

4

Places

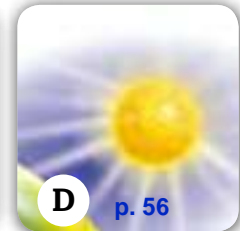
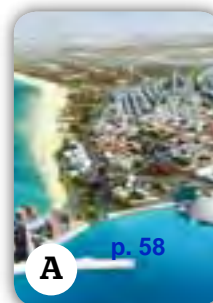
There is a lot of traffic and it's very noisy, but there are a lot of things to do here

Discuss:

- Do you live in a small town or a big city? **I live in a big city**
- What's it like where you live?
- Would you like to change anything about where you live?

I would like to live in a quieter neighbourhood

Where can you find the following in this module? Go through the module and find the pictures.



In this module you will learn...

- to make an offer, ask for permission and make polite requests
- to express possibility
- to ask for and give directions
- to refer to the location of places in a town/city
- to read a map
- to make comparisons
- to discuss life in the city and in the country
- to talk about space and our solar system
- to write about your town/city

4a

Around town

1

Vocabulary

Complete the sentences with the places in the box. Then listen and check your answers.

hairdresser's newsagent's florist's library
travel agent's chemist's post office market

- You can buy magazines and newspapers at the newsagent's.
- You can post a letter or buy stamps at the post office.
- You can borrow books from the library.
- You can get a haircut at the hairdresser's.
- You can book a holiday at the travel agent's.
- You can get medicine from the chemist's.
- You can buy fruit and vegetables at the market.
- You can buy flowers at the florist's.

2

Read

A. Listen and read. Where would you hear these dialogues? Choose from the names of the places in activity 1 and write them in the boxes.

- newsagent's (Daily News, magazine)
- travel agent's (Ponce, Puerto Rico, flights, tickets)
- library (card, borrow, book)

1

Mr Adams Hello.
Assistant Good afternoon, can I help you?
Mr Adams Yes, please. Have you got today's *Daily News*?
Assistant Yes, of course. Here you are.
Mr Adams Thanks.
Assistant Would you like anything else?
Mr Adams Yes. Have you got the magazine *Popular People*?
Assistant Hmm, there may be one on that shelf over there. Let me check.

3

Boy Hello, could I ask you something?
Man Yes, of course.
Boy I left my card at home. Can I still borrow this book?
Man No, I'm afraid you can't.
Boy But I really need this book. I can bring my card tomorrow.
Man I'm sorry. You know, there is something you can do.
Boy What's that?
Man Ask one of your friends to borrow it for you.
Boy That's a good idea. Thank you!
Man You're welcome.

2

Assistant Good morning, how can I help you?
Mr Jameson I'd like to go to Ponce in July.
Assistant Ponce, Puerto Rico?
Mr Jameson That's right. Are there any cheap flights?
Assistant Umm, I'm afraid not. Tickets are around 1100 euros. But I might find some cheap tickets for June.
Mr Jameson June? Oh, no. I want to go to a conference in July.
Assistant I haven't got anything, sorry.
Mr Jameson Thank you anyway.

B. Read again and write T for True or F for False.

Dialogue 1

- Mr Adams wants to buy two newspapers. (F)
- The man is sure he's got *Popular People*. (F)

Dialogue 2

- There are cheap flights to Ponce in July. (F)
- Mr Jameson wants to go to Puerto Rico in July. (T)

Dialogue 3

- The boy hasn't got his card with him. (T)
- The man decides to give the boy the book anyway. (F)



3 Grammar

Can / Could / May / Might

We use

- **Can I ...?, Could I ...?, May I ...?** to make an offer.
Could I get you something to drink?
- **Can I ...?, Could I ...?, May I ...?** to ask for permission.
May I use the phone?
- **Can I/you ...?, Could I/you ...?** to make polite requests and ask for a favour. **Could** is more polite.
Could you drive me to the city centre?
Can I have some coffee, please?
- **may, might** and **could** to express possibility in the present or future. **Might** expresses slight possibility.
We might go to the park, but I'm not sure.

Match.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. It's hot in here. | a. Can I borrow €50? |
| 2. You look tired. | b. May I use your phone? |
| 3. I need to call my sister. | c. Could you open the window, please? |
| 4. I'm a bit hungry. | d. It might rain. |
| 5. It's very cloudy. | e. Can I help you with the housework? |
| 6. I really want to buy this shirt. | f. I may get a sandwich. |

Go to pages 166-169 for extra grammar practice.

4 Pronunciation

A. Listen and repeat. What's the difference between a and b?

a. café b. cereal

B. Listen and tick () the sound you hear.

	café /k/	cereal /s/
medicine		
welcome		
card		
centre		
facilities		
haircut		
perfect		
voice		

5 Speak

Talk in pairs. Imagine you are the people shown in the pictures below. Ask and answer questions.

go / library / Dad?



borrow / car / tonight?



have / espresso / please?

What would you like?



help me / tidy / room?



see / ticket / please?



I'm late for work. post / letter / for me?



Can I go to the library, Dad?

Yes, of course. / Sorry, you can't.

5.Speak:

- 1.Can / Could / May I go to the library, Dad?**
- 2.Can / Could / May I borrow your car tonight?**
- 3.Can / Could I have an espresso, please?**
- 4.Can / Could you help me tidy my room?**
- 5.Can / Could / May I see your ticket, please?**
- 6.Can / Could you post this letter for me?**

4b

How do I get there?

1 Vocabulary

Listen and repeat.



traffic lights



pedestrian crossing



footbridge



bus stop



tunnel



stop sign

Go straight on



Turn left

Turn right

2 Read

A. Listen to the dialogue. Then read it out in pairs. Does Tom manage to get to level eight?

Bill Hi, Tom, my brother's got that game. What level are you on?

Tom Seven.

Bill That's quite difficult. Need some help?

Tom Yes, please. How do I get to the bank?

Bill Right, get into the police car. Go straight on and turn right at the traffic lights.

Tom Oh, there's the bank, on the left.

Bill And the bank robbers are outside the bank! They're getting into their car. Catch them!

Tom Here we go! They're going very fast. Oh no! Where did they go? I lost them.

Bill Quick, go past the bus stop and turn left.

Tom What? Do I drive into the park?

Bill No, sorry. Turn left at the end of the park.

Tom OK. Now what?

Bill Turn right at the petrol station. Hmm. What street is this?

Tom I think we're on Station Road.

Bill OK, go down Station Road and turn left into Bell Street.

Tom Do I go through the tunnel?

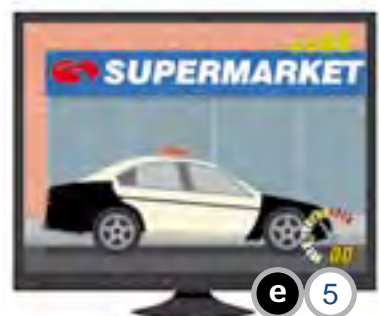
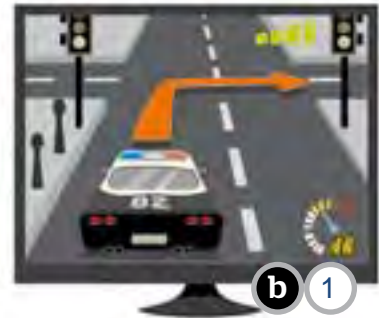
Bill No, stop the car in front of the supermarket. The bank robbers are in the house behind it.

Tom How do you know?

Bill I play this game all the time. Get out of the car, go catch them and you win.

Tom Thanks. Level eight, here I come!

B. Read again and put the pictures in the correct order. Write 1-5.

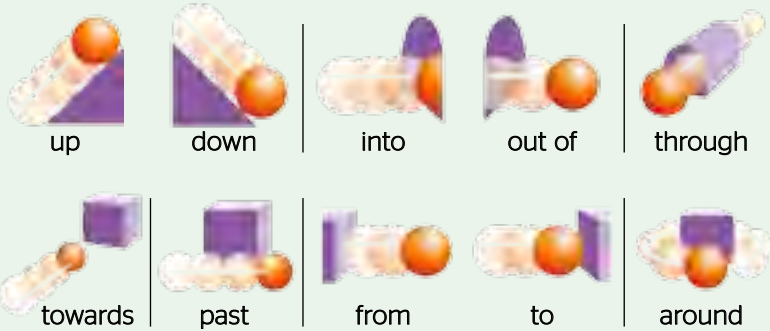


3 Grammar

Prepositions of place



Prepositions of movement



Look at the map in activity 4 and circle the correct words.

- A: Excuse me, is there a florist's near here?
 B: Yes, there's one on Sunset Road. It's **opposite** / **next to** a supermarket.
 A: How do I get there?
 B: Well, we're on Green Street now. Go straight on and **on** / **at** the traffic lights turn right. Go **past** / **through** Mint Road and turn left at the chemist's. That's Sunset Road. Go **up** / **around** this road and the florist's is on your left.
 A: Thank you very much.
- A: How do I get **from** / **at** the train station to the police station?
 B: Well, go **down** / **into** Green Street and turn right **to** / **into** George Street. The police station is on your right, **behind** / **between** the library and the post office.

Go to pages 170-173 for extra grammar practice.

4 Listen & Speak

A. Listen to two people talking and draw the route on the map.



B. Talk in pairs.

STUDENT A: Look at the map above and imagine you live in one of the blue houses. Student B wants to come to your house but doesn't know the way. Give him/her directions from the station to your house. Use the phrases in the box.

STUDENT B: You want to go to Student A's house but don't know the way. Follow Student A's directions to find his/her house.

Go down...	Turn right/left at the...
Walk towards...	Turn right/left into... Street/Road.
Go past...	It's on your right/left.
Go straight on.	

So, how do I get from the station to your house?
Go straight on and then...

4.Listen&Speak:

B.

A:So, how do I get from the station to your house?

B: Go straight on and then turn right into King Road at the traffic lights. Go straight on. Go past the bus stop and turn left into Mint Road. Go straight on and my house is on your right, next to the newsagent's and opposite the shoe shop.

A:Thanks.

1

Vocabulary

Match. Then listen and check.



1



2



3



4



5



6



7

houseboat

3

farm

4

cottage

1

caravan

5

bungalow

6

block

7

tree house

2

of flats

2

Read

Do you like life in the city or in the country? Do the quiz and find out!



QUIZ:
Are you
a **city**
or a
country
person?



1. What do you usually do on a sunny day?

- a. hang out at the shopping centre
- b. go for a long walk and enjoy nature
- c. do gardening or have a barbecue

2. What is your ideal pet, a goldfish, a horse or a cat?

- a. A goldfish, because it is smaller than the others.
- b. A horse, because you can ride it around.
- c. A cat, because it's more useful than the others. It can kill mice.

3. Where is your favourite place to have a meal?

- a. At an expensive restaurant, of course!
- b. At home. Home-cooked food is better and healthier than food in restaurants.
- c. At a friend's house. It's free and I don't need to cook.

4. Which is your ideal house?

- a. a big flat in the city centre
- b. a cottage near a lake
- c. a bungalow in a quiet area

5. Everyone in your neighbourhood knows each other. How do you feel about it?

- a. It's a big problem. I don't want everyone to know everything about my life.
- b. It's perfect. You make lots of friends this way.
- c. It's useful when you need some help but sometimes it's a bit annoying.

6. What is your general opinion about life in the country and life in the city?

- a. Life in the country is more exciting than life in the city.
- b. Life in the country is more peaceful than life in the city.
- c. Life in the country isn't very different from life in the city.

Check your score:

More as: You are a city person and you prefer a busy lifestyle. You enjoy the excitement and you don't mind noisy places. You love shopping and all the things a city has to offer. Living in the country is boring for you.

More bs: You are a country person and you prefer a relaxed lifestyle! You love nature and animals, and you like living without noise and pollution. You love walking, exploring places and meeting people.

More cs: You are not exactly a city or a country person. You like the fun of the city but you also enjoy some peace and quiet. For you, an easy and comfortable lifestyle is more important than the place you live.

3

Grammar

Comparative forms

POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE
fast	faster
nice	nicer
big	bigger
busy	busier
peaceful	more peaceful
good	better
bad	worse
far	farther/further
many/much	more

Life in the country is **more peaceful than** life in the city.

Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- We are more tired (tired) today than we were yesterday.
- The houseboat is cheaper (cheap) than the caravan.
- Tom is more annoying (annoying) than his brother Alex.
- Today, your room is cleaner (clean) than it was last week.
- Phil is better (good) than Neil at tennis.
- Life on a farm is more difficult (difficult) than life in the city.
- Our new sofa is more comfortable (comfortable) than my bed.

4

Listen



A. Listen to four people talking and match them with their new homes.



1



2



3



4

Lionel

1

Paul

2

Eric

4

Stan

3

B. Listen again and match the people with the statements.

Lionel

My new home is nice but noisier than my old home.

Paul

I think life in the country is healthier than life in the city.

Eric

I liked my old neighbourhood better than my new one.

Stan

I like living in the country and in the city.

5

Speak & Write

A. Talk in small groups. Look at the pictures below. Compare the two places using the adjectives in the box.



boring interesting busy crowded
healthy ugly safe dangerous modern
noisy peaceful exciting quiet

Life in the city is more dangerous than life in the country.

Yes, but life in the city is more exciting.

B. Write a few sentences answering the following questions: Which place do you prefer? The city or the country? Why?

4.Listen:

B.

Lionell liked my old neighbourhood better than my new one.

Paul I think life in the country is healthier than life in the city.

Eric My new home is nice but noisier than my old home.

Stan I like living in the country and in the city

5.Speak:

B.

I prefer life in the country because it is safer than life in a city. Also, life in the country is more peaceful and quieter. Of course, life in the city is more exciting than life in the country but it isn't healthier and the city is uglier than the country

1

Vocabulary



Listen and number the pictures. Write 1-6.



planet

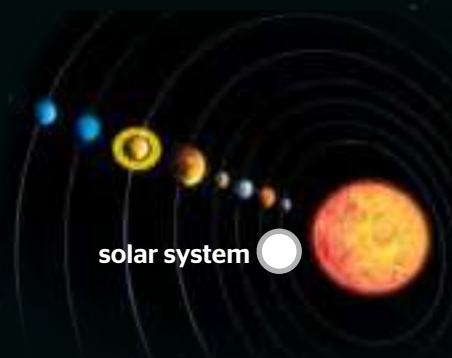


galaxy



moon

star



solar system



Earth

2

Read



A. What do you know about our solar system? Listen, read and check your answers.

Our solar system

There are billions of galaxies in the universe. Each galaxy has got billions of solar systems! Everybody knows that, right? Well, there's more!

Our galaxy, *the Milky Way*, has got up to 400 billion stars, and one of them is the sun. The sun is in the centre of our solar system and all the planets move around it. It is important for life on Earth because it gives us light and heat.

Our solar system has got eight planets, not nine like we used to think: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune. Scientists don't consider Pluto a planet any more, but a *dwarf* planet, because it's very small. So, the smallest planet in our solar system is Mercury and the biggest is Jupiter. Also, the closest planet to the sun is Mercury, but it isn't the hottest. The hottest planet of all is Venus: it has temperatures of about 460°C! Neptune is the farthest planet from the sun, and it is one of the coldest planets of the solar system along with Saturn and Uranus. Temperatures on Neptune can reach -220°C!

! It takes one second for a human to freeze on Uranus!



! You can fit around 1320 Earths inside Jupiter! That's big! Also, Jupiter is as heavy as 317 Earths!



! Sunlight travels at over 1 billion km/h. It takes about 8 minutes to reach the Earth and about four hours to reach Neptune.



3 Vocabulary

Look at the box and read the numbers a-e aloud. Then listen and check.

4056 four thousand and fifty-six

25,377 twenty-five thousand, three hundred and seventy-seven

33,000,000 thirty-three million

2,850,146,500 two billion, eight hundred and fifty million, one hundred and forty-six thousand, five hundred

- a. 372
- b. 3,400,000,000
- c. 59,213
- d. 4,200,000
- e. 7690

4 Grammar

Superlative forms

POSITIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
tall	taller	the tallest
large	larger	the largest
hot	hotter	the hottest
easy	easier	the easiest
popular	more popular	the most popular
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst
far	farther/further	the farthest/furthest
many/much	more	the most

Venus is **the hottest** planet **of all**.

The **smallest** planet **in** our solar system is Mercury.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

- Malik is taller (tall) than Saleh, but Hasan is the tallest (tall) of the three.
- I didn't have a lot of money on me so I bought the cheapest (cheap) T-shirt in the shop.
- The National Museum is more popular (popular) than the History Museum.
- I think it's the coldest (cold) day of the week today.
- My uncle's car is newer (new) and more modern (modern) than my dad's.
- Who's the most famous (famous) scientist of our century?

Go to pages 174-178 for extra grammar practice.

5 Speak

GUESSING GAME. Talk in pairs.

	average temperature	size (diameter)	distance from sun
Mercury	332°C	4900 km	57,000,000 km
Venus	464°C	12,100 km	108,000,000 km
Earth	14°C	12,800 km	150,000,000 km
Mars	-46°C	6800 km	229,000,000 km
Jupiter	-145°C	143,000 km	777,000,000 km
Saturn	-184°C	120,000 km	1,400,000,000 km
Uranus	-214°C	51,800 km	2,800,000,000 km
Neptune	-220°C	49,500 km	4,500,000,000 km

B. Read again and write T for True or F for False.

- Every galaxy has got lots of universes. (F)
- The sun is in a solar system but not in the Milky Way. (F)
- The Earth is bigger than Mercury. (T)
- The Earth is 1320 times smaller than Jupiter. (T)
- Venus is hotter than Mercury. (T)
- Uranus isn't colder than Venus. (F)

Student A: Choose four planets from the table above, but don't tell Student B. Then describe the planets to Student B, as in the example. You have two minutes. How many planets did he/she guess correctly?

Student B: Listen to Student A's descriptions and try to guess the planets. How many planets did you guess correctly in two minutes?

It's bigger than Mars but it isn't the biggest planet in our solar system.

Is it ...?

No. It's the hottest planet.

I know. It's ...

Correct! Next one. It's...

TIP! Before you speak, make sure you understand the task and how you should use the prompts.

5.Speak:

A:It's bigger than Mars but it isn't the biggest planet in our solar system.

B: Is it Neptune?

A:No. It's the hottest planet.

B: I know. It's Venus.

A:Correct! Next one. It's farther from the sun than Mercury but it isn't the coldest planet in our solar system.

B: Is it Uranus?

A:No. It's the biggest planet.

B: I know. It's Jupiter.

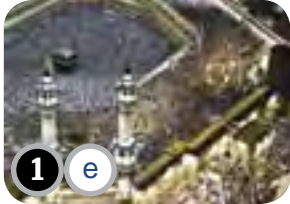
A:Correct!

1

Vocabulary

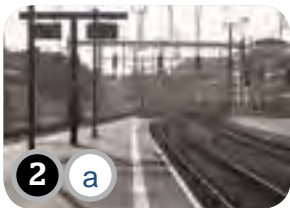


Match the pictures with the words and the signs. Then listen and check your answers.



1

e



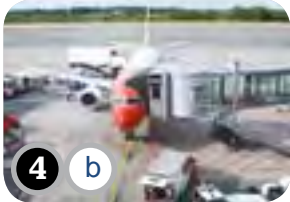
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a



3

g



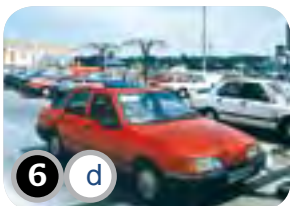
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b



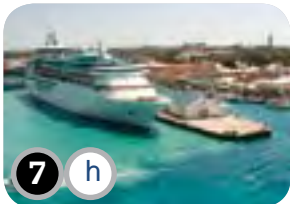
5

f



6

d



7

h



8

c



a. train station



b. airport



c. stadium



d. car park



e. mosque



f. bridge



g. castle



h. port

2

Listen



A. Before you listen, look at the pictures below. Do you know anything about these places?



Sheikh Zayed Mosque



Saadiyat Island



Khalifa Park



The Corniche



Sky tower




Sheikh Zayed Stadium

B. Listen to a radio advertisement and tick () the places above that are mentioned. **Sheikh Zayed Mosque, the Corniche, Khalifa Park**

C. Listen again and complete the sentences.

1. Abu Dhabi is on the west coast of the United Arab Emirates.
2. About one million people visit Abu Dhabi every year.
3. 40,000 people can fit inside the Sheikh Zayed Mosque.
4. At the Corniche you can walk by the sea.
5. There is a museum and an aquarium at Khalifa Park.
6. It's cheaper to buy things at souqs than at shopping centres.
7. The best way to see the city is by helicopter.

3 Speak & Write

A. Read the description and answer the questions below. 

1. What place is the writer describing?
2. Where is that place?
3. How many buildings does the writer talk about in the second paragraph?
4. What does the writer think of Riyadh?
5. What does the writer enjoy doing with his friends?
6. What adjectives does the writer use to describe the place?

I live in Riyadh, the capital and largest city of Saudi Arabia. Riyadh is in the centre of the



Arabian Peninsula and it is one of the most fascinating cities in the world.

Riyadh has got many interesting buildings and people never get bored of visiting them. There's the Al Mamlaka Tower, for example. It is 302m tall and many people visit it every year. The view from the top is amazing! Riyadh has also got lots of museums. The biggest and the most popular is the National Museum of Saudi Arabia. Here you can see the bones of prehistoric animals, ancient texts and interesting exhibitions.

Riyadh is a great city and I like it very much. There are lots of parks and my friends and I often go cycling in them. We also love sports and play football all the time. For me, Riyadh is the best place in the world to live.

B. Think about your town/city. Look at the questions in the speech bubble and make some notes. Then talk in pairs.

What's the name of your town/city?

...

Where is it?

...

What are some important features of this place (size, population, mountains, etc.)?

...

What are some of the most interesting sights?

...

What can people do there?

...

What do you think of the town/city?

...

What do you enjoy doing there with your friends?

...

C. Read and find what the highlighted words (1-6) from the text refer to.

Avoiding repetition

When writing, try not to repeat the same words all the time. Use words like:

- ▶ he / she / it / we / they
- ▶ him / her / it / us / them
- ▶ here / there
- ▶ this / that

- There's a beautiful forest near here. I go

there

hiking ~~in the forest~~ every weekend.

- Lots of tourists visit my town and I always

them

try to show ~~the tourists~~ around.

1. it: Riyadh
2. them: the buildings
3. it: the Al Mamlaka Tower
4. Here: the National Museum
5. them: the parks
6. We: my friends and I

D. Write a description of your town/city. Use your notes from activity B and follow the plan below. **First, go to the Workbook p.129 and complete the writing plan.**

Introduction:

- ▶ What's the name of your town/city?
- ▶ Where is it?
- ▶ Is it big?
- ▶ Are there any mountains, hills, rivers, etc.?

Main Part:

- ▶ What are some of the most interesting sights?
- ▶ What can people do there?
- ▶ Do lots of people visit them every year?

Conclusion:

- ▶ What do you think of the town/city?
- ▶ Is there anything you like/dislike about it?
- ▶ What do you enjoy doing there with your friends?

TIP! Use a variety of adjectives when you write to make your description more interesting.

Speak&Write:

A.

- 1.Riyadh, the capital of Saudi Arabia.
- 2.It's in the centre of the Arabian Peninsula.
- 3.Two (The Al Mamlaka Tower and the National Museum).
- 4.That it is a great city.
- 5.They enjoy going cycling in the park and playing football.
6. fascinating, interesting, amazing, popular, great, best

B.

A: What's the name of your town/city?

B: Jeddah.

A: Where is it?

B: It's on the coast of the Red Sea.

A: What are some important features of this place (size, population, mountains, etc.)?

B: Jeddah is the second largest city of Saudi Arabia after Riyadh. It's got a population of about 3.2 million people.

A: What are some of the most interesting sights?

B: There are a lot of fascinating buildings near the beach. The city has very nice beaches and a corniche. Jeddah has the highest fountain in the world, named King Fahd's Fountain.

A: What can people do there?

B: They can go for a walk by the sea at the Corniche. People like to spend time there and relax.

A: What do you think of the city?

B: It's a really amazing city and it's not boring for its visitors.

A: What do you enjoy doing there with your friends?

B: I love going shopping with my friends and going for long walks by the sea.

D.

I live in Jeddah, the second largest city of Saudi Arabia after Riyadh. Jeddah has got a population of about 3.2 million people. There are a lot of fascinating buildings near the beach and a corniche. People love going there and walking by the sea. Jeddah has the highest fountain in the world. It's called King Fahd's Fountain. Jeddah is an amazing city and I like it very much. There are a lot of things people can do here, that's why it's never boring for its tourists. My friends and I love going shopping and for long walks by the sea.

Vocabulary

A. Match.

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| 1. outer c | a. office |
| 2. car e | b. sign |
| 3. pedestrian f | c. space |
| 4. post a | d. system |
| 5. bus g | e. park |
| 6. travel h | f. crossing |
| 7. stop b | g. stop |
| 8. solar d | h. agent |

Score: / 8

B. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

block stamps comfortable post ideal
planet neighbourhood caravan

- My aunt and uncle bought a(n) caravan and travelled around the country last summer.
- This island is the ideal place for your holiday.
- Linda lives in a(n) block of flats in the city centre, and it's very noisy there.
- I think Saturn is the most beautiful planet.
- We need to post this letter but we haven't got any stamps.
- That sofa doesn't look very comfortable.
- I'm going to the post office because I need to buy some stamps.
- My neighbourhood is really noisy. I can't stand living there.

Score: / 8

Grammar

C. Circle the correct words.

A: Excuse me, where's the chemist's?

B: It's on Baker Road, (1) through / between a newsagent's and a bookshop.

A: Is it far?

B: No, it's about five minutes (2) out of / from here.

Go (3) down / through Palm Street and turn right (4) to / into Malcolm Road. Walk (5) up / towards this road, go (6) around / past the supermarket and turn left (7) behind / at the traffic lights. That's Baker Road. The chemist's is (8) in / on your left, (9) next / opposite to a newsagent's.

Score: / 9

D. Circle the correct words.

- I need to go shopping. May / Could you come with me?
- A: Is Mike joining us?
B: I don't know. He's got a lot of homework so he might / can stay at home.
- It's a very cold day today. It can / may snow.
- May I / Can you borrow your red dress, please?
- Ted's house can / might be that one, but I'm not sure.

Score: / 5

E. Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets.

1.

A: So, what do you think? The blue or the yellow bag?

B: Well, the yellow bag is (1) nicer (nice) than the blue bag, but it's (2) smaller (small). But look at that price! Maybe the blue bag is (3) better (good). The yellow bag is much (4) more expensive (expensive) than the blue bag.

A: Look, maybe we need to find something

(5) cheaper (cheap) than this. It's probably the (6) most expensive (expensive) thing in this shop!

2.

A: So, are you coming to the beach with us?

B: I don't know. It's a bit cold today.

A: What? It's (7) hotter (hot) than it was yesterday and (8) sunnier (sunny), too.

B: Really? And where are you going?

A: To Blue Bay Beach.

B: But that's the (9) most popular (popular) beach around here! It's always (10) more crowded (crowded) than the other beaches.

A: The Blue Bay may be (11) more crowded (crowded) and (12) noisier (noisy) than the other beaches but it is the (13) nicest (nice) of all!

Score: / 13

Communication



F. Match. Then listen and check your answers.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. May I see your ticket, please? g | a. The castle and the museum. |
| 2. Thanks for your help. f | b. Yes, please. |
| 3. How do I get to the market? c | c. Go straight on, towards the station. |
| 4. Which sights can we visit? a | d. I want some peace and quiet. |
| 5. What's the museum like? e | e. It's more interesting than the aquarium. |
| 6. Need some help? b | f. You're welcome. |
| 7. Why do you want to be alone? d | g. Here you are. |

Score: / 7

Speak

Talk in pairs. Talk about a place you visited in the past which you liked. Say what you did there and which sights you visited. Use the vocabulary in the box and your own ideas.

busy quiet modern buildings houses blocks of flats pollution
sights museums castles ancient city fascinating

Score: / 5

Write

Write a short paragraph to describe the place you talked about in the speaking activity.

A few years ago I visited ...


Score: / 5

TOTAL SCORE: / 60

Now I can...

- ▶ make requests and offers ☐
- ▶ ask for, give and refuse permission ☐
- ▶ express possibility ☐
- ▶ talk about space ☐
- ▶ say where buildings are located ☐
- ▶ ask for and give directions ☐
- ▶ make comparisons ☐
- ▶ talk about life in the city and in the country ☐
- ▶ describe my town/city ☐

Rhyming Corner

Read the rhyme and circle the correct words. Then listen and check your answers. 

Space travel

5... 4... 3... 2... 1...

Blast off! Let's travel to the (1) sun / earth!

But that's 150 (2) million / billion km away
Let's travel somewhere (3) further / closer, I say.

The closest planet is (4) Venus / Jupiter from here
100 million km isn't exactly (5) far / near

Mars is close too, but it's very (6) hot / cold there
Don't worry, I've got a (7) coat / hat you can wear

What about the (8) planet / moon? That's quite near
That's true, in fact, I can see it from here

But it's a bit (9) fun / boring, and we'll be all alone
You're right about that, OK, let's go back (10) house / home!



Speak:

A: A few years ago I visited Abu Dhabi.

B: How was it?

A: It was a fascinating city. There are a lot of interesting sights to visit in Abu Dhabi.

B: Is it a quiet place?

A: No, it isn't a very quiet city but there are a lot of parks and the Corniche. People go there and relax taking a nice walk by the sea.

B: Are there any museums in Abu Dhabi?

A: Yes, I visited the museum and the aquarium, too.

B: Did you like it?

A: Yes, I really liked the city. I'd like to go there again.

Write:

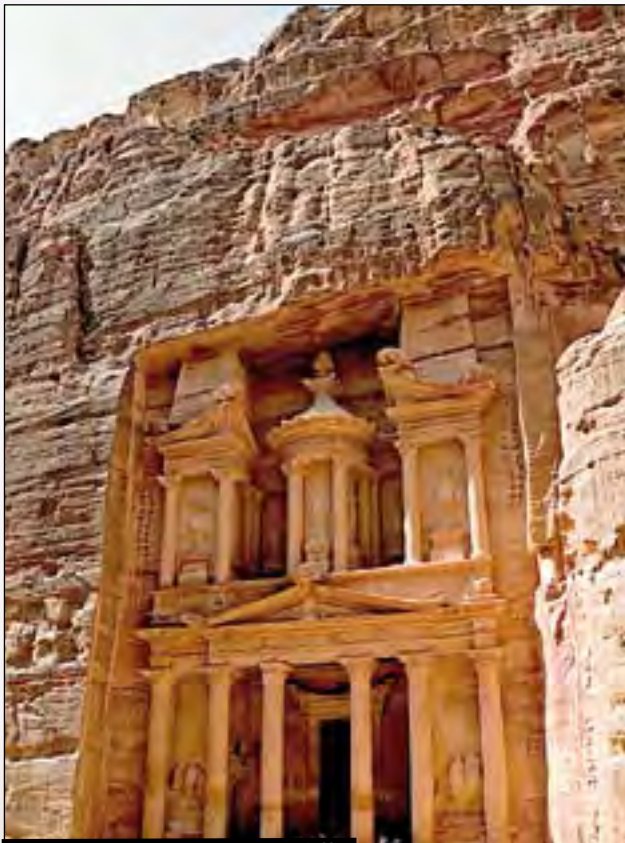
A few years ago I visited Abu Dhabi. It is a fascinating city with a lot of interesting sights to visit. It isn't a very quiet city but it has got many parks and the Corniche. People usually go there for a walk by the sea. I also visited the museum and the aquarium in Abu Dhabi and it was really interesting.
I really liked Abu Dhabi and I'd love to go there again.

A. Look at the pictures and the title of the text. Do you know anything about this place? Listen, read and check your answers.



Petra, Jordan: A must-visit sight...

While he was travelling through Jordan in 1812, the Swiss explorer Johann Ludwig Burckhardt found an ancient city unknown to the Western World. People described it as 'a rose-red city half as old as time'. In Greek, Petra means 'stone'.



Al Khazneh carved into the cliff

The incredible thing about the city is that the Nabataeans carved the rose-red stone hills to create it. About 2400 years ago, Petra was the capital city of the Nabataeans. The Nabataean kingdom was very rich, and they built the most fascinating buildings. One of these is Al Khazneh or the Treasury. This building stands 39m tall, but nobody knows why the Nabataeans built it. Today, Al Khazneh is quite famous and has appeared in many documentaries. Around 600,000 tourists visit the ancient site every year and in 2007 people chose it in an Internet poll as one of the New Wonders of the World.



The capital city of the ancient Nabataeans

B. Read again and answer the questions.

1. What did Johann Ludwig Burckhardt find during his journey? **He found an ancient city unknown to the Western World.**
2. What is unusual about Petra? **The Nabataeans carved the rose-red stone hills to create it.**
3. Why did the Nabataeans build Al Khazneh? **Because by that time their kingdom was very rich. / Nobody knows why they built it.**
4. How tall is Al Khazneh? **39m tall.**
5. What happened in 2007? **People chose Petra in an Internet poll as one of the New Wonders of the World.**