When in Distress

This is evident in Surat An-Naml; Allah ﷻ says, "(62) Is not He (best) who answers the distressed one when he cries unto Him and removes the evil, and hath made you viceroys of the earth? Is there any God beside Allah? Little do they reflect!"

6. When Wronged

Sending Mu'adh to Yemen, the Prophet ﷺ said to him, "... Beware of the supplication of the wronged one, for there is no barrier between it and Allah."⁽³⁶⁾

7. On *Laylatul-Qadr* (the Night of Decree / Power)

In Surat Al-Qadr, Allah ﷻ says, “(3) The Night of Decree / Power is better than a thousand months.”

When asked by Aisha about what to say on *Lailatul-Qadr*, the Prophet ﷺ said, “Say: O Allah, You are ever-forgiving, and You love to forgive. Forgive me.”⁽³⁷⁾

8. When Travelling

Allah’s Messenger ﷺ said, “There are three supplications that are undoubtedly answerable: that of someone wronged, that of someone travelling and that of a parent against his son.”⁽³⁸⁾

9. Between *Adhaan* (Call for Prayer) and *Iqaamah* (Call to Stand in Line for Starting Prayer)

The Prophet ﷺ said, “Supplication is never rejected between *adhaan* and *iqaamah*.”⁽³⁹⁾

10. During the Answering Hour on Friday

The Prophet ﷺ said, “On Friday, there is an

hour during which no supplication of a Muslim standing praying to Allah is rejected.”⁽⁴⁰⁾

According to An-Nawawi⁽⁴¹⁾, the most correct of what has been said about that hour is what is mentioned in *Sahih Muslim*; on the authority of Abu-Musa Al-Ash'ari, it was reported: “I heard Allah’s Messenger ﷺ say, ‘It [the Friday hour] is between the time the Imam sits [on the pulpit] and the time he ends the Friday prayer.’”⁽⁴²⁾

However, Ibn-Al-Qayyim has a different view; he argues that the Friday opportune hour must be the last hour in the afternoon. He reached that conclusion after examining eleven contenders as to the time of that hour. In fact, only two of those contenders are more favorable in the light of the well-established Hadiths. One is: it lasts from the time the Imam stands on the pulpit to the end of the Friday prayer. The other is: it is the last hour on Friday afternoon. As mentioned above, he is in favor of the latter view, and so are most of the *Salaf* (early righteous Muslims). Also, most relevant Hadiths support the argument

for the afternoon hour. Below are evidences put forward by Ibn-Al-Qayyim.

According to *Musnad Ahmad*, the Prophet ﷺ is reported to have said, “On Friday, there is an hour during which no supplication of a Muslim standing praying to Allah is rejected. It is after Asr [the afternoon].”⁽⁴³⁾

According to *Sunan Abu-Daawud*, *Sunan At-Termidhi* and *Sunan An-Nassaaey*, the Prophet ﷺ is reported to have said, “Friday (day) is twelve [hours]; during one of them, if a Muslim prays for something, Allah answers his prayers. It is the last hour after Asr.”⁽⁴⁴⁾

Concluding his argument, Ibn-Al-Qayyim says: I also believe that the hour of the Friday prayer is an opportune time for answering supplications as well; yet, the special hour is the one after Asr, as supported by all relevant Hadiths. Evidently, the Prophet ﷺ urged his Ummah to supplicate Allah during those two hours.⁽⁴⁵⁾

11. During the *Sahar* Time

The Prophet ﷺ says, “Every night, our Lord,

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the Blessed, the Exalted, comes down to the worldly heaven during the *sahar* (last part of the night) and says: ‘Is there anyone supplicating me so that I will answer his prayer? Is there someone asking me for something so that I will give it to him? Is there someone asking for My forgiveness so that I will forgive him?’⁽⁴⁶⁾

This concludes the section on the opportune situations, times and places for having your prayers answered. Muslims should take the opportunity of supplicating therein, as they are more favorable and more beneficial. They should pray to Allah for help, and must not despair. They should stick to what is good for them, for this is a sign of being wise and astute.



[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

Chapter 4

Du'aa' From the Glorious Qur'an⁽⁴⁷⁾

1. Surat Al-Fatihah

/(1) bisml-laahir-rahmaanir-raheem(i), (2) alhamdu lil-laahi rabbil-ζaalameen(ar), (3) arrahmaanir-raheem(i), (4) maaliki yawmiddeen(i), (5) iyyaaka naζ'budu, wa-iyyaka nastaζeen(u), (6) ihdinaS-SiraaTal mustaqeem(a), (7) SiraaTal-ladeena anζamta ζalayhim, ghayril-maghDuubi ζalayhim, wa-laD-Daa-aalleen/

"(1) In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful. (2) Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds, (3) The Beneficent, the Merciful, (4) Owner of the Day of Judgment; (5) You (alone) we worship; You alone we ask for help. (6) Show us the straight path; (7) The

|i| = sit; |η| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she; |th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow; |z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

path of those whom You hast favored; Not (the path) of those who earn Your anger nor of those who go astray."

﴿الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢﴾ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
 ﴿٣﴾ مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿٤﴾ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ
 ﴿٥﴾ أَهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿٦﴾ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ
 عَلَيْهِمْ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ﴿٧﴾﴾ [الفاتحة].

2. Suart Al-Baqarah, Ayah 201

|(201) rabbanaa aatinaa fid-dunyaa
 hasana(taw), wa-fil-aakhirati hasana(taw),
 wa-qinaa ζaḍaaban-naar|

"(201) Our Lord! Give unto us in the world that which is good and in the Hereafter that which is good, and guard us from the doom of Fire."

-﴿رَبَّنَا ءَاتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَقِنَا
 عَذَابَ النَّارِ﴾ [البقرة: ٢٠١].

|a| = happy; |aa| = lamb; |aa| = star; |ay| = find; |d| = bad;
 |ḍ| = this; |D| = dumb; |ee| = meat; |gh| = Paris; |h| = has;
 |ħ| = hulm (Arabic dream);

3. Surat Al-Baqarah, Ayah 250

/(250) rabbanaa afrigh alyana Sabra(w), wa thabbit aqdaamanaa, wanSurnaa alal-qawmi-kaafireen/

"(250)... Our Lord! Bestow on us endurance, make our foothold sure, and give us help against the disbelieving folk."

﴿رَبَّنَا أَفْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَنَا وَأَنْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ﴾ [البقرة: ٢٥٠]

4. Surat Al-Baqarah, Ayah 286

/(286) rabbanaa laa tu-aakhidnaa in-naseenaa aw akhTa'naa, rabbanaa wa-laa tahmil ζalaynaa iSraη kamaa hamaltahu ζalal-laḏeena miη qablinaa, rabbanaa wa-laa tuhammilnaa maa laa Taaqata lanaa bih(i), wa-ζfu ζanna, wa-ghfir lanaa, wa-rhamnaa, aηta mawlaanaa faηSurnaa ζalal-qawmil-kaafireen/

*|i| = sit; |η| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus*

"(286)... Our Lord! Condemn us not if we forget, or miss the mark! Our Lord! Lay not on us such a burden as You did lay on those before us! Our Lord! Impose not on us that which we have not the strength to bear! Pardon us, absolve us and have mercy on us, You, our Protector, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk."

﴿رَبَّنَا لَا تُؤَاخِذْنَا إِنْ نَسِينَا أَوْ أَخْطَأْنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْ عَلَيْنَا إِصْرًا كَمَا حَمَلْتَهُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلْنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ۗ وَاعْفُ عَنَّا وَاعْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا ۗ أَنْتَ مَوْلَانَا فَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ﴾ [البقرة: ٢٨٦].

5. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 8

/(8) rabbanaa laa tuzigh quluubanaa baʿda id hadaitanaa, wa-hab lanaa mil-ladunġa raġima(tan), innaka aġtal- wahhaab/.

"(8) Our Lord! Cause not our hearts to stray after You have guided us, and bestow upon us

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḏ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

mercy from Your Presence. Lo! You, only You are the Bestower."

﴿رَبَّنَا لَا تُزِغْ قُلُوبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِنْ لَدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ﴾ ﴿٨﴾ [آل عمران: ٨].

6. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 9

/(9) rabbanaa innaka jaamiꞥun-nasi li-yaumil-laa-raiba feeh(i), innal-laaha laa yukhliful-meeꞥaad/

"(9) Our Lord! It is You Who gather mankind together to a Day of which there is no doubt. Lo! Allah fails not to keep the trust."

﴿رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ جَامِعُ النَّاسِ لِيَوْمٍ لَا رَبَّ فِيهِ إِنَّكَ اللَّهُ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ﴾ ﴿٩﴾ [آل عمران: ٩].

7. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 16:

/(16) rabbanaa innanaa aamannaa, faghfir lanaa ḍunubanaa, wa-qinaa ꞥaḍaaban-naar/

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

"(16)... Our Lord! Lo! We believe. So forgive us our sins and guard us from the punishment of Fire!"

﴿رَبَّنَا إِنَّا ءَامَنَّا فَآغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ﴾

﴿١٦﴾ [آل عمران: ١٦].

8. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 53:

/(53) rabbanaa aamannaa bimaa anzalta wat-tabaḥnar-rasuul(a), faktubnaa maḥash-shaahideen/

"(53) Our Lord! We believe in that which You have revealed and we follow him whom You have sent. Enroll us among those who witness (to the truth)."

﴿رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا بِمَا أَنْزَلْتَ وَاتَّبَعْنَا الرَّسُولَ فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ

الشَّاهِدِينَ﴾ [آل عمران: ٥٣].

9. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 147:

/(147) rabbana-ghfir lanaa dunuubanaa wa-

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[h] = hulm (Arabic dream);

*israafanaa fee amrinaa, wa-thabbit
aqdaamanaa, waḥSurnaa ḥalal-qawmil-
kaafireen/*

"(147) Our Lord! Forgive us for our sins and wasted efforts, make our foothold sure, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk."

﴿رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَإِسْرَافَنَا فِي أَمْرِنَا وَثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَنَا وَأَنْصِرْنَا
عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ﴾ [آل عمران: ١٤٧]

10. Surat Al-Imran, Ayahs 191-194:

*/(191) rabbanaa maa khalagta haḍaa
baaTila(ḥ) subḥaanak(a), faqinaa
ḥaḍaaban-naar (192) rabbanaa innaka maḥ
tudkhilin-naara faqad akhzaitah(u), wamaa
liḤ-Ḥaalimeena min aḥSaar (193) rabbanaa
innanaa samiḥnaa munaadi-yay-yunaadee lil-
eemaani an aaminuu bi-rabbikum fa-
aamanna, rabbanaa faghfir lanaa
ḍunuubanaa, wa-kaffir ḥanna sayyi-aatinaa,
wa-tawaffanaa maḥal-abraar (194) rabbanaa*

*|i| = sit; |ḥ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ḥ| = Thus*

wa-aatina maa waʿattana ʿalaa rusulika, wala-tukhzinaa yawmal-qiyaama(ti), innakalaa tukhliful-meeʿaad/

"(191) Our Lord! You created not this in vain. Glory be to You! Preserve us from the doom of Fire. (192) Our Lord! Whom You cause to enter the Fire: him indeed You have confounded. For evil-doers there will be no helpers. (193) Our Lord! Lo! We have heard a crier calling unto Faith: "Believe you in your Lord!" So we believed. Our Lord! Therefore, forgive us our sins, and remit from us our evil deeds, and make us die the death of the righteous. (194) Our Lord! And give us that which You have promised to us by Your messengers. Confound us not upon the Day of Resurrection. Lo! You break not the tryst."

﴿رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَذَا بَطْلًا سُبْحَانَكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ﴾ (191) رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ مَنْ تُدْخِلِ النَّارَ فَقَدْ أَخْرَيْتَهُ، وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ﴿192﴾ رَبَّنَا إِنَّنَا سَمِعْنَا مُنَادِيًا يُنَادِي لِلْإِيمَانِ أَنْ ءَامِنُوا بِرَبِّكُمْ

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

فَعَامِنَا رَبَّنَا فَاعْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَكَفِّرْ عَنَّا سَيِّئَاتِنَا وَتَوَقَّنَا مَعَ
 الْأَبْرَارِ ﴿١٩٣﴾ رَبَّنَا وَعَإِنَّا مَا وَعَدْتَنَا عَلَىٰ رُسُلِكَ وَلَا تُخْزِنَا يَوْمَ
 الْقِيَامَةِ إِنَّكَ لَا تُخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ ﴿١٩٤﴾ [آل عمران: ١٩١-١٩٤].

11. Surat Al-Ma'idah, Ayah 83

/(83) *rabbanaa aamannaa, faktubnaa
 ma'ash-shaahideen/*

"(83)... Our Lord, we believe. Inscribe us as
 among the witnesses."

﴿رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّاهِدِينَ﴾ [المائدة: ٨٣].

12. Surat Al-A'raaf, Ayah 23

/(23) *rabbanaa Żalamnaa anfusanaa, wa-
 illam taghfir lanaa wa-tarhamnaa,
 lanakuunanna minal-khaasireen/*.

"(23) ... Our Lord! We have wronged
 ourselves. If You forgive us not and have
 not mercy on us, surely we are of the lost!"

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Ž/* = Thus

﴿رَبَّنَا ظَلَمْنَا أَنفُسَنَا وَإِن لَّمْ تَغْفِرْ لَنَا وَتَرْحَمْنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ
الْخٰسِرِيْنَ﴾ [الأعراف: ٢٣].

13. Surat Al-A'raaf, Ayah 47

| (47) *rabbanaa laa tajʒalnaa maʒal-qawmiŹ-
Źaalimeen* |.

"(47) And when their eyes are turned toward the dwellers of the Fire, they say: Our Lord! Place us not with the wrongdoing folk."

﴿رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِيْنَ﴾ [الأعراف: ٤٧].

14. Surat Al-A'raaf, Ayah 89

| (89) *rabbana-ftaĥ baynanaa wa-bayna
qawminaa bil-ĥaqqi wa-anġa khayrul-
faatihēen* |.

"(89) Our Lord! Decide with truth between us and our folk, for You are the best of those who make decision."

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad;
[ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has;
[ĥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

﴿رَبَّنَا أَفْتَحْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْفَالِحِينَ﴾

[الأعراف: ٨٩].

15. Surat Al-A'raaf, Ayah 126

/ (126) rabbanaa afrigh ḥalainaa Sabraw-watawaffanaa muslimeen/.

"(126) Our Lord! Vouchsafe unto us steadfastness and make us die as men who have surrendered (unto You)."

﴿رَبَّنَا أَفْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَتَوَفَّنَا مُسْلِمِينَ﴾ [الأعراف: ١٢٦].

16. Surat Yunus, Ayahs 85-86

/ (85) rabbanaa laa tajʿalnaa fitnatal-lil-qawmiŹ-Źaalimeen (86) wa-najjinaa birahmatika minal-qawmil-kaafireen/

"(85) Our Lord! Oh, make us not a lure for the wrongdoing folk; (86) And, of Your mercy, save us from the folk that disbelieve."

*|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ź| = Thus*

﴿رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتْنَةً لِّلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾ وَنَحْنَا بِرَحْمَتِكَ مِّنَ
الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾﴾ [يونس : ٨٥-٨٦].

17. Surat Ibraheem, Ayah 38:

| (38) *rabbanaa innaka taʿlamu maa nukhfee wa-maa nuʿlin(u), wa-maa yakhfaa ʿalal-laahi min shayin fil-arDi wa-laa fis-samaa'* |.

"(38) Our Lord! Lo! You know that which we hide and that which we proclaim. Nothing in the earth or in the heaven is hidden from Allah."

﴿رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ تَعْلَمُ مَا نُخْفِي وَمَا نُعَلِنُ وَمَا يَخْفَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ ﴿٣٨﴾﴾ [إبراهيم : ٣٨].

18. Surat Ibraheem, Ayah 41

| (41) *rabbana-ghfir lee wa-li-waalidayya walil-mu'mineena yawma yaquumul-hisaab* |.

"(41) Our Lord! Forgive me and my parents

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad;
[ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

and believers on the Day when the account is cast."

﴿رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِوَالِدَيَّ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الْحِسَابُ﴾ ﴿٤١﴾

[إبراهيم: ٤١].

19. Surat Al-Kahf, Ayah 10

/(10) rabbanaa aatinaa mil-ladunġa raġima(taw), wa-hayyi' lanaa min amrinaa rashadaa/

"(10)...Our Lord! Give us mercy from Your presence and shape for us right conduct in our plight."

﴿رَبَّنَا ءَاِنَا مِنْ لَدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً وَهَيِّئْ لَنَا مِنْ اَمْرِنَا رَشَدًا﴾

[الكهف: ١٠].

20. Surat Al-Mu'minun, Ayah 109

/(109) rabbanaa aamanna, faghfir lanaa war-hamna, wa-antā khairur-raahimeen/

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

"(109) Our Lord! We believe, therefore forgive us and have mercy on us, for You are the best of all who show mercy."

﴿رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّاحِمِينَ﴾ [المؤمنون:

•[١٠٩

21. Surat Al-Furqan, Ayah 65

| (65) *rabbana-Srif* ζ*anna* ζ*adaaba*
jahannam(a), *inna* ζ*adaabaha* *kaana*
gharaamaa|

"(65) Our Lord! Avert from us the doom of hell; lo! The doom thereof is anguish."

﴿رَبَّنَا أَصْرِفْ عَنَّا عَذَابَ جَهَنَّمَ إِنَّ عَذَابَهَا كَانَ غَرَامًا﴾

•[الفرقان: ٦٥]

22. Surat Al-Furqan, Ayah 74

| (74) *rabbanaa hab lanaa min azwaajinaa wa-*
ḍurriyyaatinaa qurrata aḥyun(iw), *wa-jāalnaa*

|*a*| = happy; |*aa*| = lamb; |*aa*| = star; |*ay*| = find; |*d*| = bad;
|*ḍ*| = this; |*D*| = dumb; |*ee*| = meat; |*gh*| = Paris); |*h*| = has;
|*ḥ*| = hulm (Arabic dream);

lil-muttaqeenā imaama/

"(74)... Our Lord! Vouchsafe us comfort of our wives and of our offspring, and make us patterns for (all) those who observe *taqwa*."

﴿رَبَّنَا هَبْ لَنَا مِنْ أَزْوَاجِنَا وَذُرِّيَّاتِنَا قُرَّةَ أَعْيُنٍ وَاجْعَلْنَا لِلْمُتَّقِينَ إِمَامًا﴾ [الفرقان: ٧٤].

23. Surat Ghafir, Ayah 7

/(7) rabanaa wasiḥta kulla shay-irrahimataw wa-ḥilma(ḥ), faghfir lil-laḏeena taabuu wat-tabaḥuu sabeelak(a), wa-qihim ḥaḏaabal-jaḥeem/

"(7) Our Lord! You comprehend all things in mercy and knowledge, therefore forgive those who repent and follow Your way. Ward off from them the punishment of hell!"

﴿رَبَّنَا وَسِعْتَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ رَحْمَةً وَعِلْمًا فَاغْفِرْ لِلَّذِينَ تَابُوا وَاتَّبَعُوا سَبِيلَكَ وَقِهِمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ﴾ [غافر: ٧].

|i| = sit; *|ḥ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ẓ|* = Thus

24. Surat Al-Hashr, Ayah 10

| (10) rabbana-ghfir lanaa wali-ikhwaaninal-laḍeena sabaquunaa bil-eeimaan(i), wa-laa tajʒal fee quluubinaa ghilal-lil-laḍeena aamanuu, rabbanaa innaka ra-uufur-raḥeem|.

"(10) Our Lord Forgive us and our brethren who were before us in the faith, and place not in our hearts any rancor toward those who believe. Our Lord! You are Full of Pity, Merciful."

﴿رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا وَلِإِخْوَانِنَا الَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِالْإِيمَانِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ فِي قُلُوبِنَا غِلًّا لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ رَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ﴾

[الحشر: ١٠]

25. Surat Al-Mumtahanah, Ayahs 4

| (4) rabbanaa ḥalayka tawakkalnaa, wa-ilyayka anabnaa, wa-ilyal-maSeer|

"(4)... Our Lord! In You we put our trust, and unto You we turn repentant, and unto You is

|a| = happy; *|aa|* = lamb; *|aa|* = star; *|ay|* = find; *|d|* = bad;
|ḍ| = this; *|D|* = dumb; *|ee|* = meat; *|gh|* = Paris); *|h|* = has;
|ḥ| = hulm (Arabic dream);

the journeying."

﴿رَبَّنَا عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْنَا وَإِلَيْكَ أَنَبْنَا وَإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيرُ﴾ [الممتحنة: ٤].

26. At-Tahreem, Ayah 8

/(8) rabbanaa atmim lanaa nuuranaa, wa-ghfir lanaa, innaka ḡalaa kulli shayin qadeer/

"(8) Our Lord! Perfect our light for us, and forgive us! Lo! You art Able to do all things."

﴿رَبَّنَا أَتِمِّمْ لَنَا نُورَنَا وَأَعْفِرْ لَنَا إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ﴾ [التحریم: ٨].

27. Surat Al-Imran, Ayah 38

/(38) rabbi hab lee mil-laduḡka ḡurriyyatan Tayyiba(tan), innaka sameeḡud-duḡaa/

"(38) My Lord! Bestow upon me of Your bounty goodly offspring. Lo! You are the Hearer of Prayer."

*|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus*

﴿رَبِّ هَبْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ﴾

[آل عمران: ٣٨]

28. Surat Huud, Ayah 47

/(47) *rabbi innee aʿzuudu bika an as-alaka maa laysa lee bihi ʿilm(uw), wa-illaa taghfir lee wa-tarhamnee akum-minal khaasireen(a).*

"(47) My Lord! Lo! In You do I seek refuge (from the sin) that I should ask of You that whereof I have no knowledge. Unless You forgive me and have mercy on me, I shall be among the lost."

﴿رَبِّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ أَنْ أَسْأَلَكَ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَإِلَّا تَغْفِرْ لِي وَتَرْحَمْنِي أَكُنَ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ﴾ [هود: ٤٧]

29. Surat Ibraheem, Ayah 35

/(35) *rabbi-jʿal haadāal-balada aamina(w) wa-jnubnee wa-baniyya an naʿbudal-aSnaam/*

"(35).... My Lord! Make safe this territory,

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

and preserve me and my sons from serving idols."

﴿رَبِّ اجْعَلْ هَذَا الْبَلَدَ ءَامِنًا وَاَجْنِبْنِي وَاِئْتِي اَنْ تَعْبُدَ
الْاَصْنَامَ﴾ [إبراهيم: ٣٥]•

30. Surat Ibraheem, Ayah 40

*/(40) rabbi-jʿalnee muqeemaS-Salaati waminj
durriyyati, rabbanaa wa-taqabbal duʿaa’/*

"(40) My Lord! Make me to establish proper worship, and some of my posterity (also); our Lord! And accept the prayer."

﴿رَبِّ اجْعَلْنِي مُقِيمَ الصَّلَاةِ وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي رَبَّنَا وَتَقَبَّلْ دُعَاءَ
﴾ [إبراهيم: ٤٠]•

31. Surat Taha, Ayahs 25-26

*/(25) rabbi-shrah̄ lee Sadree,(26) wa-yassir
lee amree/*

"(25) ... My Lord! Relieve my mind and ease my task for me...."

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

﴿رَبِّ أَسْرَحْ لِي صَدْرِي ﴿٢٥﴾ وَيَسِّرْ لِي أَمْرِي ﴿٢٦﴾﴾ [طه: ٢٥-٢٦].

32. Surat Al-Anbiyaa, Ayah 89

/(89) rabbi laa taḍarnee farda(w), wa-anta khayrul-waaritheen/.

"(89) My Lord! Leave me not childless, though You are the best of inheritors."

﴿رَبِّ لَا تَذَرْنِي فَرْدًا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْوَارِثِينَ﴾ [الأنبياء: ٨٩].

33. Surat Al-Anbiyaa, Ayah 112

/(112) rabbi-likum bil-ḥaqq(i), wa-rabbunar-rahīmaan-ul-mustaḥḥaanu ḥalaa maa taSifiun/

"(112) My Lord! Judge You with truth. Our Lord is the Beneficent, whose help is to be implored against that which you ascribe (unto Him)."

﴿رَبِّ أَحْكَمْ بِالْحَقِّ ۖ وَرَبُّنَا الرَّحْمَنُ الْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَىٰ مَا تَصِفُونَ﴾ [الأنبياء: ١١٢].

[الأنبياء: ١١٢].

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

34. Surat Al-Mu'minun, Ayah 29

/(29) *rabbi anzilnee munzalam-mubaaraka(w), wa-anta khayrul-munzileen/*

"(29)... My Lord! Cause me to land at a blessed landing place, for You are the best of all who bring to land."

﴿رَبِّ أَنْزِلْنِي مُنْزَلًا مُبَارَكًا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْمُنْزِلِينَ﴾ [المؤمنون: ٢٩].

35. Surat Al-Mu'minun, Ayah 94

/(94) *rabbi fa-laa tajzalnee fil-qawmiZ-Zaalimeen/*

"(94) My Lord! Then set me not among the wrongdoing folk."

﴿رَبِّ فَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي فِي الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ﴾ [المؤمنون: ٩٤].

36. Surat Ash-Shu'araa', Ayahs 83-85

/(83) *rabbi hab lee hukma(w), wa-alhiqnee biS-Saaliheen, (84) wajjal lee lisaana Sidqin*

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Z| = Thus

fil-aakhireen (85) wajʒalnee miw-warathati jannatin-naʒeem/

"(83) My Lord! Vouchsafe me wisdom and unite me to the righteous. (84) And give unto me a good report in later generations. (85) And place me among the inheritors of the Garden of Delight..."

﴿رَبِّ هَبْ لِي حُكْمًا وَالْحَقِّنِي بِالصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٨٣﴾ وَاجْعَلْ لِي
لِسَانَ صِدْقٍ فِي الْآخِرِينَ ﴿٨٤﴾ وَاجْعَلْنِي مِنْ وَرَثَةِ جَنَّةِ النَّعِيمِ ﴿٨٥﴾﴾

· [الشُّعْرَاءُ : ٨٣-٨٥]

37. Surat Ash-Shu'araa, Ayahs 87-89

/(87) wa-laa tukhzinee yawma yubʒathuun(a), (88) yawma laa yanfaʒu maaluw-wa-laa banuun(a), (89) illaa man atal-laaha bi-qalbiij saleem/

"(87) And abase me not on the day when they are raised, (88) The Day when wealth and sons avail not (any man) (89) Save him who

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

brings unto Allah a whole heart."

﴿وَلَا تُخْزِنِي يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿٨٧﴾ يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ ﴿٨٨﴾ إِلَّا
 مَنْ آتَى اللَّهَ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ ﴿٨٩﴾﴾ [الشعراء: ٨٧ - ٨٩].

38. Surat An-Naml

*/(19) rabbi awziçnee an ashkura niçmatakal-
 latee ançamta çalayya, wa-çalaa waalidayya,
 wa-an açmala Saalihañ tarDaah(u), wa-
 adkhilnee bi-rahmatika fee çibaadikaS-
 Saaliheen/.*

"(19)... My Lord, arouse me to be thankful for Your favor wherewith You hast favored me and my parents, and to do good that shall be pleasing unto You, and include me in (the number of) Your righteous slaves."

﴿رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِي أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَيَّ
 وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ وَأَدْخِلْنِي بِرَحْمَتِكَ فِي عِبَادِكَ
 الصَّالِحِينَ﴾ [النمل: ١٩].

*|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
 |th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
 |z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus*

39. Surat Al-Qasas, Ayah 16

| (16) *rabbi innee Źalamtu nafsee, faghfir lee* |.

"(16)... My Lord! Lo! I have wronged my soul, so forgive me."

﴿رَبِّ إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي فَاغْفِرْ لِي﴾ [القصص: ١٦].

40. Surat Al-Qasas, Ayah 17

| (17) *rabbi bimaa anŹamta Źalayya falan akuuna Źaheeral-lilmujrimeen* |

"(17) My Lord! Forasmuch as You have favored me, I will nevermore be a supporter of the guilty."

﴿رَبِّ بِمَا أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ فَلَنْ أَكُونَ ظَهِيرًا لِلْمُجْرِمِينَ﴾

[القصص: ١٧].

41. Surat Al-Qasas, Ayah 21

| (21) *rabbi najjinee minal-qawmiŹ-Źaalimeen* |.

|a| = happy; |aa| = lamb; |aa| = star; |ay| = find; |d| = bad;
|ḍ| = this; |D| = dumb; |ee| = meat; |gh| = Paris; |h| = has;
|ħ| = hulm (Arabic dream);

"(21) My Lord! Deliver me from the wrongdoing folk."

﴿رَبِّ يَجِّنِي مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ﴾ [القصص: ٢١].

42. Surat Al-Qasas, Ayah 24

/(24) rabbi innee limaa anzalta ilayya min khayriij faqeer/.

"(24) ... My Lord! I am needy of whatever good You send down for me."

﴿رَبِّ إِنِّي لِمَا أَنْزَلْتَ إِلَيَّ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَقِيرٌ﴾ [القصص: ٢٤].

43. Surat Al-'Ankabut, Ayah 30

/(30) rabbiij-Surnee ζalal-qawmil-mufsideen/

"(30) My Lord! Give me victory over the folk who work corruption."

﴿رَبِّ أَنْصُرْنِي عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْمُفْسِدِينَ﴾ [العنكبوت: ٣٠].

44. Surat As-Saaffat, Ayah 100

/(100) rabbi hab lee minaS-Saaliheen/.

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

"(100) My Lord! Vouchsafe me of the righteous."

﴿رَبِّ هَبْ لِي مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ﴾ [الصافات: ١٠٠]

45. Surat Al-Ahqaaf, Ayah 15

/(15) rabbi awziġnee an ashkura niġmatal-latee anġamta ġalayya wa-ġalaa waalidayya, wa-an aġmala Saalihān tarDaahu, wa-aSliħ lee fee ġurriyyatee, innee tubtu ilayk(a), wa-inni minal- muslimeen/

"(15) ... My Lord! Arouse me that I may give thanks for the favor wherewith You have favored me and my parents, and that I may do right acceptable unto You. And be gracious unto me in the matter of my seed. Lo! I have turned unto You repentant, and lo! I am of those who surrender (unto You)."

﴿رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِي أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَيَّ
وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ وَأَصْلِحْ لِي فِي ذُرِّيَّتِي إِنِّي بُنْتُ إِلَيْكَ

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

وَأِنِّي مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿[الأحقاف: ١٥].

46. Surat At-Tahreem, Ayah 11

/(11) rabbi ibni lee ĩindaka baytan fil-jannah/

"(11)... My Lord! Build for me a home with You in the Garden...."

﴿رَبِّ أَبْنِ لِي عِنْدَكَ بَيْتًا فِي الْجَنَّةِ﴾ [التحریم: ١١].

47. Surat Noah, Ayah 28

/(28) rabbi-ghfir lee wa-liwaalidayya wa-liman dakhala baytiya mu'mina(w) wa-lil-mu'mineena walmu'minaat(i), wa-laa tazidiĴ-Ĵaalimeena illaa tabaaraa/

"(28) My Lord! Forgive me and my parents and him who enters my house believing, and believing men and believing women, and increase not the wrong-doers in aught save ruin."

﴿رَبِّ أَعْفِرْ لِي وَلِوَالِدَيَّ وَلِمَن دَخَلَ بَيْتِي مُؤْمِنًا وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ﴾

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ĵ|* = Thus

وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَلَا نُزِدُ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا نَبَارًا ﴿٢٨﴾ [نوح : ٢٨]

48. Surat Al-Imran, Ayahs 26-27

/(26) *alaahumma maalikal-mulk(i), tu'til-mulka maḥ tashaa-u, wa-taḥziḥul-mulka mimmaḥ tashaa'(u), wa-tuḥizzu maḥ tashaa-u, wa-tuḍillu maḥ tashaa'(u), bi-yadikal-khayr(u), innaka ḥalaa kulli shayin qadeer/*

/(27) *tuulijul-layla fin-nahaari, wa-tuulijun-nahaara fil-layl(i), wa-tukhrijul-ḥayya minal-mayyit(i), wa-tukhrijul-mayyita minal-ḥayyi, wa-tarzuqu maḥ tashaa-u bi-ghayri ḥisaab/*

"(26) ... O Allah! Owner of Sovereignty! You give sovereignty unto whom You will, and You withdraw sovereignty from whom You will. You exalt whom You will and You abase whom You will. In Your hand is good. Lo! You are Able to do all things. (27) You cause the night to pass into the day, and You cause the day to pass into the night. And You bring

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[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

forth the living from the dead, and You bring forth the dead from the living. And You give sustenance to whom You choose, without stint."

﴿... اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكُ الْمَلِكِ تُؤْتِي الْمَلِكَ مِنْ تَشَاءُ وَتَنْزِعُ الْمَلِكَ مِنْ تَشَاءُ وَتُعْزِزُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَتُذِلُّ مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِيَدِكَ الْخَيْرُ إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٦﴾ تُؤَلِّجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَتُؤَلِّجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَمِيتِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَمِيتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ وَتَرْزُقُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ﴾ [آل عمران: ٢٦-٢٧].

49. Surat Al-Imran, Ayahs 26-27

| (73)...innal-faDla bi-yadil-laah(i), yu'teehi may-yashaa'(u), wal-laahu waasiġun ġaleem(uy) (74) yakhtaSSu bi-rahġmatihee may-yashaa'(u), wal-laahu ġul-faDlil-ġaZeem|

"(73)... Lo! The bounty is in Allah's hand. He bestows it on whom He will. Allah is All Embracing, All Knowing. (74) He selects for

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she; |th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow; |z| = zero; |Z| = Thus

His mercy whom He will. Allah is of infinite bounty."

﴿... إِنَّ الْفَضْلَ بِيَدِ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٣﴾
يَخْنُصُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ﴾

• [آل عمران: ٧٣-٧٤]

50. Surat Ta-Ha, Ayah 114

|(114) rabbi zidnee ʕilmaa|.

"(114)...My Lord! Increase me in knowledge."

﴿... رَبِّ زِدْنِي عِلْمًا﴾ [طه: ١١٤]

51. Surat Al-Mu'minun, Ayahs 97-98

|(97) ...rabbi aʕuuḏu bika min hamazaatish-shayaaTeen(i), (98) wa-aʕuuḏu bika rabbi ay-yahDuruun|

"(97) ... My Lord! I seek refuge in You from suggestions of the evil ones, (98) And I seek

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[ḏ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

refuge in You, my Lord, lest they be present with me."

﴿... رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ هَمَزَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ ﴿٩٧﴾ وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ رَبِّ أَنْ يَحْضُرُونِ ﴿٩٨﴾﴾ [المؤمنون: ٩٧-٩٨].

52. Surat Al-Mu'minun, Ayah 118

/(118) rabbi-ghfir wa-rham, wa-anta khairur-raahimeen/

"(118) ... My Lord! Forgive and have mercy, for You are the best of all who show mercy."

﴿... رَبِّ أَعْفِرْ وَارْحَمْ وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّاحِمِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾﴾ [المؤمنون: ١١٨].

53. Surat Al-Kaafiruun

/(1) qul yaa ayyuhal-kaafiruun(a), (2) laa aʕbudu maa taʕbuduun(a), (3) wa-laa antum ʕaabiduuna maa aʕbud(u), (4) wa-laa ana ʕaabidum-maa ʕabattum, (5) wa-laa antum ʕaabiduuna maa aʕbud(u), (6) lakum deenukum, wa-liya deen(i)/

/i/ = sit; /ŋ/ = tank / ring; /s/ = set; /S/ = sum; /sh/ = she; /th/ = think; /T/ = tub; /u/ = could; /uu/ = food; /w/ = cow; /z/ = zero; /Z/ = Thus

"(1) Say: O disbelievers! (2) I worship not that which You worship; (3) Nor worship You that which I worship. (4) And I shall not worship that which You worship. (5) Nor will You worship that which I worship. (6) Unto you your religion, and unto me my religion."

﴿قُلْ يَتَّيِبُهَا الْكٰفِرُونَ ﴿١﴾ لَا اَعْبُدُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿٢﴾ وَلَا اَنْتُمْ عٰبِدُونَ مَا اَعْبُدُ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَا اَنَا عٰبِدُ مَا عَبَدْتُمْ ﴿٤﴾ وَلَا اَنْتُمْ عٰبِدُونَ مَا اَعْبُدُ ﴿٥﴾ لَكُمْ دِيْنُكُمْ وِلٰي دِيْنِ ﴿٦﴾﴾ [سورة

الكافرون].*

54. Surat Al-Ikhlāas

/(1) qul huw-allaahu aḥad, (2) allaahuS-Samad, (3) lam yalid wa-lam yuulad, (4) wa-lam yakul-lahu kufiwan aḥad/

"(1) Say: He is Allah, the One! (2) Allah, the eternally besought of all! (3) He begets not, nor was begotten. (4) And there is none comparable unto Him."

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

﴿قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿١﴾ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿٢﴾ لَمْ يَكِدْ وَلَمْ
يُولَدْ ﴿٣﴾ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ﴿٤﴾﴾ [سورة

الإخلاص].

55. Surat Al-Falaq

*/(1) qul aʿzuudu bi-rabbil-falaq(i), (2) miñ
sharri maa khalaq(a), (3) wa-miñ sharri
ghaasiqin idaa waqab(a), (4) wa-miñ
sharrin-naffaathaati fil-ʿuqad(i), (5) wa-miñ
sharri haasidin idaa hasad/*

"(1) Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of Daybreak (2) From the evil of that which He created, (3) From the evil of the darkness when it is intense, (4) And from the evil of malignant witchcraft, (5) And from the evil of the envier when he envies."

﴿قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ﴿١﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ ﴿٢﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ
غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ ﴿٣﴾ وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ﴿٤﴾
وَمِنْ شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ ﴿٥﴾﴾ [سورة الفلق].

*|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ẓ| = Thus*

56. Surat An-Naas

/(1) qul aʿzuudu bi-rabbin-naas(i), (2) malikin-naas(i), (3) ilaahin-naas(i), (4) min sharril-waswasil-khannaas(i), (5) alladee yuwaswisu fee Suduurin-naas(i), (6) minal-jinnati wan-naas/

"(1) Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of mankind, (2) The King of mankind, (3) The God of mankind, (4) From the evil of the sneaking whisperer, (5) Who whispers in the hearts of mankind, (6) Of the jinn and of mankind."

﴿قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ ﴿١﴾ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿٢﴾ إِلَهِ النَّاسِ ﴿٣﴾ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ ﴿٤﴾ الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴿٥﴾ مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿٦﴾﴾

[سورة الناس].

57. Surat Al-Baqarah, Ayah 127

/(127) rabbanaa taqabbal minnaa, innaka antas-sameeʿul-ʿaleem/

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

"(127)... Our Lord! Accept from us (this duty). Lo! You, only You, are the Hearer, the Knower."

﴿رَبَّنَا تَقَبَّلْ مِنَّا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ﴾ [البقرة: ١٢٧].

58. Surat Yunus, Ayah 10

/(10) daḥwaahum feehaa subḥaanaka allaahumma, wa-taḥiyyatuhum feehaa salaam(uw), wa-aakhiru daḥwahum anil-ḥamdu-lil-laahi rabbil-ḥaalameen/

"(10) Their prayer therein will be: Glory be to You, O Allah! And their greeting therein will be: Peace. And the conclusion of their prayer will be: Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds!"

﴿دَعْوَتُهُمْ فِيهَا سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَتَحِيَّتُهُمْ فِيهَا سَلَامٌ وَعَآخِرُهُ دَعْوَتُهُمْ أَنْ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ﴾ [يونس: ١٠].

Thus, we conclude our selection of

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Z|* = Thus

supplications from the Glorious Qur'an. May Allah ﷻ benefit people with them till the Resurrection Day.⁽⁴⁸⁾



/a/ = happy; */aa/* = lamb; */aa/* = star; */ay/* = find; */d/* = bad;
/ḏ/ = this; */D/* = dumb; */ee/* = meat; */gh/* = Paris); */h/* = has;
/ħ/ = hulm (Arabic dream);

Chapter 5

Du'aa' from the Sunnah

The following is a selection of supplications from Prophet Muhammad's sayings.

1. */laa ilaaha illal-laah-ul-ḥaẓem-ul-haleem, laa ilaaha illal-laahu rabbul-ḥarshil-ḥaẓem, laa ilaaha illal-laahu rabbus-samaawaat(i), wa-rabbul-arḌ(i), wa-rabbul-ḥarshil-kareem/*

"There is no God but Allah, the Magnificent, the Forbearing; there is no God but Allah, Lord of the Glorious Throne; there is no God but Allah, Lord of the heavens and the earth, and Lord of the Glorious Throne."⁽⁴⁹⁾

« لا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ الْعَظِيمُ الْحَلِيمُ، لا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ رَبُّ
الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ، لا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَرَبُّ
الْأَرْضِ وَرَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيمِ.»

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Ẓ/* = Thus

2. */laa ilaaha illal-laahu waḥdah(u), aḥazza junḍah(u), wa-naSara ḥabdah(u), wa ghalabal-aḥzaaba waḥdah(u), falaa shai-a baḥdah/*.

"There is no God but Allah alone; He honoured His soldiers, and made His slave (Prophet Muhammad ﷺ) victorious; He, alone, defeated the Ahzab (the enemies collaborating against the Prophet ﷺ); there is nothing beyond Him."⁽⁵⁰⁾

«لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ، أَعَزَّ جُنْدَهُ، وَنَصَرَ عَبْدَهُ، وَعَلَبَ الْأَحْزَابَ وَحْدَهُ، فَلَا شَيْءَ بَعْدَهُ».

3. */laa illaaha illaa anta subḥaanak(a), innee kuntu minaŹ-Źaalimeen/*

"There is no God but You. May You be exalted. I was among the wrongdoers"⁽⁵¹⁾

«لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ سُبْحَانَكَ إِنِّي كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ».

/a/ = happy; */aa/* = lamb; */aa/* = star; */ay/* = find; */d/* = bad;
/ḍ/ = this; */D/* = dumb; */ee/* = meat; */gh/* = Paris); */h/* = has;
/ḥ/ = hulum (Arabic dream);

4. *|yaa ḥayyu yaa qayyuum(u), birahmatika astagheeth|*

"O You, the Alive, the Eternal! By Your mercy I am pleading for rescue."⁽⁵²⁾

«يَا حَيُّ يَا قَيُّوْمُ بِرَحْمَتِكَ أَسْتَغِيْثُ».

5. *|allaahu allaahu rabbee, laa ushrika bihee shay-aa|*

"Allah, Allah is my Lord, with Whom I associate no partners."⁽⁵³⁾

«اللهُ اللهُ رَبِّي، لَا أُشْرِكُ بِهِ شَيْئاً».

6. *|allaahumma lakal-ḥamd(u), anṭa nurus-samaawaati wal-arDi, wa-lakal-ḥamd(u), anṭa qayyimus-samaawaati wal-arDi, wa-lakal-ḥamd(u), anṭa rabbus-samaawaati wal-arDi wamañ feehinn(a), anṭal-ḥaqq(u), wa-waḏdukal-ḥaqq(u), wa-qawlukal-ḥaqq(u), wa-liqaa-uka ḥaqq(uw), wal-jannatu*

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

ħaqq(uw), wan-naaru ħaqq(uw), wan-nabiyyuuna ħaqq(uw), was-saasġatu ħaqq(un), allaahumma laka aslamt(u), wa-bika aamanġt(u), wa-ġalayka tawakkalt(u), wa-ilyaka anabt(u), wa-bika khaasamt(u), wa-ilyaka ħaakamt(u), faghfir lee maa qaddamtu wa-maa akh-khart(u), wa-maa asrartu wa-maa aġlanġt(u), anġta ilaahee, laa ilaaha illaa anġt/

"O Allah, all praise belongs to You. You are the Light of the heavens and the earth, and praise belongs to You. You are the Sustainer of the heavens and the earth and all praise belongs to You. You are the Lord of the heavens and the earth and whoever is in them. You are the Truth, Your promise is true, Your words are true and the meeting with You is true. The Garden is true, the Fire is true, the prophets are true and the Hour is true. O Allah, I submit to You, and I accept You, and I trust in You, and I turn to You, and I argue by You, and I summon to You for judgement.

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ġ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

Forgive me what I have sent before me and what I have left behind, what I have kept secret and what I have proclaimed, You are my God - there is no God but You."⁽⁵⁴⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ لَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ نُورُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ قِيَمُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فِيهِنَّ، أَنْتَ الْحَقُّ، وَوَعْدُكَ الْحَقُّ، وَقَوْلُكَ الْحَقُّ، وَلِقَاؤُكَ الْحَقُّ، وَالْجَنَّةُ حَقٌّ، وَالنَّارُ حَقٌّ، وَالنَّبِيُّونَ حَقٌّ، وَالسَّاعَةُ حَقٌّ، اللَّهُمَّ لَكَ أَسَلَمْتُ، وَبِكَ آمَنْتُ، وَعَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْتُ، وَإِلَيْكَ أَنْبَتُ، وَبِكَ خَاصَمْتُ، وَإِلَيْكَ حَاكَمْتُ، فَاعْفِرْ لِي مَا قَدَّمْتُ وَمَا أَخَّرْتُ، وَمَا أَسْرَرْتُ وَمَا أَعْلَنْتُ، أَنْتَ إِلَهِي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ.»

7. /allaahumma rabbanaa, lakal-hamd(u) mil-as-samaawaati wal-arD(i), wa-mil-a maa shi'ta miñ shayimbaçd, ahluth-thanaa-i-wal-majd(i), ahaqqu maa qaalal-çabd(u), wa-kulluna laka çabd| allaahumma laa maniça

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

limaa aḥTaita, wa-laa muḥTiya limaa manaḥt(a), wa-laa yanfaḥu ḍal-jaddi minḥal-jadd/

"O Allah, our Lord! To You belongs as much praise as the fill of the heavens, the earth, and everything else You wish. You are worthy of praise, glory and the most truthful words a slave can ever say, and we are all Your slaves. O Allah! None can prevent what You bestow, nor can anyone bestow what You prevent. No fortune can be of benefit to its possessor against Allah's Fortune."⁽⁵⁵⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّنَا لَكَ الْحَمْدُ، مِلْءَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، وَمِلْءَ مَا شِئْتَ مِنْ شَيْءٍ بَعْدُ، أَهْلَ الشَّاءِ وَالْمَجْدِ، أَحَقُّ مَا قَالَ الْعَبْدُ وَكُنَّا لَكَ عَبْدٌ، اللَّهُمَّ لَا مَانِعَ لِمَا أَعْطَيْتَ، وَلَا مُعْطِي لِمَا مَنَعْتَ، وَلَا يَنْفَعُ ذَا الْجَدِّ مِنْكَ الْجَدُّ».

8. *|allaahumma aḥuudu bi-riDaaka min sakhaTik(a), wabi-muḥaafaatika min ḥuquubatik(a), wa-aḥuudu bika minḥ(a), laa*

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

uhSee thanaa-an ζalayka ayt(a) kamaa athnayta ζalaa nafsik/.

"I seek refuge in Your pleasure from Your wrath, and in Your pardon from Your punishment, and in You from You. I cannot enumerate Your praises as You praise Yourself."⁽⁵⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ أَعُوذُ بِرِضَاكَ مِنْ سَخَطِكَ، وَبِمَعَاذِكَ مِنْ عِقَابِكَ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْكَ، لَا أَحْصِي ثَنَاءً عَلَيْكَ، أَنْتَ كَمَا أَثْنَيْتَ عَلَيَّ نَفْسِكَ».

9. *|allaahumma Salli ζalaa muħammadi(w), wa-ζalaa aali muħammad(ij), kamaa Sallayta ζalaa ibraaheem(a), wa-ζalaa aali ibraaheem(a), innaka ħameedum-majeed| | allaahumma baarik ζalaa muħammad(iw), wa-ζalaa aali muħammad(ij), kamaa baarakta ζalaa ibraaheem(a), wa-ζalaa aali ibaraaheem(a), fil-ζaalameen(a), innaka ħameedum-majeed|*

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she; |th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow; |z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

"O Allah, pray for Muhammad and the family of Muhammad, as You have prayed for Ibraheem and the family of Ibraheem. You are Praiseworthy and Gloryworthy. O Allah! Bless Muhammad and the family of Muhammad, as You have blessed Ibraheem and the family of Ibraheem, in all the worlds. You are Praiseworthy and Gloryworthy."⁽⁵⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ، كَمَا صَلَّيْتَ عَلَى
[إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَعَلَى] آلِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، إِنَّكَ حَمِيدٌ مَجِيدٌ. وَبَارِكْ عَلَى
مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا بَارَكْتَ عَلَى [إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَعَلَى]
آلِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ [فِي الْعَالَمِينَ] إِنَّكَ حَمِيدٌ مَجِيدٌ».

10. /*allaahuma innee as-aluk(a), bi-anee ash-hadu annaka aytta-allaah(u), laa ilaaha illaa ayt(a), al-aḥad(u), aS-Samad(u), allādee lam yalid wa-lam yuulad, wa-lam yakul-lahu kufiwan aḥad/*

"O Allah, I am supplicating you, for I testify that You are Allah and that there is no God

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad;
[ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

but You. You are *the One*, the eternally besought of all, Who begets not, Who is not begotten and unto Whom there is none comparable."⁽⁵⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ بِأَنِّي أَشْهَدُ أَنَّكَ أَنْتَ اللَّهُ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ،
الْأَحَدُ الصَّمَدُ الَّذِي لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ».

11. /*allaahumma innee Żalamtu nafsee Żulmañ
katheera(w), walaā yaghfirud-đunuuba illaa
ant(a), faghfir lee maghfiratam-min
żindik(a), warhamnee, innaka antal-
ghafuurur-raĥeem*/

"O Allah! I have wronged myself considerably. None can forgive sins but You. Grant me Your forgiveness. You are the Ever-Forgiving, *the Merciful*."⁽⁵⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي ظُلْمًا كَثِيرًا، وَلَا يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ
إِلَّا أَنْتَ، فَاعْفِرْ لِي مَعْفِرَةً مِنْ عِنْدِكَ وَارْحَمْنِي،
إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ».

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

12. *|allaahumma innee aʿzuudu bi wajhik-alkareem(i) wa kalimaatikat-taamma(ti), miḥ-sharri maa aḥta aakhiḍumbinaaSiyaṭih(i), allaahumma aḥta takshiful-maghram(a) wal-ma'tham, allaahumma laa yuhzamu jumduk(a), wa laa yukhlafu waʿduk(a), wa laa yanfaʿu ḍaljaddi minjal-jadd(u), subhaanaka wa bi-ḥamdik|*

"O Allah, by Your Perfect Face and Your Perfect Words, I seek refuge in You from the evil of what You control. O Allah, it is You that can erase debts and forgive sins. O Allah, Your soldiers are unconquerable, and your promise is never broken. No fortune can benefit its owner; only Your Fortune is beneficial. Exalted be You, and to You all praise is due."⁽⁶⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِوَجْهِكَ الْكَرِيمِ وَكَلِمَاتِكَ التَّامَّةِ، مِنْ شَرِّ مَا أَنْتَ آخِذٌ بِنَاصِيَتِهِ، اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ تَكْشِفُ الْمَعْرَمَ وَالْمَأْتَمَ، اللَّهُمَّ لَا يُهْزَمُ جُنْدُكَ، وَلَا يُخْلَفُ وَعْدُكَ،

|a| = happy; *|aa|* = lamb; *|aa|* = star; *|ay|* = find; *|d|* = bad; *|ḍ|* = this; *|D|* = dumb; *|ee|* = meat; *|gh|* = Paris); *|h|* = has; *|ḥ|* = hulm (Arabic dream);

وَلَا يَنْفَعُ ذَا الْجَدِّ مِنْكَ الْجَدُّ، سُبْحَانَكَ وَبِحَمْدِكَ».

13. /aʕuuðu bi-wajhil-laahil-kareem(i), wa bi-kalimaatil-laahit-taamaat(i), allaatee laa yujaawizhunna barruw-walaa faajir(um), min-sharri maa yanzilu minas-samaa'(i), wa sharri maa yaʕruju feehaa, wa sharri maa ɗara'a fil-arD(i) wa sharri maa yakhruju minhaa, wa min fitnatil-layli wan-nahaar(i), wamin Tawaariqil-layli wan-nahaar(i), illaa Taariqay-yaTruqu bi-khayr(iy) yaa raḥmaan/

"By Allah's Perfect Face and by His Perfect Words, which cannot be surpassed by the righteous or the profligate, I seek refuge in Allah from the evil of whatever comes down from heaven and whatever goes up to it, from the evil of whatever goes into the earth and whatever comes out of it, from the trials of night and day and from the knocking disasters of night and day, except a knocker

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

bearing good. O You, *the Merciful*."⁽⁶¹⁾

«أَعُوذُ بِوَجْهِ اللَّهِ الْكَرِيمِ، وَبِكَلِمَاتِ اللَّهِ التَّامَّاتِ، اللَّاتِي لَا يُجَاوِزُهُنَّ بَرٌّ وَلَا فَاجِرٌ، مِنْ شَرِّ مَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَشَرِّ مَا يَعْرُجُ فِيهَا، وَشَرِّ مَا ذَرَأَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَشَرِّ مَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا، وَمِنْ فِتَنِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ، وَمِنْ طَوَارِقِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ، إِلَّا طَارِقًا يَطْرُقُ بِخَيْرٍ يَا رَحْمَنُ».

14. /aʕuudu bil-laahis-sameeʕil-ʕaleem(i), minash-shaiTaanir-rajeem(i), min hamzih(i) wa-nafkhih(i) wa-nafthih/

"I seek refuge in Allah, the All-Hearing, All-Knowing, from Satan, the outcast, and from his whispers, his blowing and his *nafth*."⁽⁶²⁾

«أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ السَّمِيعِ الْعَلِيمِ، مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ؛ مِنْ هَمَزِهِ وَنَفْخِهِ وَنَفْثِهِ».

15. /aʕuudu bi-kalimaatil-laahi-taam-maat(i) min sharri maa khalaq/

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad; [ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has; [ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

"I seek refuge in Allah's perfect words from the evil of what He has created."⁽⁶³⁾

«أَعُوذُ بِكَلِمَاتِ اللَّهِ التَّامَّاتِ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ».

16. *|aʕuuðu bi-kalimaatil-laahi-taammaat(i) min ghaDabih(i), wa ʕiqaabih(i), wa sharri ʕibaadih(i), wa min hamazaatish-shayaaTeen(i) wa ay-yahDuruun|*

"I seek refuge in Allah's perfect words from His anger and punishment, from the evil of His slaves, and from Satan's whispers and presence."⁽⁶⁴⁾

«أَعُوذُ بِكَلِمَاتِ اللَّهِ التَّامَّةِ مِنْ غَضَبِهِ وَعِقَابِهِ وَشَرِّ عِبَادِهِ،
وَمِنْ هَمَزَاتِ الشَّيَاطِينِ، وَأَنْ يَحْضُرُونِ».

17. *|aʕuuðu bil-laah(i) minal-fitan(i), maa Ẓahar minhaa wa maa baTan|*

"I seek refuge in Allah form trials, overt and covert."⁽⁶⁵⁾

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ẓ|* = Thus

«أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الْفِتَنِ؛ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَّنَ».

18. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu biʕizzatik(a),
laa ilaaha illaa antal-laḏee laa yamuut(u),
wal-jinnu wal-iḥsu yamuutuun/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in Your Honour, as there is no God but You, the only Eternal One, Who never dies whereas the Jinn and humans die."⁽⁶⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِعِزَّتِكَ الَّذِي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ الَّذِي لَا
يَمُوتُ وَالْجِنُّ وَالْإِنْسُ يَمُوتُونَ».

19. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika min an
ushrika bika shay-an aʕlamuh(u), wa
astaghfiruka limaa laa aʕlam/*

"O Allah, I seek Your protection from associating with You anything that I am aware of, and I seek Your forgiveness for whatever I am not aware of."⁽⁶⁷⁾

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḏ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ أَنْ أُشْرِكَ بِكَ شَيْئًا أَعْلَمُهُ،
وَأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا لَا أَعْلَمُ».

20. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika miḥ zawaali niʕmatik(a), wa-taḥawwuli ʕaafiyatik(a), wa-fuja-ati niqmatik(a) wa-jameeʕi SakhaTik/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from being deprived of Your bounty, from losing Your security, from Your sudden revenge, and from all Your Dismay."⁽⁶⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ زَوَالِ نِعْمَتِكَ، وَتَحَوُّلِ
عَافِيَتِكَ، وَفُجَاءَةِ نِقْمَتِكَ، وَجَمِيعِ سَخَطِكَ».

21. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika miḥ sharri maa ʕamilt(u), wa-miḥ sharri maa lam aʕamal/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from the evil of what I have done and the evil of what I

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

have not done."⁽⁶⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا عَمِلْتُ وَمِنْ شَرِّ مَا لَمْ أَعْمَلْ».

22. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika miñ sharri samʕi, wa miñ sharri baSari wa miñ sharri lissaani, wa miñ sharri qalbi|*

"O Allah, I seek refuge in you from the evils of hearing, the evils of eyesight, the evils of the tongue and the evils of the heart."⁽⁷⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ سَمْعِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ بَصَرِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ لِسَانِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ قَلْبِي».

23. *|allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika miñ Dalaʕid-dayni wa ghalabatir-rijaal|*

"O Allah, I seek refuge in you from the burden of debt and from being persecuted."⁽⁷¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ ضَلَعِ الدَّيْنِ، وَغَلَبَةِ الرِّجَالِ».

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulum (Arabic dream);

24. /*allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika min jahdibalalaa'(i), wa-darkish-shaqaa'(i), wa-suuilqaDaa'(i), wa-shamaatatil-aʕdaa'*/

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from the difficulty of affliction, from the burden of hardship, from evil judgment and from the enemy's malicious rejoicing (for my suffering)."⁽⁷²⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ جَهْدِ الْبَلَاءِ، وَدَرَكِ الشَّقَاءِ،
وَسُوءِ الْقَضَاءِ، وَشِمَاتَةِ الْأَعْدَاءِ».

25. /*allaahumma innee aʕuudu bika min-fitnatin-naar(i), wa- ʕadaabin-naar, wa-fitantil-qabr(i), wa-ʕadaabil-qabr(i), wa-fitantil-ghinaa, wa-fitantil-faqr*/

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from the affliction of the Hell Fire and its torment, from the affliction of the grave and its torment, and from the evil of the affliction of wealth and poverty."⁽⁷³⁾

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ فِتْنَةِ النَّارِ وَعَذَابِ النَّارِ، وَفِتْنَةِ الْقَبْرِ وَعَذَابِ الْقَبْرِ، وَشَرِّ فِتْنَةِ الْغِنَى، وَشَرِّ فِتْنَةِ الْفَقْرِ».

26. /*allaahumma innee aζuuđu bika minal-kasal(i), wal-haram(i), wa-minal-ma'thami wal-maghrām/*.

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from sloth, from old age, from sins and from debt."⁽⁷⁴⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ الْكَسَلِ وَالْهَرَمِ، وَالْمَأْتَمِ وَالْمَعْرَمِ».

27. /*allaahumma innee aζuuđu bika minal-ajzi wal-kasal(i), wal-jubn(i) wal-bukhl(i), wa-aζuuđu bika min ζađabil-qabr(i), wa-aζuuđu bika miñ fitantil-maħyaa wal-mamaat/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from incapacity, from sloth, from cowardice, from miserliness, from old age, from the torment of the grave, and from the trial of life and death."⁽⁷⁵⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ الْعُجْزِ وَالْكَسَلِ، وَالْجُبْنِ

/a/ = happy; /aa/ = lamb; /aa/ = star; /ay/ = find; /d/ = bad;
/đ/ = this; /D/ = dumb; /ee/ = meat; /gh/ = Paris); /h/ = has;
/ħ/ = hulm (Arabic dream);

وَالْبُحْلِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابِ الْقَبْرِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ
فِتْنَةِ الْمَحْيَا وَالْمَمَاتِ».

28. *|allaahumma innee aʿzuudu bika min
adaabi jahannam, wa min ʿadaabil-qabr(i),
wa-miḥ fitantil-mahyaa wal-mamaat(i), wa-
miḥ sharr(i) fitantil maseehid-dajjaal/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from the affliction of the torment of the Hellfire, from the affliction of the torment in the grave, from the trial of life and death and from the evil of the affliction of Al-Maseeh Ad-Dajjal (Anti-Christ)." ⁽⁷⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابِ جَهَنَّمَ، وَمِنْ عَذَابِ
الْقَبْرِ، وَمِنْ فِتْنَةِ الْمَحْيَا وَالْمَمَاتِ، وَمِنْ شَرِّ فِتْنَةِ الْمَسِيحِ
الدَّجَالِ».

29. *|allaahumma innee aʿzuudu bika minal-
kufr(i), wal-faqr(i), wa ʿadaabil-qabr/*

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from disbelief (in You), poverty, and torment in the grave."⁽⁷⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْكُفْرِ وَالْفَقْرِ، وَعَذَابِ الْقَبْرِ».

30. |*allaahumma innee aζuudu bika min muḥkaraatil-akhlaaq(i), wal-aζmaal(i) wal-ahwaa'*|

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from reprehensible manners, deeds and whims."⁽⁷⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ مُنْكَرَاتِ الْأَخْلَاقِ وَالْأَعْمَالِ
وَالْأَهْوَاءِ».

31. |*allaahumma innee aζuudu bika minal-juuζ, fa-innahu bi'sal-Dajeeζ, wa aζuudu bika minal-khiyaanah, fa-innahaa bi'satil-biTaanaah*|

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from hunger; it is the worst mate. I seek refuge in You from

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulum (Arabic dream);

betrayal; it is the worst companion."⁽⁷⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْجُوعِ فَإِنَّهُ بُسُّ الصَّجِيعِ،
وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْخِيَانَةِ فَإِنَّهَا بُسُّتِ الْبَطَانَةِ».

32. *|allaahumma innee aζuuđu bika minal-hadm(i), wa aζuuđu bika minat-taraddi, wa aζuuđu bika minal-gharaq(i), wal-harq(i), wal-haram(i), aζuuđu bika min ay-yatakhhabbaTaniyash-shaytaanu ζindal-mawt/*

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from demolitions. I seek refuge in You from falling down from high places. I seek refuge in You from drowning, burning and old age. I seek refuge in You from Satan's temptations at death."⁽⁸⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْهَدْمِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ التَّرَدِّي،
وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْعَرَقِ، وَالْحَرَقِ، وَالْهَرَمِ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ
مِنْ أَنْ يَتَخَبَّطَنِي الشَّيْطَانُ عِنْدَ الْمَوْتِ».

*|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus*

33. *|allaahumma aḥtal-malik(u), laa ilaaha illaa aḥt(a), aḥta rabbee, wa-anaa ḥabduk(a), Ḥalamtu nafsee, wa-ḥtarafu biḍambee, faghfir lee ḍunuubee jameeḥaa, innahu laa yaghfiruḍ-ḍunuuba illaa aḥt |allaahumma-hdinee li-aḥsanil-akhlaaq(i), laa yahdee li-aḥsanihaa illaa aḥt(a), wa-Srif ḥannee sayyi-ahaa, laa yaSrifu ḥannee sayyi-ahaa illaa aḥt| labbayka, wa-saḥdayk, wal-khayru fee yadayk(a), wash-sharru laysa ilayk(a), innaa bika wa ilayk(a), tabaarakta wa taḥaalayt(a), astaghfiruka wa atuubu ilayk|*

"O Allah! You are the King. There is no God but You. You are my Lord, and I am Your slave. I have wronged myself, and I hereby admit my guilt. Please, forgive all my sins. None can forgive sins except You. O Allah! Guide me to the best manners. None can guide to the best manners except You. Protect me from bad manners. None can protect from bad manners except You. I am hastening in response to your call, and all happiness is

|a| = happy; *|aa|* = lamb; *|aa|* = star; *|ay|* = find; *|d|* = bad; *|ḍ|* = this; *|D|* = dumb; *|ee|* = meat; *|gh|* = Paris); *|h|* = has; *|ḥ|* = hulm (Arabic dream);

Yours. All good is in Your hands, but evil is not for You. May You be glorified and exalted! I am returning to You in repentance and seeking Your forgiveness".⁽⁸¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ الْمَلِكُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، أَنْتَ رَبِّي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ، ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي وَاعْتَرَفْتُ بِذُنُوبِي فَاعْفِرْ لِي ذُنُوبِي جَمِيعًا، إِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، اللَّهُمَّ اهْدِنِي لِأَحْسَنِ الْأَخْلَاقِ لَا يَهْدِي لِأَحْسَنِهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، وَاصْرِفْ عَنِّي سَيِّئَهَا لَا يَصْرِفُ عَنِّي سَيِّئَهَا إِلَّا أَنْتَ، لَبَّيْكَ وَسَعْدَيْكَ، وَالْخَيْرُ كُلُّهُ فِي يَدَيْكَ، وَالشَّرُّ لَيْسَ إِلَيْكَ، إِنَّا بِكَ وَإِلَيْكَ، تَبَارَكْتَ وَتَعَالَيْتَ، أَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَأَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ».

34. /allaahumma rabba jibraa-eel(a), wa-meekaa-eel(a), wa israafeel(a), faaTiras-samaawaati wal-arDi, ζaalimal-ghaibi wash-shahaada(ti), anṭa taḥkumu bayna ζibaadika feemaa kaanuu feehi yakhtalifuun(a), ihdinee

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

*lima-khtulifa feehi minal-haqq(i) bi-idnik(a),
innaka tahdee man tashaa-u ilaa SiraaTim-
mustaqeem/*

"O Allah, Lord of Gabriel, Mikhail and Israfil, Creator of the heavens and the earth, Knower of the Unseen and the Seen. You will judge among Your slaves concerning matters wherein they differ. Guide me, by Your permission, to the truth of those matters wherein they differ, for You guide whom You will to the straight path".⁽⁸²⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّ جِبْرَائِيلَ وَمِيكَائِيلَ وَإِسْرَافِيلَ، فَاطِرَ
السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، عَالِمَ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ، أَنْتَ
تَحْكُمُ بَيْنَ عِبَادِكَ فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ، اهْدِنِي لِمَا
اخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ مِنَ الْحَقِّ بِإِذْنِكَ، إِنَّكَ تَهْدِي مَنْ تَشَاءُ إِلَى
صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ».

35. *|allaahumma rabbas-samaawaati wa-
rabbal-arD(i), wa-rabbal-ζarshil-ζaZeem,*

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

rabbanaa wa-rabba kulli shay-a, faaliqal-habbi wan-nawaa, wa-munzilat-tawraati wal-injeeli wal-furqaan, aʕuuḏu bika miñ sharri kulli shay-in anʔta aakhiḏum-binaa Siyatih/ allaahumma anʔtal-awwal(u) fa-laysa qablaka shay-a, wa-anʔtal-aakhir(u) fa-laysa baʕdaka shay-a, wa-anʔta Ẓ-Ẓaahir(u) fa-laysa fawqaka shay-a, wa-anʔtal-baa Tinu fa-laysa duunaka shay-a, iqDi annad-dayn(a), wa-ghninaa minal-faqr/

"O Allah, Lord of the heavens and earth and the Magnificent Throne, our Lord and Lord of all things, the Revealer of At-Tawraah, Al-Injeel, and the Qur'an, the Splitter and Grower of the seed grain and date stone! I seek refuge in You from the evil of all things, which you hold under Your control. You are the First, nothing before You. You are the Last, nothing after You. You are the Manifest, nothing above You. You are the Innermost, nothing beyond You. Remove the burden of our debt, and relieve us from poverty."⁽⁸³⁾

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she; *|th|* = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow; *|z|* = zero; *|Ẓ|* = Thus

«اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَرَبَّ الْأَرْضِ وَرَبَّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ، رَبَّنَا وَرَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ، فَالِقَ الْحَبِّ وَالنَّوَى، وَمُنزِلَ التَّوْرَةِ وَالْإِنْجِيلِ وَالْفُرْقَانِ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ أَنْتَ آخِذٌ بِنَاصِيَتِهِ، اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ الْأَوَّلُ فَلَيْسَ قَبْلَكَ شَيْءٌ، وَأَنْتَ الْآخِرُ فَلَيْسَ بَعْدَكَ شَيْءٌ، وَأَنْتَ الظَّاهِرُ فَلَيْسَ فَوْقَكَ شَيْءٌ، وَأَنْتَ الْبَاطِنُ فَلَيْسَ دُونَكَ شَيْءٌ، افْضِ عَنَّا الدِّينَ وَأَغْنِنَا مِنَ الْفَقْرِ».

36. *[allaahumma ζaalimal-ghaybi wash-shahaadah, faaTirassa-maawaati wal-arD, rabba kulli shay-iw wa-maleekah, ash-hadu allaa ilaaha illa ant, aζuudu bika miη sharri nafsee, wa miη sharrish-shytaan wa shirkih/*

"O Allah, Knower of the Unseen and the Seen. You are the Lord of everything and the Owner, too. I testify that there is no God but you. I seek refuge in You from my own evil and from Satan's evil and disbelief."⁽⁸⁴⁾

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ħ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

«اللَّهُمَّ عَالِمَ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ، فَاطِرَ السَّمَاوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضِ، رَبَّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَمَلِيكُهُ، أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا
أَنْتَ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ نَفْسِي، وَمِنْ شَرِّ الشَّيْطَانِ
وَشَرِّكَهِ».

37. |*allaahumma anta rabbee, laa ilaaha illaa
ant(a), khalaqtanee wa- anaa* ζ*abduk(a), wa-
anaa* ζ*alaa* ζ*ahdika* wa-waζ*dika*
*mastaTa*ζ*t(u), a*ζ*uuđu* bika min sharri maa
*Sana*ζ*t(u), abuu-u laka bi-ni*ζ*matika*
ζalayy(a), wa-abuu-u laka bi-đambi, fa-ghfir
lee, innahu laa yaghfirud-đunuuba illaa ant|

"O Allah, You are my Lord, there is no God but You. You have created me, and I am Your slave. I try my best to keep my covenant (faith) with You and to live in the hope of Your promise. I seek refuge in You from the evil I have done. I acknowledge Your favors upon me, and I admit my sins. Please, forgive me, for none forgives sins but You."⁽⁸⁵⁾

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

«اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ، خَلَقْتَنِي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ، وَأَنَا عَلَى عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا صَنَعْتُ، أَبُوءُ لَكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ، وَأَبُوءُ [لَكَ] بِذُنُوبِي فَاعْفُرْ لِي، فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ».

38. */allaahumma-ghfir lee khaTeeatee wa jahlee, wa israafi fee amree, wa maa anta aʿlamu bihi minnee, allaahumma ighfir lee hazlee wa jiddyee, wa khaTaayaaya wa-ʿamdee, wa-kullu daalika ʿindee/*

"O Allah! Forgive my sins, my ignorance, my intemperance in my affairs and all that I am not aware of but You know. O Allah! Forgive my play and my seriousness. Forgive my sins, be they undeliberate or deliberate, for all of which I am responsible."⁽⁸⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي خَطِيئَتِي وَجَهْلِي، وَإِسْرَافِي فِي أَمْرِي، وَمَا أَنْتَ أَعْلَمُ بِهِ مِنِّي، اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي هَزْلِي وَجِدِّي،

/a/ = happy; */aa/* = lamb; */aa/* = star; */ay/* = find; */d/* = bad; */ḍ/* = this; */D/* = dumb; */ee/* = meat; */gh/* = Paris); */h/* = has; */ḥ/* = hulm (Arabic dream);

وَحَطَايَايَ وَعَمَدِي، وَكُلُّ ذَلِكَ عِنْدِي».

39. /*allaahumma-ghfir lee maa qaddamt(u), wa-maa akhkhart(u), wa-maa asrarat(u), wa-maa aʕlaht(u), aʕtal-muqaddim(u), wa-aʕtal-mu-akhkhir(u), wa-aʕta ʕalaa kulli shai-in qadeer/*

"O Allah! Forgive my sins, the earlier and the later ones, the secret and the declared thereof. You are the One Who puts things forward, and the One Who delays them, and You have power over all things."⁽⁸⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي مَا قَدَّمْتُ وَمَا أَخَّرْتُ، وَمَا أَسْرَرْتُ وَمَا
أَعْلَنْتُ، أَنْتَ الْمُقَدِّمُ وَأَنْتَ الْمُؤَخِّرُ، وَأَنْتَ عَلَى كُلِّ
شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ».

40. /*allaahumma-ghfir lee ɗambi kullah(u), diqqahu wajillah(u), wa-awwalahu wa-aakhirah(u), wa-ʕalaaniyatahu wa-sirrah/*

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

"O Allah! Forgive all my sins, the smallest and the greatest, the past and the future, and the declared and the undeclared."⁽⁸⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي ذَنْبِي كُلَّهُ، دِقَّةً وَجَلَّةً، وَأَوَّلَهُ وَآخِرَهُ،
وَعَلَانِيَتَهُ وَسِرَّهُ».

41. *|allaahumma-ghfir lee wa-rhamnee, wa-hdinee, wa-ζaafinee, wa-rzuqnee|*

"O Allah! Forgive me, and have mercy on me. Guide me, grant me health and provision."⁽⁸⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَارْحَمْنِي، وَاهْدِنِي، وَعَافِنِي،
وَارْزُقْنِي».

42. *|allaahumma-ghfir lee dambi, wa wassiζ lee fee daaree, wa baarik lee feemaa razaqtanee|*

"O Allah, forgive my sins, make my dwelling large, and bless whatever you give me."⁽⁹⁰⁾

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي ذَنْبِي، وَوَسِّعْ لِي فِي دَارِي، وَبَارِكْ لِي
فِيمَا رَزَقْتَنِي.»

43. /*allaahumma-ghfir lee dambi, wa akhsi' shayTaani, wa fukka rihaani, wajalni finnadiyyil aʕlaa*/

"O Allah, forgive my sins, keep Satan away from me, release me from debts, and place me among the highest companions."⁽⁹¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي ذَنْبِي، وَأَخْسِئْ شَيْطَانِي، وَفُكَّ رِهَانِي،
وَاجْعَلْنِي فِي النَّدِيِّ الْأَعْلَى.»

44. /*allaahumma innee ʕabduk(a) wa-bnu ʕabdik(a), naaSiyatee bi-yadik(a), maaDij fiyya hukmuk(a), ʕadluj fiyya qaDaa-uk, as'aluka bikullismin huwa lak(a), aw sammayta bihi nafsak(a), aw ʕallamtahu ahadam-min khalaqik(a), aw anʕzaltahu fee kitaabik(a), aw-ista'thart(a) bihi fee ʕilmil-*

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

ghaybi *ẓiḥdāk(a)*, *an tajẓal-alquraana rabeenā qalbee, wa nuura SaDree, wa-jilaa'a huznee, wa dāhaaba hammeē/*

"O Allah, I am your slave, the son of your slave. My forehead is in Your Hand. Your judgement of me is inescapable. Your trial of me is just. I am invoking You by all the names that You call Yourself, that You have taught to anyone in Your creation, that You have mentioned in Your Book, or that You have kept unknown. Let the Qur'an be delight of my heart, the light of my chest, the remover of my sadness and the passifier of my worries."⁽⁹²⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي عَبْدُكَ وَابْنُ عَبْدِكَ، نَاصِيَتِي بِيَدِكَ، مَاضٍ فِيَّ حُكْمُكَ، عَدْلٌ فِيَّ قَضَاؤُكَ، أَسْأَلُكَ بِكُلِّ اسْمٍ هُوَ لَكَ، سَمَّيْتَ بِهِ نَفْسَكَ، أَوْ عَلَّمْتَهُ أَحَدًا مِنْ خَلْقِكَ، أَوْ أَنْزَلْتَهُ فِي كِتَابِكَ، أَوْ اسْتَأْثَرْتَ بِهِ فِي عِلْمِ الْغَيْبِ عِنْدَكَ: أَنْ تَجْعَلَ الْقُرْآنَ رَبِيعَ قَلْبِي، وَنُورَ صَدْرِي، وَجِلَاءَ حُزْنِي، وَذَهَابَ هَمِّي.»

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

45. /*allaahumma-jǰal fee qalbee nuuraa, wa-fee baSaree nuuraa, wa-fee samǰee nuuraa, wa-ǰay-yameenee nuuraa, wa-ǰay yasaaree nuuraa, wa-fawqee nuuraa, wa-tahtee nuuraa, wa-amaamee nuuraa, wa-khalfee nuuraa, wa-jǰal lee nuuraa, wa-jǰalnee nuuraa, wa-aǰTinee nuuraa, wa ǰaǰǰim lee nuuraa, wa-jǰal fee lisaanee nuuraa, wa fee nafsee nuuraa, wa fee shaǰree nuuraa, wa fee basharee nuuraa, wa fee lahǰmee nuuraa, wa fee ǰaǰmee nuuraa, wa fee ǰaSabee nuuraa, wa fee damee nuuraa*/

"O Allah, let there be light in my heart, light in my sight, light in my hearing, light on my right, light on my left, light above me, light under me, light in front of me and light behind me. Make me a (guiding) light, grant me light; and make my light great. Put light in my tongue, light in my soul, light in my hair, light in my skin, light in my flesh, light in my bones, light in my nerves and light in my blood."⁽⁹³⁾

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |ǰ| = Thus

«اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْ فِي قَلْبِي نُورًا، وَفِي بَصَرِي نُورًا، وَفِي سَمْعِي نُورًا، وَفِي يَمِينِي نُورًا وَعَنْ يَسَارِي نُورًا، وَفَوْقِي نُورًا وَتَحْتِي نُورًا، وَأَمَامِي نُورًا وَخَلْفِي نُورًا، وَاجْعَلْ لِي نُورًا، وَاجْعَلْنِي نُورًا، وَأَعْطِنِي نُورًا، وَعَظِّمْ لِي نُورًا، وَاجْعَلْ فِي لِسَانِي نُورًا، وَفِي نَفْسِي نُورًا، وَفِي شَعْرِي نُورًا، وَفِي بَشْرِي نُورًا، وَفِي لَحْمِي نُورًا، وَفِي عَظْمِي نُورًا، وَفِي عَصَبِي نُورًا، وَفِي دَمِي نُورًا».

46. /allaahumm-akfinee bi- halaalik(a) ζan hāraamik(a), waghninee bifaDlika ζamman siwaak/

"O Allah! Suffice me with Your lawfuls that I shun Your unlawfuls. Enrich me by Your Grace that I be in need of none but you."⁽⁹⁴⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اكْفِنِي بِحَلَالِكَ عَنْ حَرَامِكَ، وَأَغْنِنِي بِفَضْلِكَ عَمَّنْ سِوَاكَ».

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad; [ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has; [ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

47. */allaahumma ʔallimnil-kitaaba wal-hikma(ta), wa-faqqihnee fid-deen/*

"O Allah! Teach me the Book and wisdom, and grant me understanding of *the* religion."⁽⁹⁵⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ عَلِّمْنِي الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ، وَفَقِّهْنِي فِي الدِّينِ».

48. */allaahumma-rzuqnee maalaw-wa-walada(w), wa-baarik lee feemaa aʔTaytanee/*

"O Allah! Grant me wealth and children, and bless what you give me."⁽⁹⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ ارْزُقْنِي مَالاً وَوَلَدًا وَبَارِكْ لِي [فِي مَا أُعْطَيْتَنِي]».

49. */allaahumma thabbitnee, wajʔalnee haadiyam-mahdiyyaa/*

"O Allah! Make me firm (in faith), guide me, and make me a means to guidance."⁽⁹⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ ثَبِّتْنِي وَاجْعَلْنِي هَادِيًا مَهْدِيًّا».

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */ʔ/* = Thus

50. */allaahumma-hdinee wa-saddidnee/*

"O Allah! Guide me and make firm my steps."⁽⁹⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اهْدِنِي وَسَدِّدْنِي.»

51. */allaahumma aSliḥ lee deenee, allādee huwa ḥiSmatu amree, wa-aSliḥ lee dunyaay, allatee feehaa maḥaashee, wa-aSliḥ lee aakhiratee, allatee feehaa maḥaadee, wa-jḥalil-hāyaata ziyaadatal-lee fee kulli khair(iw), wa-jalil-mawta raḥatal-lee minj kulli sharr/*

"O Allah! Make good my religion, which is my sanctuary. Make good my (present) world, where my livelihood is, and make good my Hereafter, where I will return. Fill my life with more of all that is good, and make my death a relief for me of all that is evil."⁽⁹⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ أَصْلِحْ لِي دِينِي الَّذِي هُوَ عِصْمَةٌ أَمْرِي، وَأَصْلِحْ

/a/ = happy; */aa/* = lamb; */aa/* = star; */ay/* = find; */d/* = bad;
/ḍ/ = this; */D/* = dumb; */ee/* = meat; */gh/* = Paris); */h/* = has;
/ḥ/ = hulm (Arabic dream);

لِي دُنْيَايَ الَّتِي فِيهَا مَعَاشِي، وَأَصْلِحْ لِي آخِرَتِي الَّتِي فِيهَا
مَعَادِي، وَاجْعَلِ الْحَيَاةَ زِيَادَةً لِي فِي كُلِّ خَيْرٍ، وَاجْعَلِ
الْمَوْتَ رَاحَةً لِي مِنْ كُلِّ شَرٍّ.

52. Say three times:

*/allaahumma ζaafini fee badanee, allaahumma
ζaafini fee samζee, allaahumma ζaafini fee
baSaree, laa illaaha illaa ant/*

"O Allah! Make my body healthy. Make my hearing healthy. Make my eyesight healthy. There is no God but You."⁽¹⁰⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي بَدَنِي، اللَّهُمَّ عَافِنِي فِي سَمْعِي، اللَّهُمَّ
عَافِنِي فِي بَصَرِي، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ».

53. */allaahumma baaζid baynee wa-bayna
khaTaayaay(a), kamaa baaζatta baynal-
mashriqi wal-maghrib, allaahumma naqqini
minal-khaTaayaa kamaa yunaqqa-
aththawbul-abyaDu minad-danas(i), /*

/i/ = sit; */η/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Z/* = Thus

allaahumma-ghsil khaTaayaay(a) bil-maa-i wath-ththalji wal-barad/

"O Allah! Distance me from my sins, as you have distanced the east from the west, and wash away my sins with cool water, ice and hail, as a white garment is cleansed of all dirt."⁽¹⁰¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ بَاعِدْ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَ خَطَايَايَ كَمَا بَاعَدْتَ بَيْنَ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ، اللَّهُمَّ نَقِّنِي مِنْ خَطَايَايَ كَمَا يُنَقَّى الثَّوْبُ الْأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الدَّنَسِ، اللَّهُمَّ اغْسِلْنِي مِنَ خَطَايَايَ بِالْمَاءِ وَالثَّلْجِ وَالْبَرَدِ».

54. */allaahumma-qsim lanaa min khashyatik(a) maa yafiuulu baynanaa wa bayna maζaaSeek(a), wa min Taaζ atika maa tuballighunaa bihi jannatak(a), wa min-alyaqeeni maa tuhawwinu ζalaynaa bihi muSeebaatiid-dunyaa, wa mattiζnaa bi-asmaaζinaa, wa abSaarinaa, wa quwwatina*

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

maa ahyaytanaa, wa-jǰalḥul-waaritha minnaa, wa-jǰal tha'raanaa ǰalaa man ǰalamanaa, wa-nurnaa ǰalaa man ǰaadaanaa, wa laa tajǰal muSeebatanaa fee deeninaa, wa laa tajǰalid-dunyaa akbara hamminaa, wa laa mablagha ǰilminaa, wa laa tusalliT ǰalaynaa mal-laa yarḥamunaa/

"O Allah, let us have a portion of fear that prevents us from disobeying You. Let us have a portion of obedience to You that we may reach Your Jannah. Let us have a portion of definite faith that we may endure the afflictions of this world. O Allah, make us enjoy our hearing, our eyesight and our energy as long as You let us live, and let this slate of enjoyment continue till we are inherited (till our death). O Allah, let our revenge be on the ones unjust to us. Give us victory over those that transgress against us. Let us not be afflicted in our faith. Let not this world be our major interest or our focus of knowledge. Let us not be under the control of

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|ǰ|* = Thus

anyone that will have no mercy on us."⁽¹⁰²⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اِفْسِمِ لَنَا مِنْ خَشْيَتِكَ مَا يَحُولُ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ مَعَاصِيكَ، وَمِنْ طَاعَتِكَ مَا تُبَلِّغُنَا بِهِ جَنَّتِكَ، وَمِنَ الْيَقِينِ مَا تُهَوِّنُ بِهِ عَلَيْنَا مُصِيبَاتِ الدُّنْيَا، وَمَتَّعْنَا بِأَسْمَاعِنَا وَأَبْصَارِنَا وَقُوَّتِنَا مَا أَحْيَيْتَنَا، وَاجْعَلْهُ الْوَارِثَ مِنَّا، وَاجْعَلْ ثَأْرَنَا عَلَى مَنْ ظَلَمَنَا، وَانصُرْنَا عَلَى مَنْ عَادَانَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مُصِيبَتَنَا فِي دِينِنَا، وَلَا تَجْعَلِ الدُّنْيَا أَكْبَرَ هَمِّمْنَا، وَلَا مَبْلَغَ عِلْمِنَا، وَلَا تُسَلِّطْ عَلَيْنَا مَنْ لَا يَرْحَمُنَا.»

55. *|allaahumma-nfaζnee bimaa ζallamtanee, wa ζallimnee maa yanfaζunee, wa zidnee ζilmaa|*

"O Allah, make what you teach me beneficial, teach me what is beneficial, and increase me in knowledge."⁽¹⁰³⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ انْفَعْنِي بِمَا عَلَّمْتَنِي، وَعَلِّمْنِي مَا يَنْفَعُنِي، وَزِدْنِي عِلْمًا.»

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

56. /*allaahumma-hîfaŽnee bil-islamii qaa^uimaa, wa-hîfaŽnee bil-islamii qaa^uġidaa, wa-hîfaŽnee bil-islamii raa^uqidaa, wa laa tushmit bee ġaduwwaw wa laa haasidaa, allaahumma innee asaluka miġ kulli khayrin khazaa-inuhu bi-yadik(a), wa aġuuġu bika miġ kulli sharrin khazaa-inuhu bi-yadik/*

"O Allah, let me be taken care of by Islam when I am standing. Let me be taken care of by means of Islam when I am sitting. Let me be taken care of by means of Islam when I am lying down. Let not enemies or envious ones find satisfaction in my afflictions. O Allah, I beg You to give me of all the good things in Your hands. I seek refuge in You from all the evil under your control."⁽¹⁰⁴⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ احْفَظْنِي بِالْإِسْلَامِ قَائِمًا، وَاحْفَظْنِي بِالْإِسْلَامِ قَاعِدًا، وَاحْفَظْنِي بِالْإِسْلَامِ رَاقِدًا، وَلَا تُشِمْتْ بِي عَدُوًّا وَلَا حَاسِدًا، اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ مِنْ كُلِّ خَيْرٍ خَزَائِنُهُ بِيَدِكَ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ كُلِّ شَرٍّ خَزَائِنُهُ بِيَدِكَ».

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

57. |allaahumma-hdinee feeman hadayt(a), wa-ζaaafinee feeman ζaaafayt(a), wa-tawallanee feemanj tawllayt(a), wa-baarik lee feemaa aζTayt(a), wa-qinee sharra maa qaDayt(a), innaka taqDee wa-laa yuqDaa ζalayk(a), wa-innah(u) laa yaḍillu maw-waalayt(a), wa-laa yaζizzu man ζaadayt(a), tabaarakta rabbanaa wa-taζaalayt|

"O Allah, guide me among those You guide. Grant me safety among those You grant safety. Take me into Your care among those You take into Your care. Bless what You give me. Protect me from the evil You have decreed. Verily, You decree, but nothing is decreed for You; whomever You take care of is never humiliated, and whomever You take as an enemy is never honoured. Our Lord, blessed and exalted be You."⁽¹⁰⁵⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ اهْدِنِي فِيمَنْ هَدَيْتَ، وَعَافِنِي فِيمَنْ عَافَيْتَ،
وَتَوَلَّنِي فِيمَنْ تَوَلَّيْتَ، وَبَارِكْ لِي فِيمَا أُعْطِيتَ، وَقِنِي شَرًّا

|a| = happy; |aa| = lamb; |aa| = star; |ay| = find; |d| = bad;
|ḍ| = this; |D| = dumb; |ee| = meat; |gh| = Paris); |h| = has;
|ḥ| = hulm (Arabic dream);

مَا قَضَيْتَ، [ف] إِنَّكَ تَقْضِي وَلَا يُقْضَى عَلَيْكَ، وَإِنَّهُ لَا
يَذِلُّ مَنْ وَالَيْتَ، [وَلَا يَعْزُّ مَنْ عَادَيْتَ]، تَبَارَكْتَ رَبَّنَا
وَتَعَالَيْتَ».

58. */allaahumma munzil-alkitaab(i), wa mujriyas-sahaab(i), wa haazim-alahzaab(i), ihzimhum wanSurnaa ζalayhim/*

"O Allah, You are the One that has sent down the Book, the One that makes clouds travel, and the One that has defeated the *ahzaab* (the disbelieving coalition forces that invaded Medina). Defeat them (the enemies) and give us victory over them."⁽¹⁰⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ مُنْزِلَ الْكِتَابِ، وَمُجْرِي السَّحَابِ، وَهَازِمَ
الْأَحْزَابِ، إِهْزِمْهُمْ وَأَنْصِرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ».

59. */allaahumma rahmataka arjuu, falaa takilnee ilaa nafsee Tarfata ζayn, wa aSliħ lee sha'nee kullah, laa ilaaha illaa ant/*

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she;
|th| = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow;
|z| = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

"O Allah, it is Your mercy I am seeking. So, let me not give in to myself for the span of an eye's wink. Make good all my affairs. There is no God but You."⁽¹⁰⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ رَحْمَتَكَ أَرْجُو، فَلَا تَكِلْنِي إِلَى نَفْسِي طَرْفَةَ عَيْنٍ، وَأَصْلِحْ لِي شَأْنِي كُلَّهُ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ.»

60. *|allaahumma innee as-alukal-hudaa wat-tuqaa, wal-ḥafaafa wal-ghinaa|*

"O Allah! I am praying to You for guidance, piety, chastity and wealth."⁽¹⁰⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْهُدَى وَالتَّقَى، وَالْعَفَافَ وَالْغِنَى.»

61. *|allaahumma innee asalukal-ḥaafiyata fid-dunyaa wal-aakhirah, allaahumma innee asalukal-ḥaafiyata fee deenee wa dunyaaya, wa ahlee wa maalee, allaahumma-satur ḥawraatee wa aamir-rawḥaatee, allaahumma-hafaḥnee mimbayni yadayya,*

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

wa min khalfee, wa ζay-yameenee wa ζaj-shimaalee, wamiñ fawqee, wa aζuuđu bi-ζaŽamatika an ughtaala miñ taħtee/

"O Allah, I ask You for health in this world and in the Hereafter. O Allah, I ask You for forgiveness, for soundness of faith and for security in this world and safety of my family and of my wealth. O Allah, keep my *awraat* (body parts - secrets, too - forbidden to be revealed to others) concealed, and protect me from being terrorized. O Allah, protect me from the front and the back, from my right and my left and from above, and I seek refuge in Your Magnificence from being swallowed (by the earth) from beneath."⁽¹⁰⁹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَافِيَةَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ، اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَفْوَ وَالْعَافِيَةَ فِي دِينِي وَدُنْيَايَ، وَأَهْلِي وَمَالِي، اللَّهُمَّ اسْتُرْ عَوْرَاتِي وَآمِنْ رَوْعَاتِي، اللَّهُمَّ احْفَظْنِي مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْ وَمِنْ خَلْفِي، وَعَنْ يَمِينِي وَعَنْ شِمَالِي، وَمِنْ فَوْقِي، وَأَعُوذُ بِعَظَمَتِكَ أَنْ أُغْتَالَ مِنْ تَحْتِي».

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Ž/* = Thus

62. *|allaahumma innee as-aluka min-alkhayri kullih(i), ζaajilihi wa aajilih, maa ζalimtu minhu wa maa lam aζlam, wa aζuuđu bika minash-sharri kullih(i) ζaajilihi wa aajilih, maa ζalimtu minhu wa maa lam aζlam, wa asalukal-jannata wa maa qarraba ilayhaa minj qawlin aw ζamal, wa aζuuđu bika min-annaari wa maa qarraba ilayhaa minj qawlin aw ζamal,wa asaluka khayra maa sa-alaka ζabduka wa rasuuluka muħammad, wa aζuuđu bika minj sharri ma-staζaađa bika minhu ζabduka wa rasuuluka muħammad, wa asaluka maa qaDyata lee min amrin an tajζala ζaaqibatahu rashadaa/*

"O Allah, I beg You to give me of all good, now and later, be it known to me or not. I seek refuge in You from all evil, now and later, be it known to me or not. I beg You to let me into Heaven, and to guide me to whatever sayings and actions lead to it. I ask of You whatever good your slave and Prophet Muhammad asked of You. I seek your protection from the

|a| = happy; *|aa|* = lamb; *|aa|* = star; *|ay|* = find; *|d|* = bad; *|đ|* = this; *|D|* = dumb; *|ee|* = meat; *|gh|* = Paris); *|h|* = has; *|ħ|* = hulm (Arabic dream);

evil Your Prophet and slave Muhammad sought of You. I beg You to make whatever You ordain for me to have a successful conclusion."⁽¹¹⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ مِنَ الْخَيْرِ كُلِّهِ عَاجِلِهِ وَآجِلِهِ، مَا عَلِمْتُ مِنْهُ وَمَا لَمْ أَعْلَمْ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الشَّرِّ كُلِّهِ عَاجِلِهِ وَآجِلِهِ، مَا عَلِمْتُ مِنْهُ وَمَا لَمْ أَعْلَمْ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَا قَرَّبَ إِلَيْهَا مِنْ قَوْلٍ أَوْ عَمَلٍ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ النَّارِ وَمَا قَرَّبَ إِلَيْهَا مِنْ قَوْلٍ أَوْ عَمَلٍ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ مَا سَأَلَكَ عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُولُكَ مُحَمَّدٌ ﷺ، وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا اسْتَعَاذَ بِكَ مِنْهُ عَبْدُكَ وَرَسُولُكَ مُحَمَّدٌ ﷺ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ مَا قَضَيْتَ لِي مِنْ أَمْرٍ أَنْ تَجْعَلَ عَاقِبَتَهُ رَشْدًا».

63. */allaahumma innee asaluka fiʔlalkhayraat, wa tarkal-munjkaraat, wa hubbalmasaakeen, wa idaa aratta bi ʔibaadika fitnatanʔ faqbiDnee ialyka ghayra maftuun/*

"O Allah, I beg You to make me do good

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Ž/* = Thus

things, shun reprehensible things, and love the helpless. If You plan to afflict Your slaves with faith trials, I beg You to make me die without affliction."⁽¹¹¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ فِعْلَ الْخَيْرَاتِ، وَتَرْكَ الْمُنْكَرَاتِ، وَحُبَّ الْمَسَاكِينِ، وَإِذَا أَرَدْتَ بِعِبَادِكَ فِتْنَةً فَأَقْبِضْنِي إِلَيْكَ غَيْرَ مَفْتُونٍ».

64. *|allaahumma bi ζilmikal-ghayb(a), wa qudratika ζalal-khalq, ahiyinee maa ζalimtal-hayaata khayral-lee, wa-tawaffanee idaa ζalimtal-wafaata khayral-lee, allaahumma wa as-aluka khashyataka fil-ghaybi wash-shahaadah, wa as-aluka kalimatal-haqqi fir-riDaa wal-ghaDab, wa as-alukal-qaSda fil faqri walghinaa, wa as-aluka nζeemal-laa yanfaḍ, wa as-aluka qurrata ζaynil-laa tanqaTiζ, wa as-alukar-riDaa baζdal-qaDaa', wa as-aluka bardal-ζayshi baζdal-mawt, wa asaluka laḍḍatan-naŽari ilaa wajhik, wash-*

|a| = happy; *|aa|* = lamb; *|aa|* = star; *|ay|* = find; *|d|* = bad; *|ḍ|* = this; *|D|* = dumb; *|ee|* = meat; *|gh|* = Paris); *|h|* = has; *|ħ|* = hulm (Arabic dream);

shawqa ilaa liqaa-ika fee ghayri Darraa'a muDirrah, wa laa fitnatim-muDillah, allaahumma zayyinna bizeenatil-eemaan, wa-j̣alnaa hudaatam-muhtadeen/

"O Allah! As You are the Knower of the unseen and the One capable of creating, keep me alive if, in Your Knowledge, living is better for me, but take my life if death is better for me. O Allah, I beg You to make me fear You in private and in public. I beg You to make me say the truth when pleased or angry. I beg You to make me a careful spender when poor or rich. I beg you to grant me blessings that never end, and continued satisfaction. I beg You to make me pleased with whatever You ordain. I beg You to give me a comfortable life after death. I beg You to bless me with the pleasure of seeing Your Face and meeting You without being exposed to harms or misleading temptations. O Allah, beautify us with faith, make us rightly guided, and let us promote Your guidance."⁽¹¹²⁾

|i| = sit; *|ŋ|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she; *|th|* = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow; *|z|* = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

«اللَّهُمَّ بِعِلْمِكَ الْغَيْبِ وَقُدْرَتِكَ عَلَى الْخَلْقِ؛ أَحْيِنِي مَا عَلِمْتَ الْحَيَاةَ خَيْرًا لِي، وَتَوَفَّنِي إِذَا عَلِمْتَ الْوَفَاةَ خَيْرًا لِي، اللَّهُمَّ وَأَسْأَلُكَ خَشْيَتِكَ فِي الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ كَلِمَةَ الْحَقِّ فِي الرِّضَا وَالْعُصْبِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ الْقَصْدَ فِي الْفَقْرِ وَالْغِنَى، وَأَسْأَلُكَ نَعِيمًا لَا يَنْفَدُ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ قُرَّةَ عَيْنٍ لَا تَنْقَطِعُ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ الرِّضَاءَ بَعْدَ الْقَضَاءِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ بَرْدَ الْعَيْشِ بَعْدَ الْمَوْتِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ لَذَّةَ النَّظَرِ إِلَى وَجْهِكَ وَالشُّوقَ إِلَى لِقَائِكَ فِي غَيْرِ ضَرَاءٍ مُضِرَّةٍ وَلَا فِتْنَةٍ مُضِلَّةٍ، اللَّهُمَّ زِينًا بِرِيئَةِ الْإِيمَانِ، وَاجْعَلْنَا هُدَاةً مُهْتَدِينَ».

65. *|allaahumma innee asaluka Sihhatañ fee eemaan, wa eemaanañ fee husni khuluq, wa najaahay yatbaçuhu falaah, wa rahimatom-minka wa çaafiyah, wa maghfiratam-minka wa riDwaanaa|*

"O Allah, I beg You to grant me health with faith, faith with good conduct, success followed by further success, mercy and

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

healing, and Your forgiveness and Your satisfaction."⁽¹¹³⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ صِحَّةً فِي إِيمَانٍ، وَإِيمَانًا فِي حُسْنِ خُلُقِي، وَنَجَاحًا يَتَّبِعُهُ فَلَاحٌ، وَرَحْمَةً مِنْكَ وَعَافِيَةً، وَمَغْفِرَةً مِنْكَ وَرِضْوَانًا».

66. *|allaahumma innaka ζafuwuwj tuhibbul-ζafwa faζfu ζannee|*

"O Allah, You are great in pardoning, and You love to pardon. Grant me Your pardon."⁽¹¹⁴⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ عَفُوٌّ تُحِبُّ الْعَفْوَ فَاعْفُ عَنِّي».

67. *|rabbi aζinnee wa laa tuζin ζalayy(a), waηSurnee wa laa taηSur ζalayy(a), wamkur lee wa laa tamkur ζalayy, wahdinee wa yassir liyal-hudaa, waηSurnee ζalaa mam-baghaa ζalayy(a), rabbi-jζalnee laka shakkaaraa, laka đakkaaraa, laka rahhaabaa, laka*

|i| = sit; *|η|* = tank / ring; *|s|* = set; *|S|* = sum; *|sh|* = she; *|th|* = think; *|T|* = tub; *|u|* = could; *|uu|* = food; *|w|* = cow; *|z|* = zero; *|Ž|* = Thus

*miTwaaḥaa, laka mukhbitaa, ilayka
awwaaham-muneebaa, rabbi-taqabbal
tawbatee, wa-ghsil ḥawbatee, wa-ajib
daḥwatee, wa thabbit ḥujjatee, wa saddid
lisaanee, wa-hdi qalbee, waslul sakheemata
SaDree/*

"O Allah, help me, but help not against me. Support me, but support not against me. Plan for me, but plan not against me. Guide me, and make guidance easy for me. Give me victory over whoever persecutes me. O Allah, make me thank You profusely, remember You regularly, fear You greatly, obey You consistently, submit to You wholly, and relent unto You often. O Allah, accept my repentance, cleanse my conscience, answer my prayers, strengthen my arguments, perfect my tongue, guide my heart and remove envy from my inside."⁽¹¹⁵⁾

«رَبِّ أَعْنِي وَلَا تُعِنِّ عَلَيَّ، وَأَنْصُرْنِي وَلَا تَنْصُرْ عَلَيَّ،
وَأْمُرْ لِي وَلَا تَمُرْ عَلَيَّ، وَاهْدِنِي وَيَسِّرْ لِي الْهُدَى،

*[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad;
[ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has;
[ḥ] = hulm (Arabic dream);*

وَأَنْصُرْنِي عَلَى مَنْ بَغَى عَلَيَّ، رَبِّ اجْعَلْنِي لَكَ شَكَاراً،
لَكَ ذَكَاراً، لَكَ رَهَاباً، لَكَ مِطْوَاعاً، لَكَ مُحِبّاً، إِلَيْكَ
أَوَاهاً مُنِيباً، رَبِّ تَقَبَّلْ تَوْبَتِي، وَاغْسِلْ حَوْبَتِي، وَأَجِبْ
دَعْوَتِي، وَثَبِّتْ حُجَّتِي، وَسَدِّدْ لِسَانِي، وَاهْدِ قَلْبِي،
وَاسْلُلْ سَخِيمَةَ صَدْرِي».

68. /*allaahumma ahyinee maa kaanatil-
hayaatu khairal-lee, wa-tawaffanee idaa
kaanantil-wafaatu khayral-lee*/

"O Allah! Keep me alive so long as life is (in Your Knowledge) better for me, but take my life if death is (in Your Knowledge) better for me."⁽¹¹⁶⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ أَحْيِنِي مَا كَانَتِ الْحَيَاةُ خَيْرًا لِي، وَتَوَفَّنِي إِذَا
كَانَتِ الْوَفَاةُ خَيْرًا لِي».

69. /*allaahumma bismika ahyaa wa-bismika
amuut*/

|i| = sit; |ŋ| = tank / ring; |s| = set; |S| = sum; |sh| = she;
|th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
|z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

"O Allah! In Your name I live, and in Your name I die."⁽¹¹⁷⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ بِاسْمِكَ أَحْيَا، وَبِاسْمِكَ أَمُوتُ».

70. *|allaahumma qinee ζadaabaka yawma tabζathu ζibaadak|*

"O Allah, keep me away from torment on the Day when You resurrect Your slaves."⁽¹¹⁸⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ قِنِي عَذَابَكَ يَوْمَ تَبْعَثُ عِبَادَكَ».

71. *|allaahumma-ghfir lee warhamnee, wajζalnee maζar-rafeeqil-aζlaa, maζal-ladeena anζamal-laahu ζalayhim mina-annabiyyeena wa-SSiddeeqeena wash-shuhadaa-i wa-SSaaliheen(a), wa-hiasuna ulaa-ika rafeeqaa|*

"O Allah! Forgive my sins, have mercy on me, and make me with the Highest Companions, "... with those unto whom Allah has shown

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has; *[ḥ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

favor, of the Prophets and the saints and the martyrs and the righteous. The best of company are they!” ^{“(119)”} [Surat An-Nissaa’].

«اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَارْحَمْنِي ، واجْعَلْنِي مَعَ الرَّفِيقِ الْأَعْلَى
 ﴿مَعَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَالصِّدِّيقِينَ وَالشُّهَدَاءِ
 وَالصَّالِحِينَ وَحَسُنَ أُولَئِكَ رَفِيقًا﴾ [النساء: ٦٩].»

72. |*allaahummaaati nafsee taqwaahaa, wa zakkihaa anja khayru maj zakkaahaa, anja waliyyuhaa wa mawlaahaa, allaahumma innee aʕuuḍu bika min ʕilmil-laa yanfaʕ(u), wa-min qalbil-laa yakhshaʕ(u), wa-min nafsil-laa tashbaʕ(u), wa-min daʕwatil-laa yustajaabu lahaa*|

"O Allah, I beg You to grant my soul its proper *taqwa*, and to refine it. You are the best in refining. You are its Helper and Master. O Allah, I seek refuge in You from knowledge that is not beneficial, a heart that is not submissive, a soul that is not

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 |th| = think; |T| = tub; |u| = could; |uu| = food; |w| = cow;
 |z| = zero; |Ž| = Thus

contented, and a supplication that is not answerable."⁽¹²⁰⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ آتِ نَفْسِي تَقْوَاهَا، وَزَكَّهَا أَنْتَ خَيْرٌ مِنْ زَكَّاهَا، أَنْتَ وَلِيِّهَا وَمَوْلَاهَا، اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ عِلْمٍ لَا يَنْفَعُ، وَمِنْ قَلْبٍ لَا يَخْشَعُ، وَمِنْ نَفْسٍ لَا تَشْبَعُ، وَمِنْ دَعْوَةٍ لَا يُسْتَجَابُ لَهَا».

73. /*allaahumma innee as-aluka khayral-masalah, wa khayrad-duaa', wa khayran-najaafi, wa khayral-ζamal, wa khayrath-thawaab, wa khayral-hiayaati wa khayral-mamaat, wa thabbitnee, wa thaqqil mawaazeenee, wa haqqiq eemaanee, warfaζ darajaatee, wa taqabbal Salaatee, waghfir khaTee-atee, wa as-alukad-darajaatil-ζulaa minal-jannah, aameen/*

/allaahumma innee as-aluka fawaatiħal-khayri wa khawaatimah(u) wa jawaamiζah(u), wa awwalah(u) wa aakhirah(u), wa ζaahirah(u) wa baatinah(u), wad-darajaatil-ζulaa minal-

[a] = happy; [aa] = lamb; [aa] = star; [ay] = find; [d] = bad; [ḍ] = this; [D] = dumb; [ee] = meat; [gh] = Paris; [h] = has; [ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

jannah, aameen/

/allaahumma innee as-aluka khayra maa aatee, wa khayra maa aʿfal, wa khayra maa aʿmal, wa khayra maa baTana, wa khayra maa Zahar(a), wad-darajaatil-ʿulaa minal-jannah, aameen/

/allaahumma innee as-aluka an tarfaʿa dīkree, wa taDaʿa wizree, wa tuSliha amree, wa tuTahhira qalbee, wa tuḥaSSina farjee, wa tunawwira qalbee, wa taghfira lee dāmbree, wa as-aluka ad-darajaatil-ʿulaa minal-jannah, aameen/

/allaahumma innee as-aluka an tubaarika lee nafsee, wa fee samʿee, wa fee baSaree, wa fee ruuḥee, wa fee khalqee, wa fee khuluqee, wa fee ahlee, wa fee maḥiyaaya, wa fee mamaatee, wa fee ʿamalee, wa taqabbal ḥasanaatee, wa as-alukad-darajaatil-ʿulaa minal-jannah, aameen/

"O Allah, I beg You to make my asking You best and my supplication best. I beg of you the

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best success, the best work, the best rewards, the best life and the best death. I beg You to make my scales heavy with rewards, to make me strong in faith, to raise me in rank, to accept my prayers, and to forgive my sins. I beg you to put me on the highest level in Heaven. Amen."

"O Allah, I beg You to grant me good's opening and good's closing, comprehensive good, good in the beginning and good in the end, and good in the outside and good in the inside, and I beg You to put me in the highest level in Heaven. Ameen."

"O Allah, I beg You to make best my achievements, to make best my acts, to make best my deeds, and to make best my inside and my outside. I beg you to put me on the highest level in Heaven. Amen."

"O Allah, I beg You to raise my remembrance, to remove my burdens, to make good my affairs, to purify my heart, to

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad; *[ḍ]* = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris; *[h]* = has; *[ħ]* = hulm (Arabic dream);

protect my private parts, to enlighten my heart, and to forgive my sins. I beg you to put me on the highest level in Heaven. Amen."

"O Allah, I beg You to bless me, bless my hearing, bless my eyesight, bless my soul, bless my body, bless my manners, bless my family, bless my life, bless my death, and bless my work. Accept my good deeds. I beg you to put me on the highest level in Heaven. Amen."⁽¹²¹⁾

«اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ الْمَسْأَلَةِ وَخَيْرَ الدُّعَاءِ وَخَيْرَ النَّجَاحِ، وَخَيْرَ الْعَمَلِ وَخَيْرَ الثَّوَابِ، وَخَيْرَ الْحَيَاةِ وَخَيْرَ الْمَمَاتِ، وَتَبَتَّنِي وَثَقَّلْ مَوَازِينِي، وَحَقِّقْ إِيْمَانِي وَارْفَعْ دَرَجَاتِي، وَتَقَبَّلْ صَلَاتِي، وَاعْفِرْ خَطِيئَتِي، وَأَسْأَلُكَ الدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ، آمِينَ. اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ فَوَاتِحَ الْخَيْرِ وَخَوَاتِمَهُ، وَجَوَامِعَهُ، وَأَوَّلَهُ وَآخِرَهُ، وَظَاهِرَهُ وَبَاطِنَهُ، وَالدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ، آمِينَ. اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ مَا آتَى، وَخَيْرَ مَا أَفْعَلُ، وَخَيْرَ مَا أَعْمَلُ، وَخَيْرَ مَا بَطَّنَ وَخَيْرَ مَا ظَهَرَ، وَالدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى

/i/ = sit; */ŋ/* = tank / ring; */s/* = set; */S/* = sum; */sh/* = she;
/th/ = think; */T/* = tub; */u/* = could; */uu/* = food; */w/* = cow;
/z/ = zero; */Ž/* = Thus

مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ، آمِينَ. اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ أَنْ تَرْفَعَ ذِكْرِي،
وَتَضَعِ وِزْرِي، وَتُصَلِّحَ أَمْرِي، وَتُطَهِّرَ قَلْبِي، وَتُحَصِّنَ
فَرْجِي، وَتُنَوِّرَ قَلْبِي، وَتَغْفِرَ لِي ذَنْبِي، وَأَسْأَلُكَ
الدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ، آمِينَ. اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ
أَنْ تُبَارِكَ لِي نَفْسِي، وَفِي سَمْعِي، وَفِي بَصَرِي، وَفِي
رُوحِي، وَفِي خُلُقِي، وَفِي خُلُقِي، وَفِي أَهْلِي، وَفِي
مَحْيَايَ، وَفِي مَمَاتِي، وَفِي عَمَلِي، وَتَقَبَّلْ حَسَنَاتِي،
وَأَسْأَلُكَ الدَّرَجَاتِ الْعُلَى مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ، آمِينَ».

Thus, by Allah's Grace, this work comes to a close. It contains comprehensive supplications from the Glorious Qur'an and the Sunnah.

May Allah's peace and prayers be upon Muhammad ﷺ, the Seal of Prophets and Imam of Messengers, his kin, his wives, his offspring, his Companions, and his followers till the Resurrection Day. Amen.

All praise be to Allah, Lord of the worlds.

[a] = happy; *[aa]* = lamb; *[aa]* = star; *[ay]* = find; *[d]* = bad;
[ḍ] = this; *[D]* = dumb; *[ee]* = meat; *[gh]* = Paris); *[h]* = has;
[ħ] = hulm (Arabic dream);

Endnotes

- (1) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No.1479, and *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3372.
- (2) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 7474, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 198.
- (3) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 4723, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 447.
- (4) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 1497, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 1078.
- (5) Annawawi's *Adhkaar*, the chapter on the prayers related to *Zakaah*.
- (6) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6378, and *Sahih Muslim*, Book of the Virtues of the Companions, Hadith No. 2480.
- (7) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 832, and *Sahih Muslim*, Book of Mosques, Hadith No. 589.
- (8) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3370.
- (9) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1488, and *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3556.
- (10) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2139.
- (11) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3548.

- (12) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3573, and *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 2/448.
- (13) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 1015.
- (14) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3477. & *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1481. & Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/230.
- (15) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6338, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2678.
- (16) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6340, and *Sahih Muslim* Hadith No. 2735.
- (17) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6337.
- (18) *Sunan Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 3864. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Ibn Maajah*, Hadith No. 3116.
- (19) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6409, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2704.
- (20) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6343, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 894.
- (21) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 1014, and Hadith No. 6342.
- (22) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 1031, and Hadith No. 6341, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 895.
- (23) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3479. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2766.
- (24) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No.6409, and *Sahih Muslim*, Book of Calls, Hadith No. 2189.

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- (25) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 2215, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2743.
- (26) Al-'Azeem Aabaadi's *'Awnul-Ma'buud*, Hadith No. 4/209.
- (27) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1482, and *Sahih Ibn-Hibbaan*, Hadith No. 2412.
- (28) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 482.
- (29) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3598.
- (30) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3585. & *Muwatta' Al-Imaam Maalik*, Hadith No. 1-422. & See Annawawi's *Al-Adhkaar*. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Al-Jaami'*, Hadith No. 3274.
- (31) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 1348.
- (32) Meaning derived from Al-Imaam Annawawi's *Al-Adhkaar* in the section on the recommended Adhkaar and supplications for the Arafah Day.
- (33) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadiths No.1660 and No. 1663.
- (34) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No.1662.
- (35) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3475. & *Sunan Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 3857. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Ibn Maajah*, Hadith No. 311. & Al-Mundhiri's *Attargheeb wat-Tarheeb*, Hadith 2/485.
- (36) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No.1496, and *Sahih*

- Muslim*, Hadith No. 19.
- (37) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3513, and *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 6/171.
- (38) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3448. & *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 2/258.
- (39) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 521, and *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 212.
- (40) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 935, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 852.
- (41) See: Annawawi's *Al-Adhkaar*, the section on *Salawaat Makhsuusah* (Special Prayers), the chapter on recommended remembrance and supplications on Friday.
- (42) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 853.
- (43) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadiths No. 2/284, No. 5/284 and No. 3/430.
- (44) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1048. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 491. & *Sunan Annasaaey*, Hadith No. 1431.
- (45) See: Ibn-Al-Qayyim's *Zad Al-Ma'ad*, Vol.1, p.131, the chapter on Answering Supplication During a Friday Hour.
- (46) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No.1145, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No.758.
- (47) Arrangement of Qur'anic Ayahs is meant to

facilitate learning by heart and using them in relevant situations.

- (48) The mentioned Suras are selected for their virtues and relevance.
- (49) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6346, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2730.
- (50) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 4114, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2724.
- (51) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3505. & Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 2/382. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2785.
- (52) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3524. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2796.
- (53) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No.1525, & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1349. & *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 6/369.
- (54) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 4799. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No.769.
- (55) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 477. The Arabic word */mil-a/* (the fill of) is also pronounced */mil-u/*. In his *Sharh Sahih Muslim*, p. 4/193 and p. 6/59, Annawawi argues for */mil-a/*, as the most widely used.
- (56) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 486.

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- (57) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 3370, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 405.
- (58) *Op. cit.*, Endnote No. 35.
- (59) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 834, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2704.
- (60) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No.5052. In his book *Aladhkaar*, Annawawi considers the Hadith sound, and so does Ibn-Hajar in his *Nataaij Al-Afkaar (Products of Thoughts)*.
- (61) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 3/419. & *Muwatta' Maalik*, Hadith No. 51/4. *Al-Bukhari's Grand History*, No. 3/1/248. & *Al-Bayhaqi's Ad-Dalaael*. & *AL-Mundhiri's Attargheeb wat-Tarheeb*, No. 2/457. & *Al-Muttaqi Al-Hindi's Kanz Al-Ummaal*, No. 2/665. & *Al-Albaani's Sahih Al-Jaami' Alsagheer*, No. 74.
- (62) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 775. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 242.
- (63) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2708. & *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 5/364.
- (64) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 2/181. & *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 3893. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3528.
- (65) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2867.
- (66) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No.7383, and *Sahih*

- Muslim*, Hadith No. 2717.
- (67) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 4/304.
- (68) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2739.
- (69) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2716.
- (70) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3492. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2775.
- (71) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 2893. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 1365.
- (72) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6347, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2707.
- (73) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6377, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 589.
- (74) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6368, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 589.
- (75) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6367, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2607.
- (76) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 1377. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 588.
- (77) *Sunan Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5467. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5048.
- (78) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3591.
- (79) *Sunan Abu-Daawud*, Hadith No. 1547. Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawud*, Hadith No. 1368. & *Sunan Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5470. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5051.

- (80) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1552. & *Sunan Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5533. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No.1388, and Al-Albaani's *Sahih Annasaay*, Hadith No. 5104.
- (81) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No.771.
- (82) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No.770.
- (83) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2713.
- (84) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3392. & *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2701.
- (85) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadiths No. 6306 and No. 6323.
- (86) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadiths No. 6398 and No. 6399. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2719.
- (87) Ibid.
- (88) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 483.
- (89) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2697.
- (90) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3500. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Al-Jaai' As-Sagheer*, Hadith No. 1265.
- (91) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 5054. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No.4226. & Al-'Azeem Aabaadi's *'Awnul-Ma'buud*, Hadith No. 13/199.
- (92) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 1/391. & Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/905. &

- Sahih Ibn-Hibbaan*, Hadith No. 972. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Series*, Hadith No. 198.
- (93) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 6316, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 763.
- (94) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3563.
- (95) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 75, Hadith No. 3756, and Hadith No. 143.
- (96) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hdaith No. 1982, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2480.
- (97) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 3036, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2475.
- (98) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2725.
- (99) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2720.
- (100) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 5090. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 4245. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3480.
- (101) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 744, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 598.
- (102) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3502. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2783.
- (103) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3599. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2845.
- (104) Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/524. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Al-Jaami' As-Sagheer*, Hadith No. 1301.

- (105) In all the *Sunan* books:
- *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1425.
 - *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 464.
 - *Sunan Annasaaey*, Hadith No. 1746.
 - *Sunan Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 1178.
 - Al-Bayhaqiy's *As-Sunan Al-Kubraa*, Hadith No. 2/209.
 - *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 1/199.
 - Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 3/171. Adhdhahabiy agrees with Al-Haakim, and he rates the Hadith as *sahih* (sound). See: Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1263; Al-Albaani's *Sahih Annasaaey*, Hadith No. 1647; and Al-Albaani's *Sahih Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 967.
- (106) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 3025. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 1741.
- (107) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 5090. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 4246.
- (108) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2721.
- (109) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 5074. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 4239.
- (110) Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/521. Adhdhahabiy agrees with Al-Haakim.
- (111) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3233. & Al-

- Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2580.
- (112) *Sunan Annasaay*, Hadith No. 1306. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Annasaay*, Hadith No. 1237. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Al-Jaami' As-Sagheer*, Hadith No. 1301. & Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/523.
- (113) *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 2/321. & Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/522.
- (114) *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3513. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2789. & *Musnad Ahmad*, Hadith No. 6/171.
- (115) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1510. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 1337. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3551 & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2816. & *Sunan Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 3830. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Ibn-Maajah*, Hadith No. 3088. & See: Ibn Al-Atheer's *Annahaayah (The End)*, No. 2/351.
- (116) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 5671, and *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2680.
- (117) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2710.
- (118) *Sunan Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 5045. & Al-Albaani's *Sahih Abu-Daawuud*, Hadith No. 4218. & *Sunan Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 3398. & Al-

- Albaani's *Sahih Attermidhiy*, Hadith No. 2705.
- (119) *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Hadith No. 4440. & *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2444.
- (120) *Sahih Muslim*, Hadith No. 2722.
- (121) Al-Haakim's *Al-Mustadrak*, Hadith No. 1/519. Al-Haakim rates the Hadith as *sahih* (sound), and he calls the *du'aa'* "comprehensive supplication".

By Allah's Grace, **Comprehensive Du'aa'** (Book Two in **The Believer's Provision Series**) is completed, but to be followed by **Daily and Nightly Supplications** (Book Three in **The Believer's Provision Series**).

Publications by the Author

1. *Raghbah* (an Arabic-English edition)
2. *Your Guide to Raghbah* (Arabic - English)
3. *Al-Jeraisy Family* (Arabic - English)
4. *Selected Documents on Saudi-Egyptian Relations during the Reign of King Abdul-Aziz Al-Saud, Volumes 1-3* (Arabic)
5. *Time Management from Islamic and Administrative Perspectives* (Arabic - English)
6. *Administrative Leadership from Islamic and Administrative Perspectives* (Arabic - English)
7. *Consumer Behavior: An Analytical Study of The Saudi Family's Purchase Decisions (Purchasing Computers)* (Arabic - English)
8. *Tribalism from an Islamic Perspective* (Arabic)
9. *A Critique of the Role of Art* (Arabic)
10. *Virtues of Polygamy,* (Arabic - English)
11. *Muslim Women: Where to?* (Arabic)
12. *Delinquency: Treatment in Light of the Qur'an and the Sunnah* (Arabic)
13. *Protection from Satan's Temptations* (Arabic)
14. *Guarding against Magic* (Arabic)
15. *Legal Ruqya* (Arabic)

16. *Treatment and Ruqya as Practised
by the Prophet.* (Arabic)

17. *Ruqya of the Righteous.* (Arabic)

The following booklets in the Believer's Provision Series:

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Prayers* (Arabic - English)

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Book 2: Fatwas on Beliefs (Section 2) (Arabic)

Book 3: Fatwas on Beliefs (Section 3) (Arabic)

*Book 4: Fatwas on Intentions,
Cleanliness and Salaah* (Arabic)

- Book 5: Fatwas on Zakaah, Fasting, Hajj and Omrah* (Arabic)
- Book 6: Fatwas on Marriage, Divorce and Treatment of Wives* (Arabic)
- Book 7: Fatwas on Sales, Transactions and Usury* (Arabic)
- Book 8: Fatwas on Medicine, Ruqya Treatment, Amulets and Magic* (Arabic)
- Book 9: Fatwas for Women* (Arabic)
- Book 10: Fatwas on Manners* (Arabic)
- Book 11: Fatwas on Religious Knowledge, Ijtihaad and Daawah* (Arabic)
- Book 12: Miscellaneous Fatwas* (Arabic)

The following Arabic reference books jointly investigated - co-investigator: Dr. Saad Ibn Abdullah Al-Humayyid:

30. *Kitaab Al-'Ilal (Book of Defects of Hadith Evaluation)* by Ibn Abi Hatim
31. *Mu'jam Al-Tabaraani: Part of Vol. 21, in Musnad Al-Nu'man Ibn Basheer*
32. Vol. 13, *Mu'jam Al-Tabaraani*
33. *Su'aalat Assulami Liddaara-Qutniy (Questions put by Assulami to Al-Daara-Qutniy)*
34. Ibn Al-Jawzi's *Afat Ashaab Al-Hadeeth (The Problem with Hadith Researchers)*