

Experimental Test for Third Secondary form 2017/2018

Answer the following questions:-

(1) A particle moves in a straight line, such that: $S = 3e^{t+2}$, then its initial velocity equals

- (a) 3
- (b) e
- (c) e^2
- (d) $3e^2$

(2) If $V = 3t^2 - 2t$, then the distance covered within the time interval $[0, 2]$ length unit

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 4
- (d) 10

(3) A body moves in a straight line such that $a = (2t-6) \text{ m/sec}^2$. Calculate the mass of the body if the change of the momentum in the interval $3 \leq t \leq 5$ equals 32 kg.m/sec

(4) If a body moves under the action of the force $F = 4s^3$ newton, then the work done by this force from $s = 0$ to $s = 2 \text{ m}$ equals

(a) 16 erg

(b) 16 Joule

(c) 32 erg

(d) 32 Joule

(5) A particle moves under the action of a constant force \vec{F} newton on a body and its displacement vector \vec{S} is given as a function of time by the relation $\vec{S} = (3t^2 + t)\hat{i} - 4t\hat{j}$. Find \vec{F} if the power of the force \vec{F} equals 75 erg/ sec at $t = 4$ sec and the power of the force \vec{F} equals 165 erg/sec at $t = 5$ sec (s is measured in cm , F is measured in dyne)

(6) If the two forces $\vec{F}_1 = \hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$, $\vec{F}_2 = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 7\hat{k}$ act on a particle for a time interval of magnitude 2 second , then the magnitude of the impulse of the forces equals Newton/ sec

- (a) 5 (b) 10 (c) 25 (d) 10^6

(7) A body of mass 60 gm is placed on a rough horizontal table, then it is connected by a string passing over smooth pulley fixed at the edge of the table, the other end of the string is tied by a body of mass 38 gm suspended vertically. If the system moved from rest a distance of 70 cm in one second, calculate the coefficient of friction.

(8) A body moves in a straight line with a uniform velocity under the action of two forces

$$\vec{F}_1 = a\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}, \vec{F}_2 = 6\hat{i} + b\hat{j} - c\hat{k}, \text{ then } a + b + c = \dots \dots$$

- a) 1 b) -1 c) 2 d) 7

(9) A force $F = (3t + 1)$ newton acts upon a body at rest of mass 4 kg starting its motion from the origin point "O" on a straight line, then V after 2 sec =.....

(a) 2 cm/sec

(b) 2 m/sec

(c) 5 m/sec

(d) 9 m/sec

(10) A body is suspended in a spring balance fixed at the top of a lift. The balance reads 7 kg.wt when the lift is at rest. The balance reads 8 kg.wt when the lift moves vertically with a uniform acceleration. Find the magnitude and direction of the acceleration of the lift

(11) A body of unity mass moves under the action of a force

$\vec{F} = (a+3, b)$ with displacement vector $\vec{S} = t^2 \hat{i} + \frac{1}{2} t^2 \hat{j}$ then $a + b = \dots$

- a) 0 b) 1 c) -1 d) 2

(12) A car with a constant power, if its maximum velocity equals 54 km/ sec when it ascends an inclined plane, and its maximum velocity equals 108 km/ sec when it descends the same plane. Find the maximum velocity which the car moves on a horizontal plane knowing that the resistance of the plane to the car is a constant on the three roads.

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(14) A body of mass 2 kg is projected vertically upwards with velocity 7 m/sec , then the potential energy at the maximum height that the body reach =joule

- a)7 b) 14 c) 49 d) 98

(15) A train moves horizontally under the action of resistance proportional to the square of its velocity. If the resistance is equivalent to 45 kg.wt when its velocity 30 km/h . Calculate the maximum velocity of the train if the power of its engine equals 400 horses.

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