

Practice Test 1

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a Someone says they think magazines are a waste of money. Disagree, giving a reason.
I don't agree./I (completely) disagree. Magazines are an excellent means of spreading news and educating people.
- b A friend from England calls and asks about the weather. You see dark clouds in the sky.
(I think/It looks like) it's going to rain.
- c One of your friends watched a football match on TV and found it boring. You have a different opinion.
That's (just) not true./I disagree. (It was a good match.)
- d You hear someone use a word you do not understand. The word is *energy*.
What does energy mean?/Could you explain (the word) energy, please?

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** So, John, could you tell our listeners how you started?
B Certainly. It was when I was seven. I won first prize in a poetry competition. When I was a student, some of my stories were published in a university magazine.
A And now it's your full-time job?
B That's right. My second novel was published last year.
- b **A** Could you help me carry the shopping into the house, please?
B OK, Mum. Where shall I put it?
A Just put the bags on the kitchen floor for the moment.

Place: *radio station/studio*
Speaker A: *interviewer*
Speaker B: *writer*
Function: *ask and answer (interview) questions*

Place: *outside a family home*
Speaker A: *mother*
Speaker B: *daughter, Aisha*
Function: *ask for help and agree to help*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 This medicine is safe. There are no
a top effects **b** side effects c leaks d waste
- 2 I'm going to have lunch with friends tomorrow. We are at the restaurant at 12.30.
a going to meet b would meet c will meet d meet
- 3 The between Cairo and my town is 650 kilometres.
a district b area **c** distance d space
- 4 It is hard to walk in space because there is no
a gravity b waiting c spin d air
- 5 In Britain, children secondary school from the age of 11.
a go b intend c share **d** attend

- 6 Most furniture from wood.
 a made **b is made** c make d makes
- 7 Many people vegetables in their gardens.
 a growing b are grown **c grow** d is grown
- 8 In very hot weather, ice cream turns to
 a water b soft **c liquid** d solid
- 9 We call oil and coal fuels.
a fossil b old c renewable d waste
- 10 She an archaeologist when she leaves university. That is her plan.
 a will become b am becoming **c is going to become** d become
- 11 He is flying to London at the weekend. His flight at 5.30 in the morning.
 a leaving **b leaves** c left d leave
- 12 We don't have time. We'll have to hurry.
 a many b some c a lot **d much**
- 13 My friend and I look very different, but our personalities are
a alike b same c common d like
- 14 Six months half a year.
 a are **b is** c be d am
- 15 The walls of the were built to protect the town.
 a pyramid b mission **c castle** d house
- 16 I am writing that my teacher asked for.
 a essay b a essay **c the essay** d that essay

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly:

- a She's going meet her sister in town.
She's going to meet her sister in town.
- b I fixed the lake in the petrol tank.
I fixed the leak in the petrol tank.
- c How many time do I need to drive to the city centre?
How much time do I need to drive to the city centre? / How many times do I need to drive to the city centre?
- d Oil and gas are find under the ground.
Oil and gas are found under the ground.
- e Water is the solid form of ice.
Water is the liquid form of ice.
- f The married team went to Italy on their honeymoon.
The married couple went to Italy on their honeymoon.

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

a Give short answers to the following questions:

In the winter, many animals and birds travel hundreds of kilometres to places with a warmer climate and more food. This incredible journey takes place every year at about the same time. It is common to see birds sitting on walls or telephone wires waiting to travel the long distance between the places where they spend their summers and their winters.

Scientists do not know exactly how **they** find their way to and from their winter homes. It is thought that there are different ways, for example, using the sun and stars for navigation. Some people believe that birds depend on their senses, including their sense of smell, to help them find the way. Some animals and birds travel thousands of kilometres. Blue whales have been known to travel up to 20,000 kilometres.

- 1 Why do some birds and animals spend their winters and summers in different places?

Because they need a warmer climate and more food in winter.

- 2 How do birds and animals use the sun and stars?

They use them to navigate / to help them find the right way/direction.

- 3 What is surprising about the blue whale? *It can travel 20,000 kilometres.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Why are the journeys birds and animals make incredible?

a They take place at exactly the same time every year.

c The birds and animals do not know where they are going.

b They are very long.

d They take place in winter.

- 5 Who does the word **they** refer to in the phrase **they** find their way?

a scientists

b winter homes

c birds and animals

d the sun and stars

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

a Give short answers to the following questions:

The *Girl Against the Jungle* is the story of a girl who is flying to Brazil with her mother. Suddenly, there is a storm and the plane crashes. The girl wakes up to find herself in the middle of a thick jungle. She is not badly injured, but there are parts of the plane around her and she discovers that she is the only survivor. She realises that it will be difficult for anyone to find her in the jungle, and she knows that if she stays where she is, she will die. Then she remembers some advice her father had given her many years before. He had said, "if you are lost in a jungle, you should find a river and follow it." The next day, she sets off to find a river. After walking for seven days, she comes to a small town, where people look after her.

- 1 Where are the girl and her mother travelling to? *They are travelling to Brazil.*

- 2 Where does the plane crash? *It crashes in a (thick) jungle.*

- 3 Where does the girl find herself after walking out of the jungle?

She finds herself in a small town.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 What is a survivor?

a Someone who rescues people.

b Someone who does not die in an accident.

c Someone who dies in a plane crash.

d Someone who gets lost in a forest.

- 5 How long does she walk for?

a seven weeks

b a year

c a week

d seven hours

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

- 1 What is the setting (time and place) of *The Prisoner of Zenda*?
The setting is Europe in the 1890s.
- 2 How old is Rudolf when the events of the story start?
Rudolf is 29 years old.
- 3 According to Rosa, how is Rudolf Rassendyll different from his brother Robert?
Rudolf is different because he does not take his duties to society seriously, / ... he doesn't work.
- 4 Mention three skills that Rudolf Rassendyll has.
He can speak several languages (German, French, Spanish, Italian), he can ride a horse and he can fight with a sword.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"Why should I do anything? I have nearly enough money to do anything I want to (no one ever has quite enough money to do that, of course), and I enjoy an important position in society."

- 1 Who said this? *Rudolf Rassendyll said this.*
- 2 To whom was it said? *It was said to Rosa Rassendyll / his sister-in-law.*
- 3 Do you agree that people who have a lot of money should do nothing? Explain your point of view.
Students' opinions.

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

- 1 Rudolf Rassendyll told Rosa he was going to go walking in the West Indies.
Rudolf Rassendyll told Rosa he was going to go walking in the Alps.
- 2 The King invited Rassendyll to stay with his family in Streisau.
Johann invited Rassendyll to stay with his family in Streisau. / The King invited Rassendyll to have dinner with him in the hunting lodge.

D Writing

- 8 Write a paragraph of about 100 words describing what families can do to save energy.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Everyone who has travelled in space has described the magical feeling of looking down on the Earth as it spins. It is impossible to go for a walk. However, you can do exercises.

كل من سافر في الفضاء (الخارجي) قد وصف الإحساس السحري لرؤية الكرة الأرضية (من أعلى) وهي تدور. من المستحيل أن يذهب المرء للتمشية (وهو عمالقه)، ولكن يمكن ممارسة التمارينات (الرياضية).

b Translate into English:

هل تطفئ الأنوار حينما تكون خارج الغرفة؟

Do you switch off the lights when you are not in a room?

بعدما أنهت دراستها المدرسية التحقت داليا بجامعة القاهرة.

After finishing school, Dalia went to / joined Cairo University.

Practice Test 2

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a A foreign friend wants to know how to make tea the Egyptian way. Tell him/her what to do first.
First of all, boil some water, then add it to some tea leaves in a mug.
- b Someone asks what you were doing at eight o'clock this morning.
I was having/eating my breakfast./I was going to school.
- c A friend asks you what you think about TV news programmes.
In my opinion/I think/As far as I'm concerned, they're too long/too short/too serious/very interesting.
- d A friend wants a job to help poor people. Advise him or her.
If I were you, I'd/I think you should/Why don't you study/train to be a doctor/a nurse/a volunteer in a charitable organisation/an NGO?

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** At last we're here. What time does our flight leave, Dad?
B At midday. We've still got lots of time.
A Are you sure we have everything we need?
B Yes, I'm sure. Please stop worrying, Al!

Place:	airport
Speaker A:	son
Speaker B:	father
Function:	ask and answer questions (, make a request)

- b **A** So, for your homework, I want you all to make a list of all the plants growing in your neighbourhood.
B Shall we just write the names of the plants?
A No, write the names and a short description.
B When is the homework for?
A Next Thursday, please.

Place:	classroom
Speaker A:	teacher
Speaker B:	student
Function:	give instructions

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 I expect I _____ you at the weekend.
a am going to see b am seeing **c** I see d see
- 2 After the accident, the doctor _____ her to check she was not injured.
a examined b looked at c tested d studied
- 3 Do you have _____ free time this afternoon?
a a b the c many **d** any
- 4 We went to the opening of a new school last week. It was a very interesting _____.
a occasion b time c view d situation
- 5 Petrol _____ from oil.
a made **b** is made c makes d are made
- 6 Wind and wave power are types of _____ energy.
a new b waste **c** renewable d cheap

- 7 When I was younger, I go swimming every day.
 a usually b used c use **d used to**
- 8 My sister at university for three years. She comes home every weekend.
 a is **b has been** c is being d had been
- 9 The police think he did it. He is the main
a suspect b pioneer c publisher d agent
- 10 I really enjoy reading Agatha Christie novels. I particularly like her
 a way **b style** c system d design
- 11 It that air travel will become more popular in the future.
a is thought b was thought c thought d thinks
- 12 He did nothing wrong. He's
 a suspect b guilty **c innocent** d sensible
- 13 If he doesn't get eight hours sleep every night, he really tired the next day.
 a will feel **b feels** c would feel d is feeling
- 14 If I have any free time tomorrow, for a walk in the park.
 a I went b I go c I'd go **d I'll go**
- 15 The piano is our favourite musical
 a tool **b instrument** c equipment d device
- 16 Her uncle can't remember his accident. The doctor thinks he may have
 a a headache b phobia **c amnesia** d injury

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly.

- a I need to get fit, so I've made a decision. I do more exercise.
I need to get fit, so I've made a decision. I'm going to / I'll do more exercise.
- b *The Prisoner of Zenda* was wrote by Anthony Hope.
The Prisoner of Zenda was written by Anthony Hope.
- c We moved to this house two years ago today, so we lived here for exactly two years.
We moved to this house two years ago today, so we have lived here for exactly two years.
- d Before I entered the university, I had to show my credit card.
Before I entered the university, I had to show my identity card.
- e If you heat water, it melts.
If you heat water, it boils. / If you heat ice, it melts.
- f Ra'fat El-Haggan and Goma'a El-Shawwan were very famous Egyptian kings.
Ra'fat El-Haggan and Goma'a El-Shawwan were very famous Egyptian spies.

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The Taj Mahal, which is outside the city of Agra in India, was built by the Emperor Shah Jahan. It is a tomb for his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal. Her body is buried under the building. The Taj Mahal was started in 1633 and took 22 years to build. Today, it is one of the most popular buildings in the world for tourists.

The Taj Mahal is built of white stone which is covered with beautiful designs. The highest part of the roof of the Taj Mahal is shaped like an onion. In front of the building is a lake. At night, in the light of the moon, you can see the Taj Mahal in this lake – it is a beautiful sight.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 Who was Mumtaz Mahal? *She was the favourite wife of Emperor Shah Jahan.*
- 2 In what year did they finish building the Taj Mahal? *1655 (1633 + 22)*
- 3 Describe the Taj Mahal. *It is (a beautiful structure) made of white stone that is covered with beautiful designs. The highest part of the roof looks like an onion.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Why was the Taj Mahal built?
a in memory of Shah Jahan
b to attract tourists
c in memory of Shah Jahan's wife
d as a castle
- 5 Why can visitors sometimes see the Taj Mahal in the lake?
a The water is like a mirror.
b The building is in the middle of a lake.
c The Taj Mahal is on an island.
d The city is often flooded.

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

People suddenly started seeing the strange plants in their gardens last spring. No one had ever seen anything like them before, and no one knew where they had come from. At first, some people pulled them out and burned them because they thought they looked horrible. But most people left them where they were, without touching them. The next summer, people enjoyed the big purple-coloured flowers that the plants produced.

It was not until August that people read in their newspapers the first reports that the plants could walk and run and even catch people and kill them. There is never much interesting news in August, so people thought that journalists had made up these stories about walking plants to sell a few more newspapers and make money. Then in September, there was terrible news...

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 Why did some people destroy the plants? *Because they thought they looked horrible.*
- 2 How were the plants dangerous to people? *They could catch people and kill them.*
- 3 What did people think when they read the newspaper stories for the first time?
They did not believe the stories. / They thought they had been made up by journalists (to sell more newspapers).

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Where is this text from?
a a newspaper b a science fiction story c a detective story d a book on gardening
- 5 What does **them** refer to in the plants could walk and run and even catch people and kill them?
a the plants b the journalists c the newspapers d the people

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why wasn't Rassendyll as sick as the King was?
He only ate one cake so he ate less poison. / ... didn't eat much poison.
- 2 Why did Fritz and Sapt lock up Johann's mother with the King?
They locked her up so that she wouldn't tell Michael's men that Rassendyll was pretending to be the King at the coronation.
- 3 Why was Rassendyll afraid when he saw Antoinette de Mauban on the balcony?
He was afraid that she would recognise him and say that he wasn't the real King.
- 4 According to Flavia, how has Rassendyll (the King) changed in his appearance?
She says that his face is thinner and he acts more serious.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"I heard that you rode through the old town alone. That surprised me. The people there must really have appreciated what you did."

- 1 Who said this? ... *Princess Flavia said this.*
 - 2 To whom was it said? ... *It was said to Rassendyll / the pretend King.*
 - 3 Why did the people appreciate this action? ... *It showed the people that the King cared about them and trusted them. (Answers may vary)*
- c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:
- 1 The rich people who had always lived well would support the Duke.
The rich people who had always lived well would support the King.
 - 2 Sapt and Fritz believed that Rassendyll had poisoned the King.
Sapt and Fritz believed that Duke Michael had poisoned the King.

D Writing

8 Write a paragraph of about 100 words about a novel or a short story you have enjoyed reading.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Yahia Haqqi was born in 1905 in the Sayyida Zeinab district of Cairo. He graduated in law and worked for a short time as a lawyer. In 1929, he began his career as a diplomat.

وُلد (يحيى حقي) عام 1905 في حي السيدة زينب بالقاهرة. تخرج من (كلية) الحقوق وعمل / اشتغل لفترة قصيرة كمحام. في عام 1929 بدأ حياته المهنية كدبلوماسي.

b Translate into English:

1 لو كنت قلقاً، عليك أن تسأل والديك النصيحة.

If you are worried, you should ask your parents for advice.

2 ما نوعية الأنشطة التي تفضل أن تمارسها خلال نهاية الأسبوع؟

58 *What kinds of things (activities) do you like doing / to do at weekends?*

Practice Test 3

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a You do not understand why it goes dark at night. Ask someone to explain it.
Can you explain why it goes dark at night?
- b A friend suggests that swimming is a good way to keep fit. State another way.
Running/Squash/Tennis is also good exercise/a good way to keep fit.
- c A friend suggests that you join a squash club together. Suggest something else.
(Personally,) I'd prefer to/I'd rather join a tennis club./How about joining a tennis club?
- d Someone asks where your friend Ali is. You have not seen him for a long time. You are almost certain he is on holiday.
Ali must be on holiday. I haven't seen him for a long time.

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** Excuse me, sir. The captain has asked everyone to return to their seats.
B Does that mean we are going to land soon?
A Yes, in about 15 minutes.

Place:	<i>a plane</i>
Speaker A:	<i>flight attendant</i>
Speaker B:	<i>passenger</i>
Function:	<i>make a request</i>

- b **A** Have you seen Tarek?
B No, sir. He was at his desk on the phone a few minutes ago.
A Isn't he there now?
B No, maybe he's gone home already.
A He can't have gone home. He's preparing a report for me.

Place:	<i>an office</i>
Speaker A:	<i>boss/manager</i>
Speaker B:	<i>Tarek's colleague/ office worker</i>
Function:	<i>ask for information; guess/deduce information</i>

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Don't worry. I'm sure them again soon.
a you see b you're seeing **c** you'll see d you're going to see
- 2 Wanting friends is part of human
a nature b conflict c will d life
- 3 They have just received this photo as an e-mail
a post **b** attachment c letter d part
- 4 Lightning is a dangerous but natural
a sight b response c eclipse **d** phenomenon
- 5 She didn't see her brother this morning. He the flat very early.
a must have left b must leave c can't have left d can't leave

- 6 He left his glasses at school yesterday. I'm hoping someone found them.
 a must have **b might have** c can't have d can have
- 7 The quickest way for Sawsen to get to school is to a train.
 a go b bring c come **d take**
- 8 That plant has been so that it gets lots of light.
 a explored b raised **c positioned** d put
- 9 Taha's mother asked him where
a he had been b had he been c has he been d he has been
- 10 She promised she me as soon as the plane landed.
 a will phone b phoned **c would phone** d phones
- 11 Is that someone on our door? I'll see who it is.
 a hitting **b knocking** c smashing d beating
- 12 Their uncle is a scientist. He's research into new forms of energy.
 a making b taking c getting **d doing**
- 13 If you earlier, you wouldn't have missed your train.
a had left b leave c would have left d left
- 14 you work harder, you'll fail your exam.
 a If **b Unless** c When d As
- 15 I'm hot today. How about to the beach?
 a gone **b going** c went d go
- 16 Accidents more frequently when the roads are busy.
 a take part b come in c cause **d occur**

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly:

- a They can't have went very far, so let's try to find them.
They can't have gone very far, let's try to find them.
- b Teachers and supervisors belong to the teaching confession.
Teachers and supervisors belong to the teaching profession.
- c He asked me if saw his newspaper.
He asked me if I had seen his newspaper.
- d The statue of Ramses II is a very important Ancient Egyptian magnet.
The statue of Ramses II is a very important Ancient Egyptian monument.
- e People can waste lots of money by using the underground.
People can save lots of money by using the underground.
- f The accident wouldn't happen if he hadn't been using his mobile phone.
The accident wouldn't have happened if he hadn't been using his mobile phone.

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

a Give short answers to the following questions:

The Metro is the name of the underground railway system in Paris, the capital of France. The system has 16 lines and over 300 stations. Together, the lines are about 200 kilometres long. The Paris Metro is the second busiest underground system in Europe after Moscow, and carries about five million passengers every day. It is said that in the centre of Paris, you are never more than 500 metres from a Metro station.

The first line on the Metro was opened on July 19, 1900. The system grew quickly, but stopped in 1914, at the beginning of the First World War. By the early 1920s, the central part of the system was finished, although in the 1930s some of the lines were made longer to carry **commuters** to and from the outskirts of Paris.

- 1 Which city has the busiest underground railway system in Europe? *Moscow*
- 2 Why did work on the Metro stop in 1914? *Because the First World War started.*
- 3 Why were some of the lines made longer in the 1930s? *To carry commuters to and from the outskirts of Paris.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 In what year were the first journeys made on the Paris Metro?
a 1930 b 1920 c 1914 **d 1900**
- 5 Who or what are commuters?
a electrical goods b school children
c people who regularly travel to work d university students

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

a Give short answers to the following questions:

An old sailor visits the young Jim Hawkins and pays him to look out for his enemies. Jim escapes death when sailors come looking for the old man's secret papers. Jim finds the papers; among **them** is a map showing an island with buried treasure. Jim decides to look for the treasure and gets ready to sail. Unfortunately, his crew includes Long John Silver, an evil man who also wants the treasure. Jim hears Long John Silver's plan to attack his men and take over the ship. An exciting battle takes place. Jim escapes to the island, where he discovers Ben Gunn, an old man who has already found and hidden the treasure. At the end, Long John Silver's men are beaten and Jim returns safely to the ship with the treasure.

- 1 Why does the old sailor give Jim Hawkins money?
Because he wants him to look out for his enemies.
- 2 Why does everyone want the map that Jim finds?
Because the map shows where the treasure is buried.
- 3 What did Ben Gunn do with the treasure after he found it?
He hid it.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 What kind of text do you think this is?
a a newspaper story **b part of a novel** c a police report d a letter

- 5 What does the word **them** refer to in the phrase **among them is a map**?
- a Long John Silver's men b the old man's enemies
 c the secret papers d the crew of the ship

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why couldn't the Duke say anything about Rassendyll even though he knew Rassendyll was not the King?
He couldn't say anything because he would have to admit that he had kidnapped the real King.
- 2 How did Sapt explain Rassendyll's injured finger to Freyler?
Sapt told Freyler that Rassendyll had caught his finger in a door.
- 3 Why was Rassendyll keen on getting the people of Ruritania to like him more than they liked the Duke?
He thought that if there was a fight between him and the Duke, the people would support him (the "King").
- 4 Why couldn't the Duke ever become King unless he married Fatwa?
The Duke's mother wasn't royal, so by law/legally he couldn't become King unless he married Princess Flavia.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"You do know that Michael will be very angry. Is that a good idea?"

- 1 Who said this? *Princess Flavia said this.*
- 2 To whom was it said? *It was said to Rassendyll (the King).*
- 3 What was it that would make Michael very angry? *Rassendyll didn't ask Michael to come into the room and he can't enter without the King's permission.*
- c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:
- 1 Freyler was Sapt's farmer.
Freyler was Sapt's servant.
- 2 Rassendyll was worried when the French prince asked him a question which he could not answer.
Rassendyll was worried when the French ambassador asked him a question which he could not answer.

D Writing

8 Write an e-mail to a friend describing a book you have recently read.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Egypt has many amazing works of ancient and modern engineering. At the south of Aswan, for example, Abu Simbel is the site of two temples. These were carved into a cliff in about 1250 BCE.
 مصر فيها الكثير من الأعمال الهندسية المدهشة، القديمة والحديثة كذلك. ففي جنوب أسوان، على سبيل المثال، أبو سبيل موقع لمعبدين. تم حفرهم في جرفه في عام 1250 قبل الميلاد.

b Translate into English:

١ عفواً، هل يمكن أن ترشدنا إلى أحسن طريق للوصول إلى المحطة؟
 Excuse me, could you tell me/what's the best way to get to/reach the station?
 ٢ الشمس قوية جدا عليك ألا تنظر إليها مباشرة.
 The sun is very strong and you should not look straight/directly at it.

Practice Test 4

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a Your brother looks worried. You want to know whether he has a problem.
What's the matter?/Is something wrong?
- b Your mother was very busy yesterday. You regret not helping her.
I wish I had helped my mother yesterday./I regret that I didn't help/not helping my mother yesterday.
- c An English friend asks you how you celebrate Sharm El-Nessim.
I/We celebrate by eating salted fish./I/We eat salted fish.
- d You forgot to thank a friend for a present he/she gave you.
I'm (very) sorry I forgot to thank you for the present.

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a A Is there anything I can do to help, Miss Salma?
B Could you give these books back to the class after break?
A Yes, of course. Is that the homework we did last week?
B Yes, that's right. Your homework was very good.

Place: *classroom*
Speaker A: *student*
Speaker B: *teacher*
Function: *offer help/ask and answer questions*

- b A Excuse me. I need to find out about modern farming in Egypt for a university project.
B All the information on agriculture is on the second floor.
A Thank you. Can I take any of the books out?
B Yes. Just bring them to the desk near the entrance.

Place: *library*
Speaker A: *university student*
Speaker B: *librarian/library worker*
Function: *ask for information/give instructions*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 You'll have to hurry. Your lesson in half an hour.
a is going to start **b starts** c will start d start
- 2 That tower is one of the town's most famous
a landmarks b marks c events d products
- 3 I'd like to get a job in the medical
a work b career c occupation **d profession**
- 4 I wish I where I left my jacket.
a know b had known **c knew** d could know
- 5 Heba wishes she all her money last weekend.
a didn't spend b doesn't spend c hasn't spent **d hadn't spent**

- 6 My brother his ambition when he became a doctor.
 a achieved b won c got d made
- 7 After the storm, there was a huge of water on the roads.
 a floods b number c amount d lot
- 8 Sara felt ill all night because she too much the day before.
 a had eaten b was eating c eats d has eaten
- 9 Hamdi was very tired yesterday evening because he for a school test all day.
 a has revised b had been revising c revised d revising
- 10 I really to very loud music in public places.
 a refuse b argue c can't stand d object
- 11 Ahmed's friends didn't him when he returned from a year abroad. He looked so different.
 a recognise b remember c see d look
- 12 My friend suggested for a picnic in the park.
 a go b to go c going d goes
- 13 We're planning to Europe for our holiday next year.
 a flying b to fly c fly d to flying
- 14 In some countries, people the end of the year on December 31st.
 a enjoy b celebrate c have fun d party
- 15 In our town, there are musicians who play music.
 a tradition b national c folk d historical
- 16 Whose is it to make sure children arrive safely at school?
 a responsible b responsibility c response d respond

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write them correctly:

- a Have we got a bread so I can make some sandwiches?
Have we got any bread so I can make some sandwiches?
- b Soha shouldn't eat too many sweets because she is chronic.
Soha shouldn't eat too many sweets because she is diabetic/overweight.
- c I asked my mother whether had she seen my English book.
I asked my mother whether she had seen my English book.
- d Sylvia is on a low-fat diet because recently she's lost a lot of weight.
Sylvia is on a low-fat diet because recently she's gained a lot of weight.
- e She has always enjoyed to go to the theatre.
She has always enjoyed going to the theatre.
- f Alfred Farag is a famous Egyptian playwrite.
Alfred Farag is a famous Egyptian playwright.

- 2 Why does Rassendyll become good at pretending he has forgotten rules or people he has met?
He has to do this so that people will still think he is the real King.
- 3 Rassendyll tells the Princess that when he was younger, he thought he didn't need to worry about society. Why does he say this?
He is forgetting to pretend to be the King. He is thinking of his own youth.
- 4 How does the Princess react to Rassendyll's recalling that he thought he had no need to worry about society?
She is surprised because he always knew he would be King, so he should expect to have responsibilities.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions: (answers 2 and 3 may vary)

"It would be very useful for Michael if you disappeared. And if you disappear, the game's over."

- 1 Who says this? *Colonel Sapt.*
- 2 Why does the speaker say this? *He is explaining why he has men guarding Rassendyll everywhere he goes.*
- 3 What game would be over if the person disappeared? Explain. *The game is Rassendyll pretending to be King. If he disappeared, Duke Michael would kill the real King and make himself King.*

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

- 1 No one goes into the castle without Michael's or Sapt's permission.
No one goes into the castle without Michael's or Rupert's permission.
- 2 The letter from Antoinette tells the King to come to the summer house with a friend.
The letter from Antoinette tells the King to come to the summer house alone.

D Writing

Write a paragraph of about 100 words about what you think is the most important scientific discovery or invention of the last 50 years.

Translation

a Translate into Arabic:

By the time Alexandre Dumas was 20, his mother had spent all her money. He then went to live in Paris. There he found work as a secretary to an old friend of his father.

عندما بلغ / أصبح ألكسندر دوما (س) عشرين عامًا، كانت أمه قد أنفقت ماله كله. حينها ذهب للعمل في باريس،
 ووجد هناك عملاً كمسكرتير / كاتب سر لصديق قديم لوالده / لأبيه.
 بحلول عيد الميلاد العشرين لألكسندر دوما (س)، كانت أمه قد أنفقت ماله كله. حينها ذهب للعمل في باريس،
 ووجد هناك عملاً كمسكرتير / كاتب سر لصديق قديم لوالده / لأبيه.

b Translate into English:

- 1- ليشي استذكرت بإجتهاد أكثر عندما كان الوقت متاحاً.
I wish I had studied harder when I had the time.
- 2- ما نوعية الموسيقى التي أحب سماعها؟
What kind of music do you like to listen / listening to?

Practice Test 5

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a Your friend starts to cross a road when you see a car coming. Warn your friend.
Watch out!/Look out! There's a car coming!/A car's coming!
- b Someone asks if you think people will still have cars in 50 years.
I'm sure/certain they will.
- c You hear the word **magnet** on the radio. Ask a friend what it means.
Can you tell me what (the word) magnet means?/What does (the word) magnet mean?/What is the meaning of (the word) magnet?
- d A friend asks you why you have such an expensive mobile phone. You have two reasons.
For two reasons. Firstly, because I can use it for e-mail, and secondly, because the camera is better.

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** Do you remember what happened?
B No, I just remember waking up in the road.
A How do you feel now?
B Not too bad. Will I have to stay here tonight?
A We're not sure yet. We'll have to check you have no broken bones.
- b **A** Could you tell us why you would like to study here?
B Your Biology Department has a very good reputation.
A And if we accept you, what do you hope to do when you graduate?
B Well, I'd like to work for a food company.

Place: *hospital*
Speaker A: *doctor/nurse*
Speaker B: *patient/someone who has been hurt in a road accident*
Function: *ask and answer questions*

Place: *university*
Speaker A: *interviewer*
Speaker B: *future student / someone applying to study at university*
Function: *ask and answer interview questions*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Five pounds a lot for a cup of coffee.
a are b cost c pay **d is**
- 2 In some countries, people use a passport instead of card.
a an identity b a personal c a national d an individual
- 3 Sayed the train. He was at the station half an hour before the train left.
a can't miss **b** can't have missed c must have missed d didn't miss
- 4 My friend advised me to see a doctor. I wish I her advice now.
a took b take **c** had taken d have taken
- 5 Did they ever discover the of the fire?
a reason b purpose c explanation **d** cause
- 6 My sister promised me after school this afternoon.

- a meeting **b** to meet c met d meet
- 7 I've just finished a novel the main character is an 90-year-old man.
a which **b** in which c who d whose
- 8 Have you heard? They've discovered a/an new treatment for flu.
a effective b useless c real d cruel
- 9 She sport as a very important part of her life.
a thinks b believes **c** regards d looks
- 10 On that he had passed his driving test, Taha was very happy.
a heard b he heard c to hear **d** hearing
- 11 There was great when our team won the football match.
a procession b imprisonment **c** excitement d attachment
- 12 He wasn't getting enough exercise, he joined a sports club.
a because b despite c and **d** so
- 13 I've seen an interesting article on the internet which I have onto my computer.
a received b done **c** downloaded d written
- 14 By this time next week, the exam results will
a have been published b have published c publish d be publishing
- 15 I like that photograph on your computer
a glass **b** screen c film d front
- 16 Nader is really about all kinds of sport. He loves playing and watching it.
a interested b active **c** enthusiastic d keen

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly.

- a When I have nothing to do, I feel really boring.
When I have nothing to do, I feel really bored.
- b The person who's job is to clean the school is not here today.
The person whose job it is to clean the school is not here today.
- c When Umm Kalthoum died, thousands of people attended her wedding.
When Umm Kalthoum died, thousands of people attended her funeral.
- d You should reinvent paper, rather than throw it away.
You should recycle paper, rather than throw it away.
- e Some people believe that in the future, water will use as a fuel for cars.
Some people believe that in the future, water will be used as a fuel for cars.
- f Despite he is 68, my grandfather is still working.
Although he is 68, my grandfather is still working. / Despite being 68, my grandfather is still working.

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

On June 16, 1963, Valentina Tereshkova became the first woman in space. She had been chosen from more than 400 others who applied. During her three-day flight, her rocket orbited the Earth 48 times. Valentina did tests on herself to find out how **the experience** affected women's minds and bodies. She reported that she felt ill for most of the time she was in space. Valentina Tereshkova was born in 1937 in the west of Russia. Her father worked as a tractor driver and her mother worked in a factory. She left school at the age of 16 and went to work in a factory. In her spare time, she enjoyed parachuting. After Valentina Tereshkova's space flight, it was 19 years before another Russian woman was sent into space. Today, Valentina is still a hero in Russia.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 How many women wanted to travel in space when Valentina applied for the job?
More than four hundred / 400 women.
- 2 What does **the experience** mean in *how the experience affected women's minds and bodies*?
It means being in space.
- 3 What was Valentina's hobby as a young woman? *She enjoyed parachuting.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 How old was Valentina when she went into space? a 16 b 19 **c 26** d 48
- 5 How did Valentina feel while she was in space?
a comfortable b happy c tired **d not well**

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

I have never been a fast reader. As a child, it took me two weeks to read a book that my friends could read in a few days. This worried my parents, so they took me for an eye test. The doctor said there was nothing wrong with my eyes and said he thought I was probably lazy. This was very annoying, but I was pleased to know that I did not need to wear glasses. Now I am older, I understand my problem better. The truth is that I cannot concentrate on what I am reading if there is any noise around me, so, for example, I cannot read in a room where people are talking or watching television. I sometimes read in bed where it is quiet, but if I am tired, I fall asleep after a few minutes and forget what I have read the next day.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What is the writer's problem? 2 What did the writer's parents do?
He's a slow reader. *They took him to have an eye test.*
- 3 Why is reading in bed not the answer to the writer's problems?
If he is tired, he falls asleep after a few minutes and then can't remember what he's read the next day.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 The doctor said that the problem was...
a that he needed glasses.
b he had serious eye problems.
c he was lazy.
d he found it difficult to concentrate.
- 5 What does the writer think caused the problem?
a Noises make it difficult for him to read.
b He does not like people watching television.
c He is usually tired.
d He is not interested in the books he reads. 119

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

- 1 What is the reason Rassendyll claims is the cause of his handwriting being different from the King's?
He claims that his hand still hurts from his injury so he can't write as well as before.
- 2 "The thing I hunt is a very big animal," Rassendyll explains. What is Rassendyll really hunting?
He is really hunting Duke Michael.
- 3 To whom did the large, modern country house called Tarlenheim belong?
It belonged to a relative of Fritz.
- 4 Rassendyll, Sapt and Fritz took ten brave and strong gentlemen that they trusted to hunt down Michael. What reason did they give to the gentlemen?
They told the gentlemen that Duke Michael was holding a friend of the King prisoner.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"As you know, his mother was not royal and he can only legally become King if he marries the Princess."

- 1 Who said this? *Rassendyll (pretending to be the King)*
- 2 To whom was it said? *Marshal Strakencz*
- 3 Who cannot become King unless he marries the Princess? *Duke Michael / the Duke of Strelsau*

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

- 1 The owner's wife at the inn thought that Rassendyll was the King.
The owner's daughter at the inn thought that Rassendyll was the King.
- 2 Of the Six Men, four of them were Ruritanians.
Of the Six Men, three of them were Ruritanians.

D Writing

8 Write an e-mail to a friend describing where and when you most enjoy reading.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Every year, millions of trees are cut down to make new paper. Fortunately, the trees that give us the best wood for paper grow very quickly. Old paper can also be recycled.

كل عام / سنة، يتم قطع ملايين الأشجار لتصنيع / إنتاج / لعمل ورقاً جديداً. لحسن الحظ، الشجر الذي يعطينا أجود / أفضل (أنواع) الخشب لـ (صنع) الورق ينمو بسرعة كبيرة. كما أنه يمكن إعادة تدوير الورق القديم.

b Translate into English:

١. إذا لم تجهد أكثر في دروسك، سوف تفشل في الاختبار.

If you don't study a bit harder, you'll fail the test.

٢. أعتقد أن الناس سوف تستمر في قراءة الكتب من أجل المتعة.

I think people will go on reading books for their own enjoyment.

Practice Test 6

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a You are interviewing someone for a job. Find out about their qualifications and experience.

Could you tell me what qualifications and experience you have? / What qualifications and experience do you have?

- b Your friend looks like he/she hasn't been sleeping for days. Advise him/her.

You look exhausted. You should go home and sleep.

- c An interviewer has asked you why you have applied for a job in a particular company. Give a reason.

The reason is that a friend (has) recommended this company to me.

- d You do not understand what distance learning is. Ask a friend.

Can you explain what distance learning is? / I don't understand what distance learning is. Can you explain it to me, please?

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** Are you in your first year?

B Yes, I'm studying English, but it's only my third week.

A My parents would like me to apply here. Would you recommend it?

B Yes, definitely.

- b **A** Well, your application has been successful.

B That's great! When do I start?

A At the beginning of next month. You'll be working at our Cairo branch.

B I'm looking forward to starting.

Place: *university or college*
Speaker A: *future student*
Speaker B: *first year student*
Function: *ask for and give advice*

Place: *company office*
Speaker A: *interviewer/boss*
Speaker B: *successful job applicant*
Function: *express happiness*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 In some modern homes, water by energy from the sun.

a are heated b heat **c** is heated d is heating

- 2 My daily starts when my alarm clock goes off at 6.30.

a routine b habit c custom d way

- 3 There's water all over the floor. Someone to turn off the shower.

a must forget **b** must have forgotten c can't have forgotten d can have forgotten

- 4 Her parents have meetings with the teachers at her school.

a totally b gradually c slowly **d** regularly

- 5 My brother and I have just had a phone conversation we discussed our holiday plans.

a which **b** in which c what d to which

- 6 At the weekend, my aunt asked me what I _____ since we last met.
 a did b was doing c have done **d had been doing**
- 7 Teachers are always encouraging their students to be _____ and hard-working.
 a conventional b common c confusing **d conscientious**
- 8 He wanted to know whether anyone _____ the book he was reading.
a had seen b has seen c sees d have seen
- 9 My sister hasn't finished her course yet. She's still _____.
 a a trainer b an employee c an employer **d a trainee**
- 10 The best writers force their readers _____ about serious questions.
a to think b thinking c thought d think
- 11 A new supermarket in our town was opened by a well-known _____ yesterday.
a celebrity b famous c character d somebody
- 12 I think someone may have _____ today's newspaper by mistake.
 a wasted b thrown c refused **d thrown away**
- 13 I really _____ phone my parents to tell them I'm going to be late home today.
 a need **b must** c can d could
- 14 At her first school, she _____ wear a blue uniform.
a had to b must c would d has
- 15 He is thinking of _____ on a Business Studies course at the local college.
 a entering b applying **c enrolling** d beginning
- 16 Pupils don't have to pay for their books. The school _____ them.
 a pays **b provides** c takes d affords

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write them correctly:

- a I wish I can read more quickly.
I wish I could read more quickly.
- b She asked her friend weather she had finished her homework.
She asked her friend whether she had finished her homework.
- c My parents have invited one of my friends stay for the weekend.
My parents have invited one of my friends to stay for the weekend.
- d When Wagdy was five years old, he was sting by a scorpion.
When Wagdy was five years old, he was stung by a scorpion.
- e I need to go to the university to buy some medicine.
I need to go to the pharmacy to buy some medicine.
- f A civil servant is someone who works for the army.
A civil servant is someone who works for the government.

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Most students find university very different from school. One of the biggest differences is that university students are expected to manage their time themselves. Although staff will help, it is the students' responsibility to be in the right place at the right time and to hand homework in on time. The way teaching is organised is also very different from school. At university, lecturers teach classes that may last two or three hours and can include 300–400 students. There are usually other smaller classes where students can discuss subjects they find difficult, and from time to time lecturers spend time with individual students, talking about work **they** have done. If students are not living at home while they are at university, there are many ordinary things they may have to do for themselves, such as cooking.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What two places does this passage compare? *The passage compares universities and schools.*
- 2 How many students can be in a university class? *There can be (300 to) 400 students.*
- 3 Why are smaller groups sometimes necessary at university? *The big classes are too big for discussions. Students can discuss things/ask questions in the smaller groups.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Who does **they** refer to in *talking about work they have done*?
a lecturers b classes **c** students d subjects
- 5 What does the writer suggest students should be prepared to do when they go to university?
a Be organised. b Read many books. c Find a job. d Discuss ideas.

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Ed Hannigan has a job which few people would want. Every week, he falls off horses, he crashes cars and jumps from tall buildings. He has broken nearly every bone in his body and has been in hospital ten times. Ed works on films and television programmes, doing the dangerous things that make **them** exciting. His main work is to replace famous actors who do not want to do dangerous things themselves. To do this kind of work, you need to be very fit. Ed has to be the same height and weight as the actors he is replacing, and his hair and clothes also have to look exactly the same. Ed enjoys his work and does not worry about the danger. "Most things I do are quite safe," he says.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What kind of work does Ed do? *He does dangerous things instead of famous actors.*
- 2 Why do famous actors not want to do dangerous things?
They don't want to injure/hurt themselves.
- 3 Why does Ed have to look like the actors he is replacing?
The people watching must think he is the actor he is replacing.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 What does **them** refer to in *the dangerous things that make them exciting*?
a the actors Ed replaces **b** films and television programmes
c the dangerous things d the jobs Ed does

5 Which of these words describes the work Ed does?

- a popular b healthy **c dangerous** d boring

7 The Reader (The Prisoner of Zenda)

a Answer the following questions:

1 What did Johann tell Rassendyll about the real King's condition?

He told him the King was ill and weak.

2 Why does Rassendyll say he was forced to stab Max Holf to death?

It was war and he had to protect himself and the King.

3 What did the Chief of Police in Streisau tell Rassendyll (the King) about what they had learned about the real Rassendyll?

They had found his bags at the train station and they thought he was travelling with Madame de Mauban.

4 Why was Michael keeping Madame de Mauban as a prisoner in his castle?

Because he knew she had warned Rassendyll at the summer house.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"He's not a good man. He makes me angry. I nearly killed him myself last night. Think carefully about my plan."

1 Who said this? *Rupert Hentzau.*

2 To whom was it said? *To Rassendyll.*

3 What is the speaker's plan? *He will help Rassendyll attack the castle. But Sapt, Fritz, the King and the Duke must die. Rassendyll will remain King and Rupert will get a reward.*

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

1 Max Holf is Johann's uncle.

Max Holf is Johann's brother.

2 Mr Featherly from Paris believed Rudolf Rassendyll was travelling with Flavia.

Mr Featherly from Paris believed Rudolf Rassendyll was travelling with Antoinette (de Mauban).

D Writing

8 Write a letter to a friend telling him or her what you hope to do next year.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Thirty years ago, most university students believed that when they graduated, their education had finished. They expected to get a job and work for one employer. They would work in one place until they retired.

منذ ثلاثين عامًا (مضت)، كان طلاب الجامعات يعتقدون أنه ما إن يتخرجون/ يكملون دراستهم الجامعية، فإن تعليمهم قد انتهى/ تم، و(كانوا يعتقدون) أنهم سيحصلون على وظيفة واحدة فقط، وأنهم سيعملون لدى الشخص نفسه/ الجهة نفسها. كانوا يعملون/ يشتغلون في مكان واحد حتى بلوغ سن المعاش.

b Translate into English:

1 هل فكرت في الالتحاق بجامعة في الخارج بعد التخرج؟

Have you thought about applying to a university abroad after you graduate?

2 كثرة المال لا توفر بالضرورة حلولاً لمشاكل.

Being wealthy/rich does not always solve problems. / Having a lot of money does not necessarily solve problems.